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**WINCLR: A Computer Code for Heat Transfer
and
Clearance Calculation in a Compressor
- A Manual**

T.K. Bose and S.N.B. Murthy

*Purdue University
West Lafayette, Indiana*

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CLEARANCE CALCULATION IN A
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

One of the concerns during flight operations in inclement weather involving rain and hail ingestion is the possibility of an appreciable change in compressor casing clearance. The compressor clearance is a design parameter selected on the basis of minimizing performance loss and the possibility of casing rubbing by the blades under various, normal operating conditions. In some engines an active control is incorporated to reduce the clearance change to a minimum. During rain and hail ingestion, there is heat transfer between the working fluid and the three parts of a compressor, namely the casing, the blades, and the rotor. Such heat transfer causes changes in the physical dimensions of the three parts and thus there can be either a positive or a negative change (an increase or a decrease) in clearance. In the current report, a computer code, WINCLR, is described, that has been established for determining the possible change in casing clearance under given conditions of compressor operation and water ingestion.

The details of the physical basis for setting up the WINCLR code are provided in a companion report entitled "WINCLR: A Computer Code for Heat Transfer and Clearance Calculation in a Compressor: A Detailed Description". The current report presents only a description of the code along with an illustrative case on application.

The determination of heat transfer between the working fluid and the metal parts of a compressor at any location in the compressor requires a knowledge of the state of the working fluid in the compressor at that location. However, the state of the working fluid depends on the initial conditions, the performance of the compressor up to that location, and also, significantly, the heat transfer between the working fluid and the metal parts. Thus there is a nonlinear interaction between the performance of the compressor and the heat transfer process. The PURDU-WINCOF I code has been suitably modified for taking into account heat exchange with the metal parts.

The WINCLR code and the modified WINCOF I code are set up to operate interactively. First the WINCOF I code is utilized to obtain the performance of the compressor neglecting the heat transfer to the metal parts. Next, the heat transfer to the metal parts is determined. The performance of the compressor is then determined accounting for the heat transfer using the

modified WINCOF-I code. Finally, the heat transfer and the performance calculations are repeated iteratively until the heat transfer is established to a desired accuracy.

The resulting casing clearance is obtained by determining the changes in the physical dimensions of the casing, the blades, and the rotor, and by summing the changes suitably.

An illustrative case is presented for the case of a generic high pressure ratio compressor operating under certain conditions of ingestion. it is of interest to note that the heat transfer calculations do not require more than one iteration, and that the clearance in the front stages of the multistage compressor is increased causing substantial changes in performance, while the clearance in the back stages is decreased leading to a possible contact and rubbing between the blades and the casing.

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1. INTRODUCTION

Compressor casing clearance is an important parameter in the operation of a flight engine. When the clearance becomes small there is the possibility of a contact between blades and the casing wall and, hence, rubbing. In rare cases the rubbing may be intense enough to cause melting, local welding and tear, causing severe damage to the blades involved, or burning, for example with titanium in the blades. When the clearance becomes large, there is a substantial increase in the losses in the performance of the compressor. An optimum value of clearance has largely remained a concept, especially in view of the variety of conditions in which an engine may be required to operate. However, a controlled clearance has become practical in recent times. Such developments require a knowledge of the manner in which the casing clearance in an engine of given materials of construction varies with given ambient atmospheric and operating conditions. The variation may be determined with respect to, for example, the value of the clearance under cold conditions as manufactured or under an operating condition such as the cruise condition. One method of undertaking the determination of casing clearance is through measurements under different conditions. Although attempts are underway to measure blade clearance even for individual blades in a multistage machine, it is obviously impractical to set up all possible environmental conditions. Therefore, there are extensive efforts to develop analytical-computational methods by means of which reasonable estimates can be made of the casing clearance under various conditions. The interest in the current report is in the development of such a computational method for an operating condition involving water ingestion into the engine the compressor of which is under consideration.

Water ingestion into an engine, such as during flight in a rain storm, causes the inlet and the compressor system to operate with an air-water mixture, some of the water being in liquid form. The air-water mixture passes through the annulus of the compressor and therefore causes heat exchange with the blades. In addition, the air-water mixture may enter the cooling passages of the rotor and thus the rotor temperature distribution could become different from what it would be during operation of the engine under normal circumstances when the cooling passages carry only air. Finally, during passage of the air-water mixture through the compressor annulus, water becomes centrifuged towards the casing wall and a film becomes formed at the casing wall. This gives rise to a change in the casing wall temperature.

The casing clearance is nothing but the difference in physical dimension of the casing and the rotor with the blade. Thus the clearance and its change can be determined if the dimensions of the casing, the rotor blade, and the rotor are known under different conditions. This is the method normally employed for establishing the clearance. In applying the method to an actual engine compressor, there are several complexities in the compressor and the engine, not necessarily related to the heat load and transfer of the three main parts of the compressor (the blades, the rotor and the casing), but nevertheless entering into the fluid flow dynamics and thermal balance of the system. Including such complexities is an extremely difficult task. In fact, while the basic methodology of determining the clearance is simple in principle, the detailed design of the engine is, in various respects, specific to the class of engine and, therefore, the method for a detailed estimation of clearance becomes specific at least to the class of the engine. The methodology developed and in the current report includes only the three basic components of the compressor and does not take any account of the complexities that are typical of a modern flight engine.

The main concern in determining the thermal load and the resulting physical dimension of the three main parts of a compressor during operation with an air-water mixture is that the working fluid is an air-water mixture. The two-phase nature of the fluid introduces a variety of complexities in flow and heat transfer processes. For example, in the case of the rotor it is not clear if the cooling flow passages operate with the same two-phase fluid mixture as in the annulus. The fluid dynamics of fine passages with two-phase flow is not understood in all aspects. The methodology for determining the clearance in the case of operation with air-water mixture is developed here under a series of assumptions and approximations. The methodology is suitable at best for obtaining estimates of clearance. The main outcome of the development of the methodology presented here is a framework for analyzing and calculating the clearance.

1.1. Description of the Methodology

Details of the methodology are presented in Ref. 1, along with the necessary background on various relevant aspects of compressor cooling schemes, analytical-computational methods for estimating loads, and the features of flow and heat transfer that need to be taken into account in the case of a two-phase working fluid. Here a brief outline of the methodology is presented as background to the discussion of the computational code developed for determining the clearance and its changes in different circumstances.

It may be useful to note that the performance of a compressor is affected by the heat transfer between the working fluid and the metal structure of the compressor. In order to establish the heat transfer in a stage of a compressor one needs to know the thermal state of the working fluid in the stage. However, the thermal state itself undergoes changes on account of heat transfer. In a multistage machine the changes in one location affect the performance everywhere downstream. It, therefore, becomes necessary to carry out the calculation of heat loads and thereby the clearance through an iterative procedure that includes the determination of the performance of the compressor in each iteration step.

In the methodology developed for the determination of clearance in the case of water ingestion, the procedure is the same as described above. A code has been developed for the determination of heat loads and clearance, the WINCLR code, that depends upon a knowledge of the performance of the compressor under a set of water ingestion and operating conditions.

The performance of a compressor operating with an air-water mixture can be determined utilizing the WINCOF-I code (Ref. 2). However, the WINCOF-I code, while it accounts for interphase heat and mass transfer, does not account for heat transfer between the working fluid and the metal structure of the compressor. In view of this, the WINCOF-I code has been modified to account for such heat transfer.

The WINCLR code is designed so as to work interactively with the modified WINCOF-I code. The procedure is shown schematically in Fig. 1. The application of the procedure is illustrated in the following first to a single stage unit and then to a multi-stage unit.

1.1.1. Application to a Single-Stage Unit

It may be recalled that the WINCOF-I code is written for a single-stage unit. In the case of a multi-stage unit, the WINCOF-I code is utilized adopting the so-called stage-stacking procedure. The modified WINCOF-I code, that incorporates heat transfer to the metal parts of the unit, is also written for a single-stage unit and a stage-stacking procedure for use in the case of a multi-stage unit.

The methodology for the determination of clearance changes in the case of a single-stage machine may be summarized as follows with reference to the scheme shown in Fig. 1:

(i) The modified WINCOF-I code is utilized to determine the performance of the compressor stage under given conditions of air-water mixture at entry and operation, without including heat transfer to the metal parts.

(ii) The WINCLR code is utilized to establish the heat transfer to the metal parts and the resulting value of casing clearance utilizing the stage performance values generated under (i).

(iii) The modified WINCOF-I code is exercised next to determine the performance of the stage taking into account the heat transfer to the metal parts established under (ii).

(iv) The WINCLR code is next exercised utilizing the compressor performance established under (iii).

Such an iteration procedure can be continued until the change in clearance is successive iterations is small enough to ensure convergence. In general it is also desirable to establish the trend in convergence of compressor performance.

1.1.2. Application to a Multi-Stage Unit

The procedure is in general identical to that adopted in the case of a single-stage unit. The main difference is that in each step, (i) through (iv), it is necessary to undertake the calculation over the entire multi-stage compressor, while storing performance and heat transfer calculations for each stage in each step so as to be able to recall them in the next step. The main reason for adopting this method of dealing with a multistage machine is that the rotor as well as the casing are single units, and heat transfer calculations for those parts may only be undertaken with respect to the total unit. In other words while stage-stacking is feasible, within its own limitations, for the calculation of compressor performance, heat transfer calculations for the rotor and the casing require a consideration of the total unit. Accordingly, for a multi-stage unit, the performance is calculated using the stage-stacking procedure of the WINCOF-I code and then, the corresponding heat transfer calculations undertaken for the total unit using the WINCLR code. All of the succeeding iterations are carried out in the same fashion.

1.2. Architecture of the WINCLR Code

The WINCLR code may be utilized for heat transfer calculations in the cases of operation with (i) air flow and (ii) air-water mixture flow. Case (i) is sometimes referred to as the dry case. The WINCLR code may be utilized in itself as in combination with the compressor performance code, the WINCOF-I. As stated earlier, the WINCOF-I code is available for use in both the original form, and with inclusion of heat transfer to the metal structure, the later code referred to as the modified WINCOF-I code. The WINCLR code in combination with the modified WINCOF-I code can be utilized to establish the casing clearance in a multi-stage compressor.

The modified WINCOF-I code consists of the original WINCOF-I code with various added routines for the calculation of heat transfer to the metal structure of the compressor and the resulting changes in the performance of the compressor. The input data for the two parts, namely the original WINCOF-I code and the added routines in the modified WINCOF-I code, have been organized separately. The input data for the original WINCOF-I code are provided in files, for example, listed as "case 1-inp". The input data for the modified WINCOF-I code are provided in files, for example listed as "case 2-inp". The input data may, thus, be used without entering the thermal load and casing clearance programs, when necessary. The input data may also be used along with the thermal load and casing clearance programs.

In Fig. 2 a two-stage compressor is shown schematically with a rotor, a casing, and two stages of blading with an IGV row ahead of the first stage. The figure also illustrates the representation of the unit with 19 nodes each encompassing a distinct part or zone of the compressor unit.

Among the three parts of the compressor, the rotor is the most complicated considering the manner in which its cooling is designed in practice. The complexity becomes considerably greater in the case in which the working fluid is a mixture of two phases, such as the air-water mixture. The manner of entry and flow of such a mixture in the cooling passages of the rotor present several ambiguities. In order to proceed, the rotor or disk cooling has been considered in the WINCLR code in terms of four, reasonably well-defined cases, namely: (i) The rotor disk is not internally cooled; (ii) the rotor disk is internally cooled with dry air; (iii) the rotor disk is internally cooled with air-water mixture of the same type as at entry; and (iv) the rotor disk is

cooled with a stagnant body of air-water mixture, which may become replenished in total periodically. The input data for the four cases are given as "blheat 1-inp", "blheat 2-inp", "blheat 3-inp", and "blheat 4-inp", respectively. In each case, a different type of thermal node structure is required. For example, the node-distribution given in Fig. 2 and also, Table I, applies to case (i). In case (iv), the number of nodes remains the same as in case (i) when the cooling fluid is not replenished; however, when there is a replenishment of the fluid, the temperature of the cooling fluid periodically changes and hence, an additional node is required per stage of the compressor unit. Thus a total of 21 nodes becomes necessary, as shown in Fig. 3 for the case of the two-stage compressor. In general, the number of thermal nodes needed for a compressor with N stages is $[(N \times 7) + 5]$ for all cases, except in the case (iv) where the cooling fluid may be undergoing replenishment when the number of thermal nodes required becomes $[(N \times 8) + 5]$. An integer, called "NROTICS" has been introduced in the program to identify the various cases.

1.3. Outline of the Report

Section 2 deals with a brief description of the WINCLR code. The next section, 3, provides a test case, and finally in the last section a brief discussion is presented.

Table 1. List of various elements

Type of element	Where the type is used	No. of adj. nodes (mm,mf)
1	disk	3(1,2)
2	rotating tube or shaft	4(2,2)
2	rotor rim (extern+intern. cooling)	4(2,2)
3	rotating tube or shaft	4(3,1)
4	rotating tube or shaft	3(2,1)
5	rotating tube or shaft	3(3,0)
6	vane or rotor blade (no intern.cool.)	2(1,1)
7	vane or rotor blade (with intern.cool.)	3(1,2)
8	bore node	1(1,0)
9	metal/rim/casing node(4 adj.metal nodes)	4(4,0)
10	rim node(extern.fluid,intern.metal node)	4(3,1)
11	rim node(extern.metal,intern.fluid node)	4(3,1)
12	casing(extern+intern.fluid)	4(2,2)
13	casing(extern.fluid+intern.solid)	4(3,1)
14	casing(extern.solid+intern.fluid)	4(3,1)
15	rotor disk (without intern.cooling)	2(1,1)
16	rotor disk (with intern.fluid node)	3(1,2)

2. DETAILS OF THE WINCLR CODE

The WINCLR code is written in Fortran 77. A description of the code is given in this section, while the details are given in Appendices I through VI to this report.

2.1. List of Subroutines

The list of subroutines is given in Appendix A to this report.

2.2. Detailed Description of Subroutines and External Functions

A detailed description of the subroutines and external functions is given in Appendix AI to this report.

2.3. Program Source Listing for Modified WINCOF-I Code

The program source listing for the modifications made to the original WINCOF-I code is given in Appendix AII to this report.

2.7. Input And Output Files

As mentioned in section I, the input data are organized in two groups as follows:

- A. Compressor performance data (original WINCOF-I code); and
- B. Nodal temperature and blade clearance.

In group A, the following input files are available:

- A1: case1.inp - for dry air; and
- A2: case2.inp - for air with 4 percent water in droplet form.

In group B, the available input files are as follows:

- B1: blheat1.inp - for solid rotor disk;

B2: blheat2.inp - for rotor disk internally cooled with dry air in bore channel;

B3: blheat3.inp - for rotor disk internally cooled in bore channel with air-water mixture; and

B4: blheat4.inp - for rotor disk internally cooled with intermittently renewed air-water mixture.

In addition one can have additional options from keyboard:

O1: water film/no water film outside the casing; and

O2: the state variables of the fluid (air or air-water mixture) in the compressor blade channel is affected/not affected due to heat transfer from hot metal components in the neighborhood of the blade channel fluid.

3 UTILIZATION OF WINCLR CODE

The WINCLR code consists of two parts: (i) related to the modified WINCOF-I code, and (ii) the thermal load and clearance calculation part. In order to illustrate the use of the code, a test case is provided consisting of a two-stage compressor with a row of IGV. It may be recalled that the original WINCOF-I code includes calculations of performance at the design point of the compressor under consideration and, also, the calculation scheme for the off-design performance at desired off-design conditions. When calculations of performance are desired at off-design conditions, they are done for each set of off-design conditions following calculation at the design point. This procedure is left unaltered in the modified WINCOF-I code.

In this section, the utilization of the WINCLR code is given with data preparation, and compilation, linking and running of the code. The utilization of the code may be for a compressor under consideration, or for establishing the operation of the code using the given test case.

The listing of input data files for the test case, consisting of 6 files for different options, is given in Appendix A through D to this report. The listing of output data files for the test case, consisting of 6 files for different options, is given in Appendix E to this report. Finally, the sample data for the thermal load and clearance part of the program are given in Appendix F to this report.

3.1 Test Case

The test case included to illustrate the use of the code is that of a 2-stage compressor with a row of IGV. The details of the compressor are the same as provided in Ref. 2.

It is assumed that the outside surface of the compressor casing remains dry even when considering air-water mixture flow through the compressor.

The input and output files for the test case are given below.

Input files

A1 + B1

A2 + B1

A2 + B2

Output files

case1.out+blheat1.out

case2.out+blheat2.out

case3.out+blheat3.out

3.2. Data Preparation

For both WINCOF-I data and for thermal load and blade clearance data subroutines have been provided for interactive data input. For the latter the thermal model of a nodal element consists of a centroid mass node, for which one needs the product of the mass and the specific heat. The mass node has heat paths to adjacent element nodes. In the present study one to four adjacent nodes have been used. In some cases, where, because of the geometry, there is no heat flux in a particular direction, one has to take a decision about placement of the centroid mass node. For example for flow within a cylindrical tube the dominant heat flow is in the radial direction, for which the heating surface is obtained from an arbitrarily considered axial length and azimuthal angle (unit axial length, unit radian of azimuthal angle), and the heat flux path length is half of the hollow cylinder (tube) thickness; the mass can be calculated from the volume, which, in turn, is obtained from the axial length, azimuthal angle and thickness. At the same time the external surface area of a blade or the rotor disk may be evaluated as the total external surface, but the centroid node can be placed at the center of gravity determined from the area distribution in the axial direction.

The casing is considered here as a cylinder of given thickness distribution. It is assumed to be subject to heat transfer relative to the fluids both on the inner and the outer surfaces.

In the case of blades, it is assumed that there is no internal cooling. The main concern is with the area exposed to the air-water mixture. This can be determined based on the blockage.

In the case of the rotor, cooling may often be arranged in repetitive sectors over the disk area. In other words, the cooling scheme for a rotor may be repetitive over a certain azimuthal angle. For example, there may be a single passage of fluid covering a sector of 5 blades. Care is then required in determining the centroid node in the rotor.

For the case of the 2-stage compressor considered as the example case, the relevant heat capacity, interface surface area, and heat flux specific path length have been compiled and are given in Tables 2.1 to 2.4 for case (i), that is rotor without internal cooling, and Tables 3.1 to 3.3 for cases (ii), (iii) and (iv), except in case (iv) with replenishment of coolant fluid (or, equivalently, intermittent supply of new coolant fluid); for the latter case the data are given in Tables 4.1 to 4.3.

Table 2.1
Example of a Nodal Topology Matrix
for a two-stage compressor without internal cooling of the rotor

Stage No.	Element No.	Element Type	No. of adj. nodes	Adjacent Node Nos.
IGV	1	2	4	-75,6,-72,-76
	2	12	4	-75,3,-73/-74,-72
	3	14	4	2,9,-73/-74,4
	4	6	2	3,-72
	5	6	2	6,-71
	6	11	4	1,8,5,7
	7	15	2	6,-76
	8	2	4	6,13,-72,-76
	9	12	4	3,10,-73/-74,-71
	10	14	4	9,16,-73/-74,11
1	11	6	3	10,-72
	12	6	2	13,-71
	13	11	4	8,15,12,14
	14	15	2	13,-76
	15	2	4	12,-75,-72,-76
	16	12	4	10,17,-73/-74,-71
	17	14	4	16,19,-73/-74,18
	18	6	2	17,-72
2	19	12	4	17,-75,-73/-74,-72
Post	19	12	4	17,-75,-73/-74,-72

Meaning of negative nodes:

- 71: external flow past rotor blades
- 72: external flow past stator blades.
- 73: flow outside casing.
- 74: effective heat transfer coefficient very large (for example, 10^8).
- 75: gradient = 0 (effective heat transfer coefficient = 0).
- 76: flow external to the rotor disk.

Table 2.2
Example of a Nodal Topology Matrix for a two-stage compressor
with internal cooling of the rotor by dry air or air-water mixture

Stage No.	Element No.	Element Type	No. of adj. nodes	Adjacent Node Nos.
IGV	1	2	4	-75,6,-72,-76
	2	12	4	-75,3,-73/-74,-72
	3	14	4	2,9,-73/-74,4
	4	6	2	3,-72
1	5	6	2	6,-71
	6	11	4	1,8,5,7
	7	16	3	6,-76,-77
	8	2	4	6,13,-72,-76
	9	12	4	3,10,-73/-74,-71
	10	14	4	9,16,-73/-74,11
	11	6	2	10,-72
	12	6	2	13,-71
2	13	11	4	8,15,12,14
	14	16	3	13,-76,-77
	15	2	4	12,-75,-72,-76
	16	12	4	10,17,-73/-74,-71
	17	14	4	16,19,-73/-74,18
	18	6	2	17,-72
	19	12	4	17,-75,-73/-74,-72

Meaning of negative nodes:

- 71: external flow past rotor blades
- 72: external flow past stator blades.
- 73: flow outside casing.
- 74: effective heat transfer coefficient very large (for example, 10^8).
- 75: gradient = 0 (effective heat transfer coefficient = 0).
- 76: flow external to the rotor disk.

Table 2.3
Example of a Nodal Topology Matrix for a two-stage compressor
with internal cooling of the rotor by intermittent stagnant air-water mixture.

Stage No.	Element No.	Element Type	No. of adj. nodes	Adjacent Node Nos.
IGV	1	2	4	-75,6,-72,-76
	2	12	4	-75,3,-73/-74,-72
	3	14	4	2,9,-73/-74,4
	4	6	2	3,-72
	5	6	2	6,-71
	6	11	4	1,8,5,7
	7	17	3	6,-76,-77(12)
	8	2	4	6,14,-72,-76
	9	12	4	3,10,-73/-74,-71
	10	14	4	9,17,-73/-74,11
	11	6	2	10,-72
	12	8	1	-77(7)
1	13	6	2	14,-71
	14	11	4	8,16,13,15
	15	17	2	14,-76,-77(20)
	16	2	4	14,-75,-72,-76
	17	12	4	10,18,-73/-74,-71
	18	14	4	17,21,-73/-74,19
	19	6	2	18,-72
	20	8	1	-77(15)
2	21	12	4	17,-75,-73/-74,-72
Post				

Meaning of negative nodes:

-71: external flow past rotor blades
-72: external flow past stator blades.
-73: flow outside casing.
-74: effective heat transfer coefficient very large (for example, 10^8).

-75: gradient = 0 (effective heat transfer coefficient = 0).
-76: flow external to the rotor disk.
-77: internal cooling of rotor disk.

Table 3.1
Heat capacity and interface surface area

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	M_i [kg]	$M_i c_i$ [J/K]	S_{ij} [m ²]
IGV	1	4	0.5249	241.45	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,2.786e-3,2.4663e-3
	2	4	0.1802	162.19	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.402e-3,1.226e-3
	3	4	0.2272	204.53	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.768e-3,1.546e-3
	4	2	0.0264	13.70	1.546e-3,1.035e-2
	5	2	0.0658	34.17	1.352e-3,2.119e-2
	6	4	0.2510	115.40	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,1.352e-3,1.158e-3
	7	2	0.2596	119.43	1.158e-3,3.129e-3
	8	4	0.6091	280.21	9.252e-4,1.182e-3,3.047e-3,2.632e-3
	9	4	0.6500	585.08	2.628e-3,3.461e-3,4.939e-3,4.327e-3
	10	4	0.3940	354.65	5.346e-3,5.346e-3,3.060e-3,2.686e-2
	11	2	0.0566	29.36	2.686e-3,1.1751e-2
2	12	2	0.0732	37.99	2.607e-3,2.098e-2
	13	4	0.4870	224.07	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,2.607e-3,2.266e-3
	14	2	0.5260	241.96	2.266e-3,5.118e-3
	15	4	0.7770	357.65	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,4.145e-2,3.632e-3
	16	4	0.8431	758.84	3.461e-3,3.064e-3,6.545e-3,5.739e-3
	17	4	0.3003	270.30	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,2.334e-3,2.045e-3
	18	2	0.0383	19.88	2.045e-3,1.339e-2
Post	19	4	0.2100	189.15	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,1.634e-3,1.431e-3

Table 3.2
Heat capacity and interface surface area for rotor disk
with internal cooling by air or air-water mixture flow

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	M_i [kg]	$M_i c_i$ [J/K]	S_{ij} [m ²]
IGV	1	4	0.5249	241.45	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,2.786e-3,2.4663-3
	2	4	0.1802	162.19	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.402e-3,1.226e-3
	3	4	0.2272	204.53	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.768e-3,1.546e-3
	4	2	0.0264	13.70	1.546e-3,1.035e-2
	5	2	0.0658	34.17	1.352e-3,2.119e-2
	6	4	0.2510	115.40	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,1.352e-3,1.158e-3
	7	3	1.4260	655.91	6.946e-3,1.877e-2,1.340e-3
	8	4	0.6091	280.21	9.252e-4,1.182e-3,3.047e-3,2.632e-3
	9	4	0.6500	585.08	2.628e-3,3.461e-3,4.939e-3,4.327e-3
	10	4	0.3940	354.65	5.346e-3,5.346e-3,3.060e-3,2.686e-2
	11	2	0.0566	29.36	2.686e-3,1.1751e-2
2	12	2	0.0732	37.99	2.607e-3,2.098e-2
	13	4	0.4870	224.07	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,2.607e-3,2.266e-3
	14	3	2.6030	1197.5	1.180e-3,2.661e-2,1.340e-3
	15	4	0.7770	357.65	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,4.145e-2,3.632e-3
	16	4	0.8431	758.84	3.461e-3,3.064e-3,6.545e-3,5.739e-3
	17	4	0.3003	270.30	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,2.334e-3,2.045e-3
	18	2	0.0383	19.88	2.045e-3,1.339e-2
Post	19	4	0.2100	189.15	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,1.634e-3,1.431e-3

Table 3.3
Heat capacity and interface surface area for rotor disk
with internal cooling by intermittently stagnant air-water mixture

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	M_i [kg]	$M_i c_i$ [J/K]	S_{ij} [m ²]
IGV	1	4	0.5249	241.45	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,2.786e-3,2.466e-3
	2	4	0.1802	162.19	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.402e-3,1.226e-3
	3	4	0.2272	204.53	2.628e-3,2.628e-3,1.768e-3,1.546e-3
	4	2	0.0264	13.70	1.546e-3,1.035e-2
	5	2	0.0658	34.17	1.352e-3,2.119e-2
	6	4	0.2510	115.40	9.252e-4,9.252e-4,1.352e-3,1.158e-3
	7	2	1.4260	655.9	6.946e-3,1.877e-2,1.340e-3
	8	4	0.6091	280.21	9.252e-4,1.182e-3,3.047e-3,2.632e-3
	9	4	0.6500	585.08	2.628e-3,3.461e-3,4.939e-3,4.327e-3
	10	4	0.3940	354.65	5.346e-3,5.346e-3,3.060e-3,2.686e-2
	11	2	0.0566	29.36	2.686e-3,1.1751e-2
	12	1	0.0000	00.00	1.340e-3
2	13	2	0.0732	37.99	2.607e-3,2.098e-3
	14	4	0.4870	224.07	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,2.607e-3,2.266e-3
	15	3	0.52.60	241.96	1.180e-3,2.661e-2,1.340e-3
	16	4	0.7770	357.65	1.182e-3,1.182e-3,4.145e-2,3.632e-3
	17	4	0.8431	758.84	3.461e-3,3.064e-3,6.545e-3,5.739e-3
	18	4	0.3003	270.30	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,2.334e-3,2.045e-3
	19	2	0.0383	19.88	2.045e-3,1.339e-2
	20	1	0.0000	00.00	1.340e-3
Post	21	4	0.2100	189.15	3.064e-3,3.064e-3,1.634e-3,1.431e-3

3.3. Compilation, Linking, and Running of the Code

As the code is written in FORTRAN-77, compilation and linking can be done with the help of any suitable Fortran-77 compiler, and the executable file operated. The typical sequential steps in running the code are as follows, noting that the code may be in use for examining the test case, or for establishing the casing clearance for a given compressor:

Step 1: The computer writes the following messages:

WINCOF program
updated data input and compressor clearance
Input data to be generated?

If a response is made with "Y" or "y" and <CR> is pressed, the code performs in the interactive data mode. A file name is requested where all of the data are to be stored, as well as the relevant data to be entered. Step 2 is then skipped and one can proceed to step 3. When, however, it is intended to use a data set stored earlier or the data set for the test case, it is sufficient to press <CR>, and proceed to the next step.

Step 2: The computer writes the following:

WINCOF-I Input data file:

One may then write the name of the data file generated earlier, or one of the data files such as "case1, inp", "case2, inp", or "case2b, inp", and press <CR>. The computer then writes

Output data file:

The output data file name is entered, and on pressing <CR>, the WINCOF-I part of the code is exercised.

Step 3: The computer then writes the following:

total number of sweeps:

Table 4.1
Specific length of the elements for rotor disk without internal cooling

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	l_s [m ² K / W]
IGV	1	4	4.780e-4, 7.691e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	2	4	1.246e-4, 2.817e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	3	4	2.817e-4, 5.430e-4, 2.493e-4, 3.538e-3
	4	2	3.538e-3, 5.654e-4
	5	2	5.052e-3, 6.890e-5
	6	4	7.691e-4, 8.263e-4, 5.052e-3, 2.771e-4
	7	2	5.053e-4, 1.940e-4
	8	4	8.263e-4, 9.038e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	9	4	5.430e-4, 5.726e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	10	4	5.926e-4, 6.176e-4, 2.493e-4, 4.707e-3
	11	2	4.707e-3, 7.163e-5
	12	2	4.468e-3, 7.734e-5
	13	3	9.038e-4, 9.227e-4, 4.468e-3, 2.771e-4
	14	2	5.053e-4, 2.458e-4
	15	4	9.227e-4, 5.541e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	16	4	6.176e-4, 6.489e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	17	4	6.489e-4, 3.026e-4, 2.493e-4, 4.072e-3
	18	2	4.072e-3, 6.344e-5
Post	19	4	3.026e-4, 1.246e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4

Table 4.2
Specific length of the elements for rotor disk
with internal cooling by air or air-water mixture

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	l_s [m ² K / W]
IGV	1	4	4.780e-4, 7.691e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	2	4	1.246e-4, 2.817e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	3	4	2.817e-4, 5.430e-4, 2.493e-4, 3.538e-3
	4	2	3.538e-3, 5.654e-4
	5	2	5.052e-3, 6.890e-5
	6	4	7.691e-4, 8.263e-4, 5.052e-3, 2.771e-4
	7	3	5.053e-4, 1.940e-4, 6.541e-5
	8	4	8.263e-4, 9.038e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	9	4	5.430e-4, 5.726e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	10	4	5.926e-4, 6.176e-4, 2.493e-4, 4.707e-3
	11	2	4.707e-3, 7.163e-5
1	12	2	4.468e-3, 7.734e-5
	13	4	9.038e-4, 9.227e-4, 4.468e-3, 2.771e-4
	14	3	5.053e-4, 2.458e-4, 7.555e-5
	15	4	9.227e-4, 5.541e-4, 2.771e-4, 2.771e-4
	16	4	6.176e-4, 6.489e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4
	17	4	6.489e-4, 3.026e-4, 2.493e-4, 4.072e-3
	18	2	4.072e-3, 6.344e-5
Post	19	4	3.026e-4, 1.246e-4, 2.493e-4, 2.493e-4

Table 4.3
Specific length of the elements for rotor disk
with internal cooling by intermittently stagnant air-water mixture

Stage No.	Elem. No.	No. of adj. nodes	l_s [m ² K / W]
IGV	1	4	4.780e-4,7.691e-4,2.771e-4,2.771e-4
	2		1.246e-4,2.817e-4,2.493e-4,2.493e-4
	3		2.817e-4,5.430e-4,2.493e-4,3.538e-3
	4		3.538e-3,5.654e-4
1	5	4	5.052e-3,6.890e-5
	6		7.691e-4,8.263e-4,5.052e-3,2.771e-4
	7		5.053e-4,1.940e-4,6.541e-5
	8		8.263e-4,9.038e-4,2.771e-4,2.771e-4
	9		5.430e-4,5.726e-4,2.493e-4,2.493e-4
	10		5.926e-4,6.176e-4,2.493e-4,4.707e-3
	11		4.707e-3,7.163e-5
	12		6.541e-5
	13		4.468e-3,7.734e-5
	14		9.038e-4,9.227e-4,4.468e-3,2.771e-4
2	15	4	5.053e-4,2.458e-4,7.555e-5
	16		9.227e-4,5.541e-4,2.771e-4,2.771e-4
	17		6.176e-4,6.489e-4,2.493e-4,2.493e-4
	18		6.489e-4,3.026e-4,2.493e-4,4.072e-3
	19		4.072e-3,6.344e-5
	20		7.555e-5
	21		3.026e-4,1.246e-4,2.493e-4,2.493e-4
Post	21	4	3.026e-4,1.246e-4,2.493e-4,2.493e-4

The number of sweeps desired is entered, noting that the minimum is one sweep. On pressing <CR>, the computer writes the following:

thermal node distribution?

When it is intended to bypass it, one needs to press <CR>, and then, the WINCOF-I part of the code alone is exercised, and calculations proceed till the execution is completed. When it is desired to exercise the thermal load and clearance part of the code, one may write "Y" or "y", and press <CR> to proceed to the next step.

Step 4: The computer then writes the following:

metal temp.calculations done after every no. of sweeps=

The desired number of sweeps is entered and <CR> pressed.

A sweep here is the same as the sweep in the original WINCOF-I code, namely the calculation of aerodynamic performance of the compressor over the entire compressor, for example from entry to the compressor to the exit of the last stage of a multi-stage compressor.

When it is desired to account for heat transfer to the metal structure of the compressor, the code performs as follows for a chosen number of sweeps:

(i) The performance of the compressor is determined in the first sweep. The performance of each stage of the compressor is stored.

(ii) Heat transfer to the metal structure is determined, over a chosen period of time such as, for example, 0.15 to 0.25, with reference to the temperature of the working fluid as determined in (i) and a value of temperature for the metal structure. Regarding the latter, the metal temperature may be assumed, in the first instance, as the given ambient conditions.

(iii) Entering an inner loop in a sweep, the metal temperature is updated in a series of iterations, each time assuming the working fluid parameters to remain unaltered at the values stored for each stage and accounting for the modified heat transfer. At the end of a certain

number of iterations, such as 30 to 50 over a period of time equal to $[(0.1 \text{ to } 0.2) \text{ s} \times (30 \text{ to } 50)]$, it can be expected that an equilibrium is reached between the working fluid and the metal structure, and the temperature of the metal does not undergo appreciable changes.

(iv) Then, the performance of the compressor is determined accounting in each stage of the compressor for heat transfer to the metal. The updated data on performance is stored for each stage.

(v) The calculations in step (iii) are repeated, and using the heat transfer data so determined, the performance calculation of (iv) is repeated. The changes in the performance of the compressor may generally be small in such an iteration, and thus it may not be necessary to repeat the calculations over more than 2 to 5 sets of sweeps.

The computer writes, at the end of this calculation, as follows:

This subroutine helps for use in nodal temperature and clearance package

1. to generate data, and
2. to retrieve data for calculation.

- choice:

Writing 1 and pressing <CR> leads to step 5, and writing 2 and pressing <CR> to step 6.

Step 5: The computer now writes as follows:

generated data to be stored in file:

Giving the file name and pressing <CR> leads the code to ask for data in the interactive mode, and then one can proceed to step 7.

Step 6: The computer writes as follows:

data retrieved from file:

The name of the data file for temperature distribution and blade clearance may be given, or one may write the name of one of the data files such as "blheat1.inp" supplied.

Step 7: The computer writes as follows:

Type in the following data:

casing air density(kg/m**3);

casing air temp.(K);

airspeed outside casing(m/s);

stagn.temp. of air outside casing(K);

airflow temp.inside rotor(K);

airflow density inside rotor(K);

airflow speed inside rotor(m/s);

delta_temp.(K) needed to compute Grashof number in rotor disk(20); and

water film surface temp.relax.factor(0. to 1.)

The desired data is typed in and <CR> pressed.

The computer then asks as follows:

water film outside casing?

If <CR> is pressed, the code proceeds further till execution is completed. If "Y" or "y" and <CR> are pressed, the temperature of the film outside the casing is requested. When the temperature is given and <CR> pressed, the code proceeds to completion of execution.

4. DISCUSSION

The WINCLR includes two major parts: (i) the modified WINCOF-I code for obtaining the performance of a multi-stage compressor, taking into account heat transfer to the metal structure, and (ii) the thermal load and clearance part.

The WINCLR code can be utilized to determine the performance and the blade clearance in two major options: (i) adiabatic, with no heat exchange between the working fluid and the metal structure of a compressor, and (ii) non-adiabatic, allowing for such heat exchange.

In option (ii), there are several internal options depending upon the manner in which the casing wall and the rotor are required to be taken into account. For the casing wall, the outer surface may be assumed to be covered with air or air-water mixture when the compressor is ingesting an air-water mixture. For the rotor, the rotor build-up and cooling scheme provide various options.

Accounting for heat transfer, as in the non-adiabatic case, it is important to recognize that changes occur both in compressor performance and in clearance. It is shown in Refs. 1 and 3 that, in the case of a multi-stage compressor with a large number of stages, changes in performance are the most dominant in the initial stages, and changes in clearance occur, generally tending to cause rubbing in the later stages.

REFERENCES

1. Bose, T.K., and Murthy, S.N.B., WINCLR: A Computer Code for Heat Transfer and Clearance Calculation in a Compressor: A Detailed Description, Report to be published by NASA Lewis Research Center, 1994.
2. Murthy, S.N.B., and Mullican, A., The WINCOF-I Code: Detailed Description, NASA Contractor Report NASA CR 190779, April 1993.
3. Bose, T.K., and Murthy, S.N.B., Blade Clearance Estimation in a Generic Compressor with Air-Water Mixture Operation, AIAA Paper No. 94-2693, June, 1994.

WINCOF-I

Thermal Node and Blade Clearance

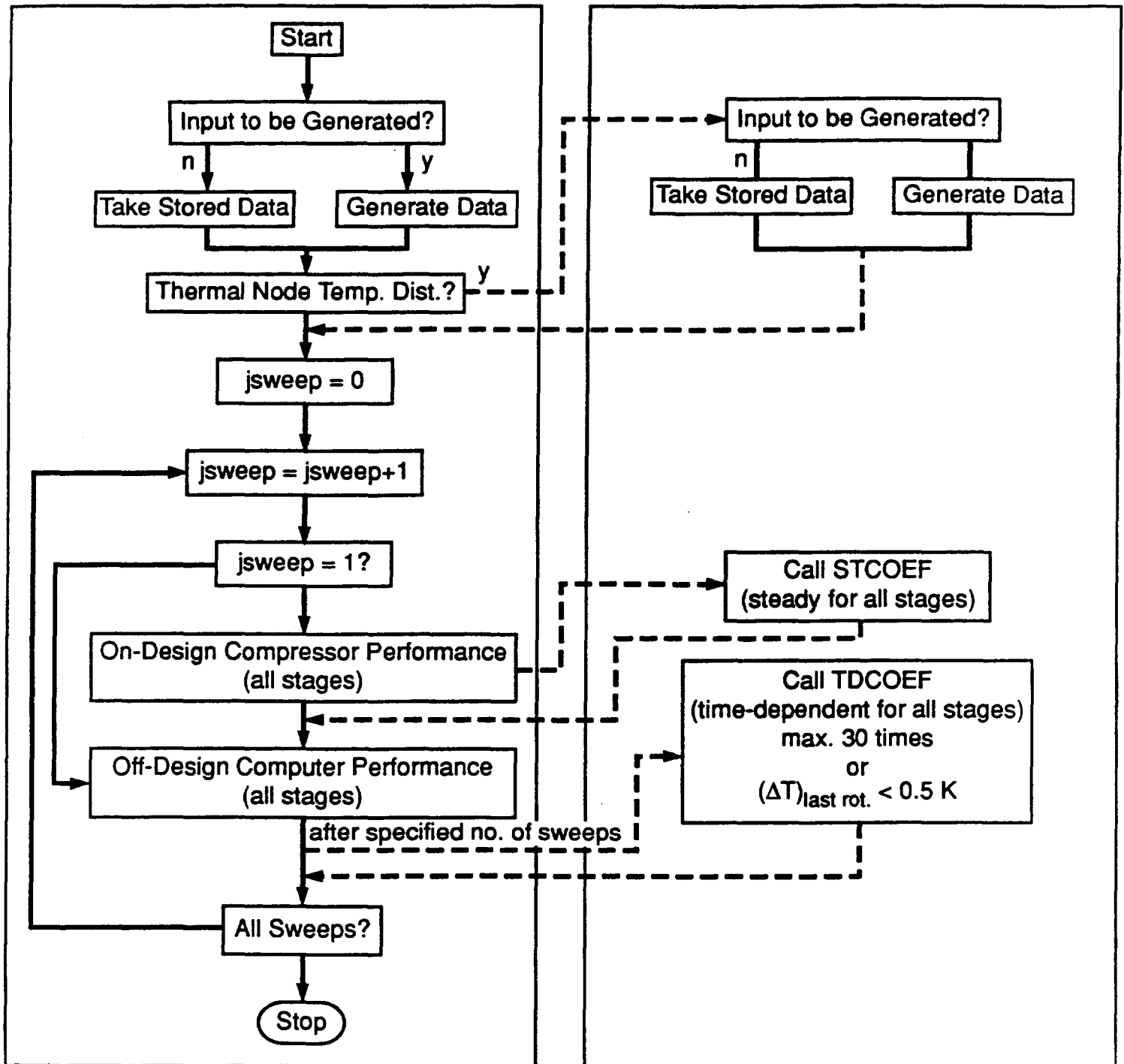


Figure 1. Structure of WINCLR Code.

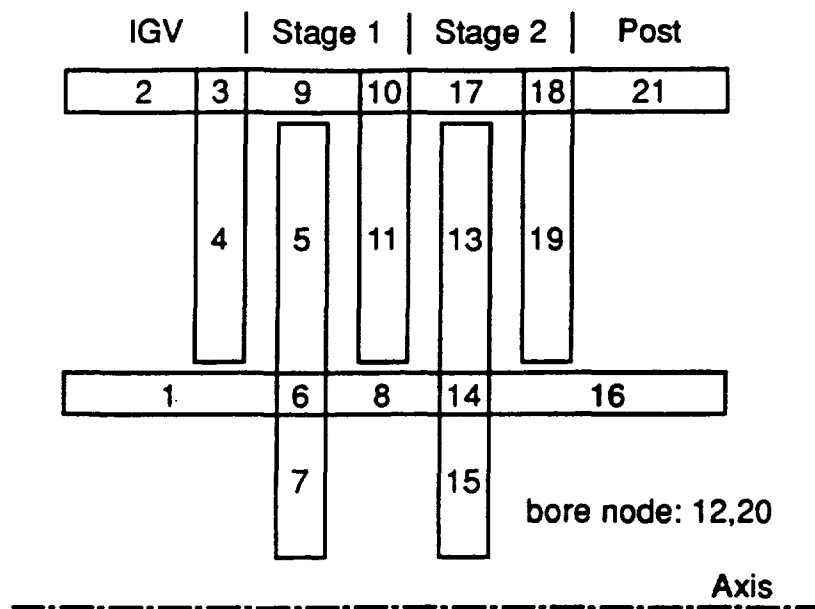


Figure 2. Schematic sketch of a two-stage compressor with rotor disk internal node.

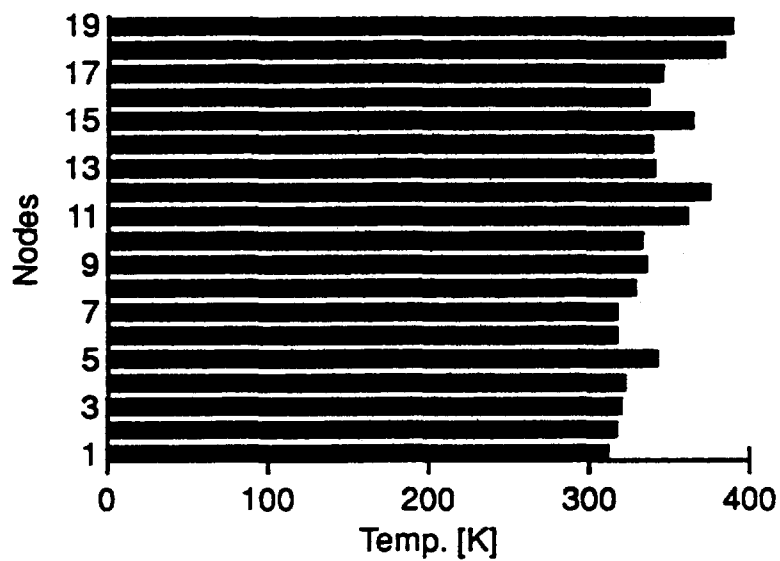


Figure 3. Temperature distribution of various nodes.

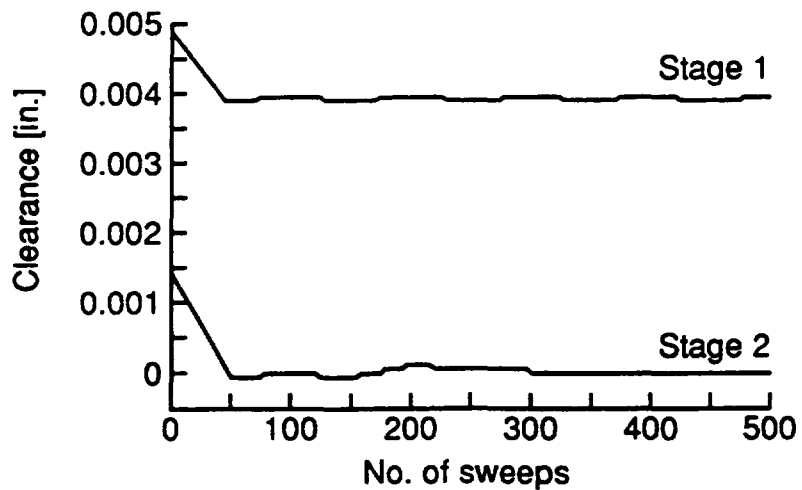


Figure 4. Change in rotor blade clearance due to water ingestion.

Appendix A: List of Subroutines

This list contains the following: names of subroutines and functions of original WINCOF-I; two subroutines to help data-input in interactive mode (designated with superscript \$) for the original WINCOF-I; functions and subroutines for the nodal temperature and rotor blade clearance calculations (designated with superscript #); and a description of what each of these functions and subroutines do.

wicinp\$: data input for WINCOF-I in non-interactive mode
wicspb: stage performance (off-design) for small droplet
wicspbs: part of original wicspb, but only for stator calculations
prince: printing part of original wicspb
wicspc: stage performance (off-design) for large droplet
wicmac: part of original wicspc to compute for stator
wicasd: acoustic speed in two-phase flow
wiced: calculation of equivalent diffusion
wicmtk: calculation of dimensionless momentum thickness
wiclos: total pressure loss coefficient
wicirs: small droplet impingement and rebound in rotor blades
wicirl: large droplet impingement and rebound in rotor blades
wiciss: small droplet impingement and rebound in stator blades
wicisl: large droplet impingement and rebound in stator blades
wicwak: water ingestion into wake of blades
wichet: heat transfer between gaseous phase and droplets
wicmas: mass transfer between gaseous phase and droplets
wicmtr: calculation of mass transfer rate
wicpwb: calculation of vapor pressure
wicnew: to seek new trial value in an iterative procedure
wicbpt: calculation of boiling point
wicsh: calculation of specific humidity
wictan: tangent function
wiccen: spanwise replacement of droplets due to centrifugal action
wicrgv: quantity of vapor centrifuged
wicdmv: compute area that vapor occupies (used by "wicdml" called by "wicrgv")
wicdms: (not called by any routine at present)
wicdml: quantity of large droplets centrifuged (called by "wicrgn")
wicflm: (not called by any routine at present)
wicrgn: water distribution routine
wicdrg: drag force on droplet
wicsiz: calculation of droplet size (by considering "Stability number")
wicprp: flow properties for gaseous phase
wiccpa: specific heat of air at constant pressure
wiccpv: specific heat of vapor at constant pressure
wiccpm: specific heat of methane at constant pressure
wicgsl: single phase (gas) flow loss
wicmdl: loss due to small droplets to change boundary layer momentum thickness
wicstl: loss due to Stokesian drag in free-stream
wicfml: loss due to film formed on blade surface when large droplets are present
wicrsl: loss due to surface roughness modelling of large droplets
wicspd: design point performance

pdatv: plotting routine (not being used at present)
wicbet: applies normal stator setting to IGV
wicvap: to get correct droplet temperature at very high evaporation rate
msec: help routine to compute gemax by secant method
fpm: auxilliary function for msec
fppm: (not called by any routine)
wicrng: creates a range of flow coefficients
getnm: gets upto 19 strings of 4 characters till "do"
plotit: does scaling, etc. for the plotter (not being used at present)
phimx: maximum value of flow coefficient, depending on rpm fraction
datinp\$: data input for WINCOF-I in interactive mode
htdgen#: data creation/input interactively for node temperature and blade clearance
htexin#: data input non-interactively for node temperature and blade clearance
therex#: blade clearance thermal expansion function
spear#: to extract/add/remove/replace in a sparse matrix
spcrp#: sparse matrix counting and row parameters
spmsol#: general sparse matrix solution
stcoef#: steady state influence coefficients calculation
tdcoef#: time-dependent case to calculate influence coefficients
mixprp#: properties of air+vapor+water (homogeneous mix.)

APPENDIX B: Detailed Description of Subroutines and External Functions

In the following a description is provided of the subroutines and external function generated in connection with the nodal temperature distribution and blade clearance. Each of the subroutines and external functions is presented as follows: (1) Description, (2) Input variables, (3) Output variables, and (4) Usage.

SUBROUTINE DATINP:

(1) Description: The subroutine allows data generation and output it to a file to store away in interactive manner, or if the data has already been generated in another occasion, then to recover it.

(2) and (3) Input and Output variables:

ns number of stages (total)
nsf number of stages (fan)
nslpc number of stage (low pressure compressor)
nshpc number of stage (high pressure compressor)
rrhub(i) rotor inlet radius at hub for i-th stage in inch
rc(i) rotor chord for i-th stage in inch
rblade(i) number of rotor blade for i-th stage
stager(i) rotor stager angle for i-th stage in degree
srhub(i) stator inlet radius at hub for i-th stage in inch
sc(i) stator chord for i-th stage in inch
sblade(i) number of stator blade for i-th stage
stages(i) stator stager angle for i-th stage in degree (i=ns+1 for igv)
sigumr(i) solidity of rotor for i-th stage
sigums(i) solidity of stator for i-th stage
bet2ss(i) stator outlet absolute flow angle at design point for i-th stage in degree
fnf fraction of design corrected rotor speed for a particular speed
xdin initial water content (mass fraction) of small droplet
xddin initial water content (mass fraction) of large droplet
icent index for centrifugal calculation (icent=1 when xdin=0 otherwise icent=2)
iicent same as icent
 icent=3,iicent=3: no heat and mass transfer
 icent=4,iicent=4: no centrifugal action
 icent=5,iicent=5: no heat and mass transfer;and no centrifugal action
 icent=6,iicent=6: no mass transfer
 icent=7,iicent=7: no mass transfer;and no centrifugal action
icentv index for centrifugal action of vapor
 icentv=0: vapor is centrifuged
 icentv=1: vapor is not centrifuged
t0g total temperature at compressor inlet in rankin
t0w water droplet temperature at compressor inlet in rankin
p0 total pressure at compressor inlet in lb/ft**2
din initial water droplet diameter in micron(small droplet)
ddin initial water droplet diameter in micron(large droplet)
fnd rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm

(fan and low pressure compressor)
fndlpc rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm
 (low pressure compressor)
fndhpc rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm
 (high pressure compressor)
t01d design value for compressor inlet total temperature
p01d design value for compressor inlet total pressure
xch4 initial methane content
rhumid initial relative humidity
fmwa molecular weight of air (28.964)
fmwv molecular weight of water vapor (18.016)
fmwc molecular weight of methane (16.043)
preb percent of water that rebound after impingement
dlimit max. diameter for small droplet
gapr(i) gap between i th stage rotor and i-1 th stage stator
gaps(i) gap between i th stage stator and i-1 th stage rotor
rrtip(i) rotor inlet tip radius for i-th stage
srtp(i) stator inlet tip radius for i-th stage
irad index for radius at which calculation is carried out
 irad=1: tip
 irad=2: mean
 irad=3: hub
 irad=4: mean for fan and tip for lpc,hpc
rt(i) rotor inlet radius at which tip performance calculation
 is carried out.
rm(i) rotor inlet radius at which mean line performance
 calculation is carried out.
rh(i) rotor inlet radius at which hub performance calculation
 is carried out.
st(i) stator inlet radius at which tip performance calculation
 is carried out
sm(i) stator inlet radius at which mean line performance calcu-
 lation is carried out
sh(i) stator inlet radius at which hub performance calculation is
 carried out
block(i) blockage factor for i-th stage rotor
blocks(i) blockage factor for i-th stage stator
idesin index for output
 idesin=1:both stage and overall performance may be printed out
 idesin=2:only overall performance may be printed out
jcent index for centrifugal calculation of large droplet
 jcent=0:large droplets in rotor free stream are not
 centrifuged
 jcent=1:large droplets in rotor free-stream are centrifuged
bet1mr(i) blade metal angle at rotor inlet for i-th stage
bet2mr(i) blade metal angle at rotor outlet for i-th stage
bet1ms(i) blade metal angle at stator inlet for i-th stage
bet2ms(i) blade metal angle at stator outlet for i-th stage
dsmass design mass flow rate for fan part (streamtube)
bypass bypass ratio
pr12d(i) design total pressure ratio for i-th stage rotor

pr13d(i) design total pressure ratio for i-th stage
 etard(i) design adiabatic efficiency for i-th stage rotor
 sarea(i) flow area at i-th stage rotor inlet (streamtube)
 sareas(i) flow area at i-th stage stator inlet (streamtube)

(4) Usage: CALL DATINP

SUBROUTINE HTDGEN

(1) Description : it is the counterpart of the subroutine DATINP for the nodal temperature distribution and blade clearance part.

(2) and (3) Input and Output Variables:

arnod surface area of a nodal element
 casrad radius of the casing
 dwat water film thickness inside rotor bore [m]
 excfcs coeff. of expansion for casing
 excfr thermal expansion coefficient for casing
 htcap heat capacity of nodal element
 ifan number of fan stages
 imax number of stages
 jmax maximum number of elements per stage
 kmax maximum number of adjacent nodes per stage
 ndmax array of number of nodes in each stage
 ndtop nodal type and topology matrix
 nexcas casing thermal expansion node number
 nexnod thermal expansion node numbers in each stage
 nexpr no.of nodes considered for thermal expansion in each stage
 nrotcs index for rotor disk cooling
 ntex no.of thermal expansion nodes in rotor stage
 permax cooling channel pressure increase in percent of maximum
 radex radial length to be considered for thermal expansion
 splen heat flow path length divided by heat cond.coefficient
 tpawm rotor disk bore fluid pressure [bar]
 trchi rotor disk bore inside radius [in]
 trcho rotor disk bore outside radius [in]
 ttawm temperature of cooling fluid of rotor disk [K]
 tvol rotor disk bore cooling fluid volume per sector [m3]
 txw0 rotor disk bore cooling fluid water content
 xlcso axial length of elements on casing
 xlro axial length of nodal elements on rotor rim

(4)Usage: CALL HTDGEN

SUBROUTINE HTEXIN

(1) Description: Same as subroutine HTDGEN, except that it is for input of variables only.

(2) and (3):Input and Output variables: Same as in subroutine HTDGEN

(4)Usage: CALL HTEXIN

SUBROUTINE MIXPRP:

(1) Description: mixture properties of air+water+vapor (homogeneous fluid model)

(2) Input variables: $t_{kin}(oK)$ =temp.in degrees Kelvin, $pbar$ = pressure in bar, xv = kg_vapor/kg_air , xw = kg_water/kg_air
 (3) Output variables: $cpm(J/kg-K)$ =spec.heat, $\rho_{hom}(kg/m^3)$ =density; $x_{mum}(kg/m-s)$ =dyn.viscosity, $x_{km}(W/m-K)$ =heat conductivity.
 (4) Usage: CALL MIXPRP ($t_{kin}, pbar, xv, xw, cpm, \rho_{hom}, x_{mum}, x_{km}, x_{kw}$)

SUBROUTINE SPCRP

(1) Description: Subroutine to find pointers for minimum, maximum and diagonal elements in a row.

(2) Input variables:

i index for row
 n order of matrix
 $lmax$ maximum value of the location pointer
 n order of matrix
 $nemax$ maximum locations in $inl(nemax)$

(3) Output variables:

$l1$ minimum pointer value (Ccolumn no.) in a row
 $l2$ maximum pointer value (column no.) in a row
 ld pointer value on the diagonal element in a row
 ni no.of data in a row

(4) Usage:

CALL SPCRP($i, n, lmax, nemax, inl, l1, l2, ld, ni$)

subroutine spmsol($n, lmax, nemax, inl, vl, rv, c$)

c subroutine for general sparse matrix solution
 c n =order of matrix, $lmax$ =max.value of pointer, $nemax$ =size
 c of two vectors $inl(nemax)$ and $vl(nemax)$, $rv(n)$ =right
 c hand side vector, c =working place

SUBROUTINE SPMSOL:

(1) Description: Solver for sparse matrix solution

(2) Input variables:

inl vector of locations of coefficient array
 $lmax$ maximum value of locations of coefficient matrix
 n order of the coefficient matrix
 $nemax$ maximum locations in $inl(nemax), vl(nemax)$
 rv right hand side vector
 vl coefficient matrix (destroyed in subroutine)

(3) Output variables:

rv solved vector

(4) Usage:

CALL SPMSOL($n, lmax, nemax, inl, vl, rv, c$)

SUBROUTINE SPEAR:

(1) Description: Subroutine to extract/add/remove/replace in a sparse matrix

(2) Input variables:

$nemax$ max.length of $inl(nemax), vl(nemax)$ arrays
 i row index for matrix
 $iflag$ computation option flag (1-4) for extract/add/remove/replace
 inl array of index of values
 j column index for the matrix

lcur current pointer position
lmax maximum pointer position
n order of the matrix
vl array of values
x external value for manipulation in subroutine

(3) Output variables:

ier error code
lcur current pointer position
lmax maximum pointer position
vl array of values
x external value for manipulation in subroutine

(4) Usage:

CALL SPEAR(nemax,i,j,n,lcur,lmax,inl,x,vl,iflag,ier)

SUBROUTINE STCOEF:

(1) Description: Computing coefficients for steady solution of heat conduction.

(2) and (3) Input and Output variables:

They are the same as in HTDGEN through COMMON statement. On exit from the subroutine the results are in rrv().

(4) Usage: CALL STCOEF

SUBROUTINE TDCOEF:

(1) Description: Computing coefficients for unsteady solution of heat conduction.

(2) and (3) Input and Output variables:

They are the same as in HTDGEN through COMMON statement. At the time of entry to the subroutine the old temperature values are in rrv() and on exit from the subroutine the results are in rrv().

(4) Usage: CALL TDCOEF

FUNCTION THEREX:

(1) Description: function to calculate rotor-casing clearance in a stage.

(2) Input variable:

istage index for a stage

(3) Output variable:

therex output result

(4) Usage: THEREX(istage)

SUBROUTINE WICINP

(1) Description: Same as subroutine DATINP, except that it is for input of variables only.

(2) and (3): Input and Output variables: Same as in subroutine DATINP

(4) Usage: CALL WICINP

APPENDIX C: Program Source Listing

The following source listing presents only the additions made to the WINCOF-I code to obtain the modified WINCOF-I code.

```
subroutine wicinp
c input data
c ns      number of stages (total)
c nsf      number of stages (fan)
c nslpc    number of stage (low pressure compressor)
c nshpc    number of stage (high pressure compressor)
c rrhub(i) rotor inlet radius at hub for i-th stage in inch
c rc(i)    rotor chord for i-th stage in inch
c rblade(i) number of rotor blade for i-th stage
c stager(i) rotor stager angle for i-th stage in degree
c srhub(i) stator inlet radius at hub for i-th stage in inch
c sc(i)    stator chord for i-th stage in inch
c sblade(i) number of stator blade for i-th stage
c stages(i) stator stager angle for i-th stage in degree (i=ns+1 for igv)
c sigumr(i) solidity of rotor for i-th stage
c sigums(i) solidity of stator for i-th stage
c bet2ss(i) stator outlet absolute flow angle at design point for i-th
c           stage in degree
c fnf      fraction of design corrected rotor speed for a particular
c           speed
c xdin     initial water content (mass fraction) of small droplet
c xddin    initial water content (mass fraction) of large droplet
c icent    index for centrifugal calculation (icent=1 when xdin=0
c           otherwise icent=2)
c iicent   same as icent
c          icent=3,iicent=3: no heat and mass transfer
c          icent=4,iicent=4: no centrifugal action
c          icent=5,iicent=5: no heat and mass transfer;and
c                   no centrifugal action
c          icent=6,iicent=6: no mass transfer
c          icent=7,iicent=7: no mass transfer;and
c                   no centrifugal action
c icentv   index for centrifugal action of vapor
c          icentv=0: vapor is centrifuged
c          icentv=1: vapor is not centrifuged
c t0g      total temperature at compressor inlet in rankin
c t0w      water droplet temperature at compressor inlet in rankin
c p0       total pressure at compressor inlet in lb/ft**2
c din      initial water droplet diameter in micron(small droplet)
c ddin     initial water droplet diameter in micron(large droplet)
c fnd      rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm
c           (fan and low pressure compressor )
c fndlpc   rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm
c           ( low pressure compressor )
c fndhpc   rotor rotational speed at design speed in rpm
```

c (high pressure compressor)
 c t01d design value for compressor inlet total temperature
 c p01d design value for compressor inlet total pressure
 c xch4 initial methane content
 c rhumid initial relative humidity
 c fmwa molecular weight of air (28.964)
 c fmwv molecular weight of water vapor (18.016)
 c fmwc molecular weight of methane (16.043)
 c preb percent of water that rebound after impingement
 c dlimit max. diameter for small droplet
 c gapr(i) gap between i th stage rotor and i-1 th stage stator
 c gaps(i) gap between i th stage stator and i-1 th stage rotor
 c rrtip(i) rotor inlet tip radius for i-th stage
 c srtp(i) stator inlet tip radius for i-th stage
 c irad index for radius at which calculation is carried out
 c irad=1: tip
 c irad=2: mean
 c irad=3: hub
 c irad=4: mean for fan and tip for lpc,hpc
 c rt(i) rotor inlet radius at which tip performance calculation
 c is carried out.
 c rm(i) rotor inlet radius at which mean line performance
 c calculation is carried out.
 c rh(i) rotor inlet radius at which hub performance calculation
 c is carried out.
 c st(i) stator inlet radius at which tip performance calculation
 c is carried out
 c sm(i) stator inlet radius at which mean line performance calcu-
 c lation is carried out
 c sh(i) stator inlet radius at which hub performance calculation is
 c carried out
 c block(i) blockage factor for i-th stage rotor
 c blocks(i) blockage factor for i-th stage stator
 c idesin index for output
 c idesin=1:both stage and overall performance may be printed out
 c idesin=2:only overall performance may be printed out
 c jcent index for centrifugal calculation of large droplet
 c jcent=0:large droplets in rotor free stream are not
 c centrifuged
 c jcent=1:large droplets in rotor free-stream are centrifuged
 c bet1mr(i) blade metal angle at rotor inlet for i-th stage
 c bet2mr(i) blade metal angle at rotor outlet for i-th stage
 c bet1ms(i) blade metal angle at stator inlet for i-th stage
 c bet2ms(i) blade metal angle at stator outlet for i-th stage
 c dsmass design mass flow rate for fan part (streamtube)
 c bypass bypass ratio
 c pr12d(i) design total pressure ratio for i-th stage rotor
 c pr13d(i) design total pressure ratio for i-th stage
 c etard(i) design adiabatic efficiency for i-th stage rotor
 c sarea(i) flow area at i-th stage rotor inlet (streamtube)
 c sareas(i) flow area at i-th stage stator inlet (streamtube)

```

c
c -----
c character*60 title
c -----
c--- pgb 11-21-84. added for doing 6 streamlines. top.
common /cdat2/ rfc(20),sfc(20),bt2ssa(6,20),bt1mra(6,20),bt2mra
&(6,20),bt1msa(6,20),bt2msa(6,20),stagra(6,20),stagsa(6,20),
&etarda(6,20),pr12da(6,20),pr13da(6,20),rca(6,20),sca(6,20),
&sigmra(6,20),sigmsa(6,20),xsarea(6,20),xareas(6,20)
c--- pgb 11-21-84. added for doing 6 streamlines. bottom.
c
common /cdat3/jperfm,rhog(3),rerup,rerlow,resup,reslow
&,preb,rrtip(20),srtp(20),aaa1,aaa2,aaa3,sarea(20),sareas(20)
&,p(3),tg(3),xa,xv(3),xch4,xw(3),xww(3),xwt(3),tw(3),tw(3)
&,omegs(20),omegr(20),gapr(20),gaps(20),tsg(3),psg(3)
&,rrhub(20), rc(20), rblade(20), stager(20)
&,srhub(20), sc(20), sblade(20),stages(20)
&,sigumr(20), bet1sr(20), bet2sr(20), aincsr(20), adevsr(20)
&,sigums(20), bet1ss(20), bet2ss(20), aincss(20), adevss(20)
&,utipg(20),utip(20),utipd(20),uou(20),umean(20),uhub(20),u(20),fai
&,area(20),areas(20),uu2(20),utip2(20),umean2(20),uhub2(20),iprint
&,icent,iicent,fmr1(20),fma2(20),idesin,faid
&,ns,nsf,nsipc,bypass,ns1,rt(20),rm(20),rh(20),st(20),sm(20),sh(20)
&,dsmass,aarea(20),aareas(20),pr12d(20),pr13d(20),etard(20)
&,dr(20),ds(20),deqr(20),deqs(20),block(20),blocks(20)
&,bet1mr(20),bet2mr(20),bet1ms(20),bet2ms(20),radi1(20),radi2(20)
&,fairin(20),faiout(20),etasg(20),psid(20),taud(20),sitadr(20)
&,sitads(20),wwd(20),vvd(20)
c
common/step/ichord
common/step1/title,nvinam(13,4),nshpc,jend,nwater,icase,irad,jrad,
$idespt,jcent,icentv,xdin,xddin,vairwa,fnf,
$xphi,t0g,t0w,p0,fnd,t01d,p01d,fndlpc,fndhpc,rhumid,fmwa,fmwv,fmws,
$dlimit,prede,temdes,din,ddin
c
common /cdat4/ dvz1(3,20),dvz2(3,20),dvz3(3,20),arout(20),asout
&(20),arin(20),arine(20),aroute(20),asoute(20),ws(3),wmass(3),
$vmass(3),rhoa(3),rhom(3),tb(3),delz(20),etaa(20),dave(20),tdew
$(3),ddave(40),wwmass(3),wtmass(3),tmass(3),gmass(3),xair(3),
$xmetan(3),xgas(3),ak1(20),ak2(20),ak3(20),zdis(20),clear(20),
$scstara(20),fmrmass(3),xf(3),watrgn(20),vaprgn(20),rcase(20),xws
$(20),watrgx(20),uis(20),jflag(20),hhcs(20)
c
*==*==* added by tdh to compute the necessary values
rewind(15)
c
c -----
c xphi=inlet flow coefficient is selected
c -----
1 format(a)
read(15,1)title
if(jsweep.eq.1)write(16,1)title
read(15,*)xphi

```



```

c -----
c ichord=number of steps per chord used for centrifuging in wicrgn
c -----
c read(15,*)ichord
c -----
c jend=max.number of allowed sweeps (1 for dry air)
c -----
c read(15,*)jend
c -----
c nwater=counter for water cases (=1, dry; =2, wet)
c -----
c read(15,*)nwater
c -----
c icase allows the initial distribution of water to be selected, as
c different cases
c 2-2%, 4-4% (GE case1), 5-GE case 2, 7-GE case 3
c -----
c read(15,*)icase
c   for making the engsim compatable performance maps
c   and to plot the results using the pucc calcomp
c read(15,*)ns,nsf,ns1pc,nshpc
c ns1=ns+1
c read(15,*)(rrhub(i),i=1,ns)
c do11i=1,3
c read(15,*)(rca(i,j),j=1,ns)
11 continue
c read(15,*)(rblade(i),i=1,ns)
c do13i=1,3
c read(15,*)(stagra(i,j),j=1,ns)
13 continue
c read(15,*)(srhub(i),i=1,ns1)
c do14i=1,3
c read(15,*)(sca(i,j),j=1,ns1)
14 continue
c read(15,*)(sblade(i),i=1,ns1)
c do15i=1,3
c read(15,*)(stagsa(i,j),j=1,ns1)
15 continue
c do17i=1,3
c read(15,*)(sigmra(i,j),j=1,ns)
17 continue
c do22i=1,3
c read(15,*)(sigmsa(i,j),j=1,ns1)
22 continue
c do1151i=1,3
c read(15,*)(bt2ssa(i,j),j=1,ns1)
1151 continue
c -- pgb 11-21-84. change so can read in 6 stream lines worth. bottom.
c
c read(15,*)fnf
c read(15,*)xdin,icent,xddin,iicent,icentv

```

```

read(15,*)t0g,t0w,p0
read(15,*)din,ddin
read(15,*)fnd,t01d,p01d,fndlpc,fndhpc
read(15,*)xch4,rhumid
read(15,*)fmwa,fmwb,fmwc
read(15,*)preb,dlimit
read(15,*)(gapr(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(gaps(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(rrtip(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(srtip(i),i=1,ns1)
read(15,*)irad
read(15,*)(rt(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(rm(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(rh(i),i=1,ns)
c --- pgb 11-21-84. change so can read 6 streamlines worth. top
read(15,*)(rfc(i),i=1,ns)
c -- pgb 11-21-84. change so can read 6 stream tubes worth. bottom
read(15,*)(st(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(sm(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(sh(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(sfc(i),i=1,ns)
c -- pgb 11-21-84. change so can read in 6 stream lines worth. bottom
read(15,*)(block(i),i=1,ns)
read(15,*)(blocks(i),i=1,ns1)
read(15,*)idesin,idespt,jcent
c -- pgb 11-21-84. change so can read in 6 stream lines worth. top
do1152i=1,3
read(15,*)(bt1mra(i,j),j=1,ns)
1152 continue
do1153i=1,3
read(15,*)(bt2mra(i,j),j=1,ns)
1153 continue
do1154i=1,3
read(15,*)(bt1msa(i,j),j=1,ns1)
1154 continue
do1155i=1,3
read(15,*)(bt2msa(i,j),j=1,ns1)
1155 continue
read(15,*)dsmass,bypass
do57i=1,3
read(15,*)(pr12da(i,j),j=1,ns)
57 continue
do58i=1,3
read(15,*)(pr13da(i,j),j=1,ns)
58 continue
do59i=1,3
read(15,*)(etarda(i,j),j=1,ns)
59 continue
do60i=1,3
read(15,*)(xsarea(i,j),j=1,ns)
60 continue

```



```

do 62 i=1,3
  read(15,*)(dvz1(i,j),j=1,ns1)
62 continue
do 64 i=1,3
  read(15,*)(dvz2(i,j),j=1,ns1)
64 continue
do 66 i=1,3
  read(15,*)(dvz3(i,j),j=1,ns)
66 continue
c *****
c the variables arine, aroute, and asoute are the effective
c streamtube areas corresponding to the design point case
c for rotor inlet, rotor outlet, and stator outlet,
c respectively. currently, the program does not use these
c values; instead the streamtube areas are calculated in the
c design point case such that the correct axial velocity
c is obtained at design. approximate values may inserted.
c if the axial velocity data is not available for a machine
c then to obtain correct overall performance at design, the
c effective streamtube areas may be used.
c
c *****
c read(15,*)(arine(i),i=1,ns)
c read(15,*)(aroute(i),i=1,ns)
c read(15,*)(asoute(i),i=1,ns)
c...added for plotting by pgb 7/5/84 top....
c  call getnm(nvinam)
c...added for plotting by pgb 7/5/84 bottom....
c  return
c  end
c ++++++
c  subroutine datinp
c    developed to generate data and storeaway automatically.
c
c    character viname(13,4)
c    common /cdat3/jperfm,rhog(3),rerup,rerlow,resup,reslow
c    &,preb,rrtip(20),srtip(20),aaa1,aaa2,aaa3,sarea(20),sareas(20)
c    &,p(3),tg(3),xa,xv(3),xch4,xw(3),xww(3),xwt(3),tw(3),tww(3)
c    &,omegs(20),omegr(20),gapr(20),gaps(20),tsg(3),psg(3)
c    &,rrhub(20),rc(20),rblade(20),stager(20)
c    &,srhub(20),sc(20),sblade(20),stages(20)
c    &,sigumr(20),bet1sr(20),bet2sr(20),aincsr(20),adevsvr(20)
c    &,sigums(20),bet1ss(20),bet2ss(20),aincss(20),adevss(20)
c    &,utipg(20),utip(20),utipd(20),uou(20),umean(20),uhub(20),u(20),fai
c    &,area(20),areas(20),uu2(20),utip2(20),umean2(20),uhub2(20),iprint
c    &,icent,iicent,fmr1(20),fma2(20),idesin,faid
c    &,ns,nsf,nsipc,bypass,ns1,rt(20),rm(20),rh(20),st(20),sm(20),sh(20)
c    &,dsmass,aarea(20),aareas(20),pr12d(20),pr13d(20),etard(20)
c    &,dr(20),ds(20),deqr(20),deqs(20),block(20),blocks(20)
c    &,bet1mr(20),bet2mr(20),bet1ms(20),bet2ms(20),radi1(20),radi2(20)
c    &,fairin(20),faiout(20),etasg(20),psid(20),taud(20),sitadr(20)

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&,sitads(20),wwd(20),vvd(20)
c
common /cdat2/ rfc(20),sfc(20),bt2ssa(6,20),bt1mra(6,20),bt2mra
&(6,20),bt1msa(6,20),bt2msa(6,20),stagra(6,20),stagsa(6,20),
&etarda(6,20),pr12da(6,20),pr13da(6,20),rca(6,20),sca(6,20),
&sigmra(6,20),sigmsa(6,20),xsarea(6,20),xareas(6,20)
c
common /cdat4/ dvz1(3,20),dvz2(3,20),dvz3(3,20),arout(20),asout
&(20),arin(20),arine(20),aroute(20),asoute(20),ws(3),wmass(3),
$vmass(3),rhoa(3),rhom(3),tb(3),delz(20),etaa(20),dave(20),tdew
$(3),ddave(40),wwmass(3),wtmass(3),tmass(3),gmass(3),xair(3),
$xmetan(3),xgas(3),ak1(20),ak2(20),ak3(20),zdis(20),clear(20),
$scstara(20),fmass(3),xf(3),watrgn(20),vaprgn(20),rcase(20),xws
$(20),watrgx(20),uis(20),jflag(20),hhcs(20)
c
write(*,*)'no.of fan stages='
read(*,*)nsf
write(*,*)'no.of low pressure compressor stages='
read(*,*)nslpc
write(*,*)'no.of high pressure compressor stages='
read(*,*)nshpc
ns=nsf+nslpc+nshpc
ns1=ns+1
write(*,*)' data may be given at mean radius or three radii[1,3]:'
read(*,*)nset
write(*,*)'geom.data is read first for inlet guide vane [IGV] '
write(*,*)'followed by data for all stages (stator/rotor)',
$' (separated by comma)'
write(*,*)'For IGV:no.of blades,Rhub[in],Rtip[in],block factor '
read(*,*)nblad,srhub(ns1),srtip(ns1),blocks(ns1)
sblade(ns1)=float(nblad)
if(nset.eq.3)goto 2
write(*,*)'For IGV:mid-chord[in],mid_metal_angle[deg](entry,',
$'exit),solidity,'
write(*,*)' abs. outlet flow angle [deg],stager_angle: '
read(*,*)sc(ns1),bet1ms(ns1),bet2ms(ns1),sigums(ns1),bet2ss(ns1)
$,stages(ns1)
doli=1,3
sca(i,ns1)=sc(ns1)
bt1msa(i,ns1)=bet1ms(ns1)
bt2msa(i,ns1)=bet2ms(ns1)
bt2ssa(i,ns1)=bet2ss(ns1)
stagsa(i,ns1)=stages(ns1)
1 sigmsa(i,ns1)=sigums(ns1)
goto 4
2 continue
do3i=1,3
write(*,*)'For IGV,set ',i,':chord[in],metal_angle[deg](entry,',
$'exit),solidity '
write(*,*)' abs_outlet_flow_angle [deg],stager_angle: '
3 read(*,*)sca(i,ns1),bt1msa(i,ns1),bt2msa(i,ns1),sigmsa(i,ns1),

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$bt2ssa(i,ns1),stagsa(i,ns1)
4  continue
do30ist=1,ns
write(*,*)' Stage',ist,' rotor:no.of blades,Rhub[in],Rtip[in],bl'
$,ockage factor,gapS_R[in]: '
read(*,*)nblad,rrhub(ist),rrtip(ist),block(ist),gapr(ist)
rblade(ist)=float(nblad)
if(nset.eq.3)goto16
write(*,*)' Stage',ist,' rotor:chord[in],stager angle[deg],solidi'
*,'ty,'
write(*,*)'metal entry angle[deg],metal exit angle[deg]:'
read(*,*)rc(ist),stager(ist),sigumr(ist),bet1mr(ist),
$bet2mr(ist)
do15i=1,3
rca(i,ist)=rc(ist)
stagra(i,ist)=stager(ist)
sigmra(i,ist)=sigumr(ist)
bt1mra(i,ist)=bet1mr(ist)
bt2mra(i,ist)=bet2mr(ist)
15  continue
goto19
16  do17i=1,3
write(*,*)' For rotor stage ',ist,' set ',i
write(*,*)'chord[in],stager angle[deg],solidity,metal entry ',
$,angle[deg],exit angle[deg]'
read(*,*)rca(i,ist),stagra(i,ist),sigmra(i,ist),bt1mra(i,ist),
$bt2mra(i,ist)
17  continue
19  continue
write(*,*)' Stage',ist,' stator:no.of blades,Rhub[in],Rtip[in]',
$,blockage factor,gapR_S[in]: '
read(*,*)nblad,srhub(ist),srtip(ist),blocks(ist),gaps(ist)
sblade(ist)=float(nblad)
if(nset.eq.3)goto26
write(*,*)' Stage',ist,' stator:chord[in],stager angle[deg],',
*,'solidity,'
write(*,*)'metal entry angle[deg],metal exit angle[deg],',
write(*,*)'absolute outlet flow angle[deg]: '
read(*,*)sc(ist),stages(ist),sigums(ist),bet1ms(ist),bet2ms
$(ist),bet2ss(ist)
do25i=1,3
sca(i,ist)=sc(ist)
stagsa(i,ist)=stages(ist)
sigmsa(i,ist)=sigums(ist)
bt1msa(i,ist)=bet1ms(ist)
bt2msa(i,ist)=bet2ms(ist)
bt2ssa(i,ist)=bet2ss(ist)
25  continue
goto30
26  do27i=1,3
write(*,*)' For stator stage ',ist,' set ',i

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write(*,*)'chord[in],stager angle[deg],solidity,metal entry angle'
$, '[deg],exit angle[deg],'
write(*,*)'absolute outlet flow angle [deg]: '
read(*,*)sca(i,ist),stagsa(i,ist),sigmsa(i,ist),bt1msa(i,ist),
$bt2msa(i,ist),bt2ssa(i,ist)
27 continue
30 continue
write(*,*)'Should rotor clearance be standard? '
read(*,31)rkey
31 format(a)
ncle=0
if(rkey.ne.'y'.and.rkey.ne.'Y')ncle=1
do50ist=1,ns
write(*,*)'For stage ',ist,' rotor: radii [in] - rt,rm,rh,rfc'
$, '(casing): '
read(*,*)rt(ist),rm(ist),rh(ist),rfc(ist)
write(*,*)'For stage ',ist,' stator: radii [in] - st,sm,sh,sfc'
$, '(casing): '
read(*,*)st(ist),sm(ist),sh(ist),sfc(ist)
50 continue
if(ncle.eq.0)goto52
write(*,*)'Rotor clearance [in] for ',ns,' rotors(sep.by comma):'
read(*,*)(clear(ist),ist=1,ns)
goto 55
52 continue
write(*,*)'rotor clearance[in]:'
write(*,*)'stage no. clearance[in]'
do53ist=1,ns
clear(ist)=(rt(ist)-rrhub(ist))*0.0025
if(clear(ist).lt.0.01)clear(ist)=0.01
write(*,*)ist,clear(ist)
53 continue
55 continue
write(*,*)'Axial stage length for ',ns,' stages(sep.by comma)',
$(zdis)[in]:'
read(*,*)(zdis(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(*,*)'Geometrical data completed'
write(*,*)'
write(*,*)'inlet flow coefficient(xphi)= '
read(*,*)xphi
write(*,*)'no.of steps per chord needed for centrifuging(ichord)'
read(*,*)ichord
write(*,*)'max.no.of sweeps(jend)= '
read(*,*)jend
write(*,*)'Wet case? '
read(*,31)rkey
nwater=1
if(rkey.eq.'Y'.or.rkey.eq.'y')nwater=2
irad=2
write(*,*)'irad = 1/2/3 for tip/mean/hub: '
read(*,*)irad

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write(*,*)'idesin = 1/2 for output stage+overall/overall: '
read(*,*)idesin
write(*,*)'idespt=0/1 for no_print/print of design point: '
read(*,*)idespt
write(*,58)
58  format('Design point data: ',1x,'fan_rpm,inlet_stag_temp',
$'(R),inlet-stag-pressure(lb/sq.ft)',1x,'rpm_lpc,rpm_hpc'
$)
read(*,*)fnd,T01d,p01d,fndlpc,fndhpc
write(*,*)'standard day pressure(lbf/sq.ft),temp(oR):'
read(*,*)predes,temdes
write(*,*)'Overall mass flow rate (lbm/s), bypass ratio: '
read(*,*)Ovmass,bypass
dsmass=Ovmass*.1
59  format('For stage ',i2,'values for (p02/p01),(p03/p01),stage',
$' efficiency')
do65ist=1,ns
if(nset.eq.3)goto62
write(*,59)ist
read(*,*)pr12d(ist),pr13d(ist),etard(ist)
do60i=1,3
pr12da(i,ist)=pr12d(ist)
pr13da(i,ist)=pr13d(ist)
60  etarda(i,ist)=etard(ist)
goto65
61  format('For stage ',i2,' set ',i1,' values for (p02/p01),(p03/',
1'p01),stage efficiency: ')
62  do63i=1,3
write(*,61)ist,i
read(*,*)pr12da(i,ist),pr13da(i,ist),etarda(i,ist)
63  continue
65  continue
69  format('For stage ',i2,' axial speeds (ft/s) at rotorin,rotor',
$'exit,statorexit')
do75ist=1,ns
if(nset.eq.3)goto72
write(*,69)ist
read(*,*)vrin,vrout,vsout
do70i=1,3
dvz1(i,ist)=vrin
dvz2(i,ist)=vrout
70  dvz3(i,ist)=vsout
goto75
71  format('For stage ',i2,' set ',i1,' axial speeds (ft/s) at',
1'rotorin,rotorexit,statorexit: ')
72  do73i=1,3
write(*,71)ist,i
read(*,*)dvz1(i,ist),dvz2(i,ist),dvz3(i,ist)
73  continue
75  continue
if(nset.eq.3)goto77

```



```

write(*,*)'For IGV axial speeds (ft/s) at inlet and outlet:'
read(*,*)vrout,vsout
do76i=1,3
dvz1(i,ns1)=vrout
76 dvz2(i,ns1)=vsout
goto79
77 do78i=1,3
write(*,*)'For IGV, set ',i,' axial speeds (ft/s) at inlet and '
$, 'outlet'
78 read(*,*)dvz1(i,ns1),dvz2(i,ns1)
79 continue
write(*,*)'stream tube areas to be read ?'
read(*,31)rkey
if(rkey.eq.'Y'.or.rkey.eq.'y')goto90
dsm=dsmass/2.204623
nsf1=nsf+1
c 1 ft=0.3048 m; 1 sq.ft=0.092903 sq.m; 1 bar=2088.5 lbf/sq.ft
c 1 kg= 2.204623 lbm
do81i=1,3
T01K=T01d/1.8
p01bar=p01d/2088.5
do80ist=1,ns
if(ist.ne.nsf1)goto380
vzin=dvz1(i,ns1)*0.3048
TK=T01K-(vzin**2/2010.)
pbar=p01bar*(TK/T01K)**3.5
ro=pbar/(TK*0.002875)
xareas(i,ns1)=dsm/(ro*vzin*0.092903)
380 continue
vzin=dvz1(i,ist)*0.3048
TK=T01K-(vzin**2/2010.)
pbar=p01bar*(TK/T01K)**3.5
ro=pbar/(TK*0.002875)
xsarea(i,ist)=dsm/(ro*vzin*0.092903)
T02K=T01K*(1.+((pr12da(i,ist)**0.286-1.)/etarda(i,ist)))
p02bar=p01bar*pr12da(i,ist)
vzin=dvz2(i,ist)*0.3048
TK=T02K-(vzin**2/2010.)
pbar=p02bar*(TK/T02K)**3.5
ro=pbar/(TK*0.002875)
xareas(i,ist)=dsm/(ro*vzin*0.092903)
if(ist.eq.ns)goto80
T01K=T02K
p01bar=p01bar*pr13da(i,ist)
80 continue
81 continue
goto100
90 continue
if(nset.eq.3)goto95
91 format('rotor inlet stream tube area (sq.ft)(all stages): ')
write(*,91)

```

```

    read(*,*)(area(ist),ist=1,ns)
92  format('stator inlet stream tube area (sq.ft)(all stages + last '
    $,'value for IGV')
    write(*,92)
    read(*,*)(areas(ist),ist=1,ns1)
    do94i=1,3
    do93ist=1,ns
93  xsarea(i,ist)=area(ist)
    do94ist=1,ns1
    xareas(i,ist)=areas(ist)
94  continue
    goto100
95  continue
    do96i=1,3
    write(*,*)'For set ',i
    write(*,91)
    read(*,*)(xsarea(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
    write(*,92)(xareas(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
96  continue
100 continue
c  put approximate streamtube data in arine, aroute,asoute
    do194ist=1,ns
    arine(ist)=xsarea(2,ist)
    aroute(ist)=xareas(2,ist)
    if(ist.lt.ns)asoute(ist)=xsarea(2,ist+1)
    if(ist.eq.ns)asoute(ist)=xareas(2,ist)
194 continue
    write(*,*)'Off-design data'
    write(*,*)'fraction of design corrected rotor speed for ',
    $'off-design(1.0): '
    read(*,*)fnf
    fmwa=28.964
    fmwv=18.016
    fmch=16.043
    xdin=0.
    xddin=0.
    din=20.
    ddin=600.
    rhumid=0.
    icent=1
    iicent=1
    icentv=0
    jcent=0
    icase=0
    T0w=597.
    preb=1.
    dlimit=10.
    vairwa=80.
    if(nwater.eq.1)goto110
    write(*,*)'initial water percentage distribution cases - '
    write(*,*)'2 for 2%, 4 for 4%, 5 for GE2, 7 for GE3: '

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```

read(*,*)icase
write(*,*)jcent=0/1 for large droplets in rotor not_centri
$,ifuged/centrif.
read(*,*)jcent
101 format('icent,iicnet= 2, no restriction',/,14x,
$'3, no heat and mass transfer;',/,14x,
$'4, no centrifugal action;',/,14x,'5, no heat/mass transfer',
$/centrifugal action;',/,14x,'6, no mass transfer;',/,14x,
$'7, no mass transfer/centrifugal action.',/, 'icent,iicent =')
write(*,101)
read(*,*)icent,iicent
write(*,*)'initial mass content of small/large droplet(xdin'
$,,xddin)= '
read(*,*)xdin,xddin
write(*,*)'initial small/large droplet dia(in micro-meter)',
$(din,ddin)= '
read(*,*)din,ddin
write(*,*)'initial water droplet temp. (in degr. R)= '
read(*,*)T0w
write(*,*)'initial water vapor content in air (kgv/kgair)',
$(rhumid)=
read(*,*)rhumid
write(*,*)'percent of water that rebound from wall(preb)= '
read(*,*)preb
write(*,*)'max.dia (in micrometer) to be considered as small '
$,droplet(dlimit)= '
read(*,*)dlimit
write(*,*)'speed ratio air to condensed phase(vairwa)[%]= '
read(*,*)vairwa
write(*,*)'vapor is centrifuged?'
read(*,31)rkey
if(rkey.ne.'Y'.and.rkey.ne.'y')icentv=1
110 continue
write(*,*)'off design inlet temp(R),pressure(lbf/sq.ft)= '
read(*,*)T0g,p0
write(*,*)'Methane fraction= '
read(*,*)xch4
write(*,*)'ak1,ak2 and ak3 are 3 correction factors [1.]'
write(*,*)'use default values?<CR>'
read(*,31)rkey
ncor=0
if(rkey.eq.'N'.or.rkey.eq.'n')ncor=1
do411ist=1,ns
if(ncor.eq.0) then
ak1(ist)=1.
ak2(ist)=1.
ak3(ist)=1.
endif
if(ncor.ne.0) then
write(*,*)'for stage',ist,' type ak1,ak2,ak3: '
read(*,*)ak1(ist),ak2(ist),ak3(ist)

```

```

endif
411 continue
    write(*,*)'input data being stored away -wait!'
157 format(4(i2,1x))
158 format(16(f5.2,1x))
159 format(16(f5.3,1x))
160 format(16(f7.5,1x))
161 format(16(f6.4,1x))
162 format(f7.1,2(1x,f7.2),2(1x,f7.1))
163 format(3(f6.3,1x))
    write(15,'(f4.2)')xphi
    write(15,157)ichord,jend,nwater,icase
    write(15,157)ns,nsf,ns1pc,nshpc
    write(15,158)(rrhub(ist),ist=1,ns)
    do257i=1,3
    write(15,159)(rca(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
257 continue
    write(15,158)(rblade(ist),ist=1,ns)
    do258i=1,3
    write(15,158)(stagra(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
258 continue
    write(15,158)(srhub(ist),ist=1,ns1)
    do259i=1,3
    write(15,159)(sca(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
259 continue
    write(15,158)(sblade(ist),ist=1,ns1)
    do260i=1,3
    write(15,158)(stagsa(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
260 continue
    do261i=1,3
    write(15,159)(sigmra(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
261 continue
    do262i=1,3
    write(15,159)(sigmsa(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
262 continue
    do263i=1,3
    write(15,158)(bt2ssa(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
263 continue
    write(15,*)fnf
164 format(f5.3,1x,i1,1x,f5.3,1x,i1,1x,i1)
    write(15,*)xdin,icent,xddin,iicent,icentv
165 format(3(f7.2,1x))
    write(15,165)T0g,T0w,p0
166 format(2(f6.1,1x))
    write(15,166)din,ddin
    write(15,162)fnd,T01d,p01d,fndlpc,fndhpc
167 format(f5.3,1x,f10.5)
    write(15,167)xch4,rhumid
    write(15,163)fmwa,fmwv,fmch
168 format(f5.1,1x,f7.1)
    write(15,168)preb,dlimit

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```

write(15,160)(gapr(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,160)(gaps(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(rrtip(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(srtip(ist),ist=1,ns1)
write(15,*)jrad
write(15,159)(rt(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(rm(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(rh(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(rfc(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(st(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(sm(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(sh(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(sfc(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(block(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(blocks(ist),ist=1,ns1)
write(15,157)idesin,idespt,jcent
do264i=1,3
write(15,158)(bt1mra(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
264 continue
do265i=1,3
write(15,158)(bt2mra(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
265 continue
do266i=1,3
write(15,158)(bt1msa(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
266 continue
do267i=1,3
write(15,158)(bt2msa(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
267 continue
write(15,163)dsmaass,bypass
do268i=1,3
write(15,159)(pr12da(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
268 continue
do269i=1,3
write(15,159)(pr13da(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
269 continue
do270i=1,3
write(15,159)(etarda(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
270 continue
170 format(8(f10.7,1x))
do271i=1,3
write(15,170)(xsarea(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
271 continue
do272i=1,3
write(15,170)(xareas(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
272 continue
write(15,'(f6.2)')vairwa
write(15,161)(clear(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,159)(zdis(ist),ist=1,ns)
write(15,*)jrad
write(15,'(2f7.1)')predes,temdes
write(15,161)(ak1(ist),ist=1,ns)

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```

        write(15,161)(ak2(ist),ist=1,ns)
        write(15,161)(ak3(ist),ist=1,ns)
171  format(16(f5.1,1x))
        do1271i=1,3
            write(15,171)(dvz1(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
1271  continue
        do1272i=1,3
            write(15,171)(dvz2(i,ist),ist=1,ns1)
1272  continue
        do273i=1,3
            write(15,171)(dvz3(i,ist),ist=1,ns)
273  continue
172  format(13(f6.4,1x))
        write(15,172)(arine(ist),ist=1,ns)
        write(15,172)(aroute(ist),ist=1,ns)
        write(15,172)(asoute(ist),ist=1,ns)
        write(*,*)'type upto twelve 4 byte words used by sub getnm'
        do275i=1,13
            read(*,'(4a1)')(vname(i,ist),ist=1,4)
            write(15,'(4a1)')(vname(i,ist),ist=1,4)
            if(vname(i,1).eq.'d'.and.vname(i,2).eq.'o')goto300
275  continue
300  continue
        write(*,*)'input data storage complete'
        return
    end
    subroutine htdgen
    character rkey
    character*20 filout,fildat
c    data generation interactively and storing away for later use
c    or to retrieve data from file for further calculation.
    common /htd1/filout,ndtop(20,8,6),ndmax(20),splen(20,8,4),
    $arnod(20,8,4),htcap(20,8),casrad(20),excfcs,nexpr(20),excfr
    $(20,4),radex(20,4),tradd(145),xlcs(2,170),xlro(2,170),rotdis(20)
    $,dtimcl,rrv(145),cwork(300),rrvp(145),nexnod(4,20),
    $nexcas(20),t0cas,tcas,rocas,ucas,trotor,rpm,rorot,urot,ditem
    $,nboht,twcas,nemax,wfstfr,nrotcs,trchi(20),trcho(20),txw0(20),
    $ttawm(20),tpawm(20),tv0l(20),permax,txwc(20),ttawc(20),tpawc(20)
    $,tmasa(20),dwat
c    -----
c    meaning of variables in common block /htd1/ used here:
c    ndtop(i1,i2,i3), where i1=stage no.,i2=elem. no in stage,
c    i3=1:type no.,i3=2: no.of adj.nodes,i3>2:adj.node numbers)
c    ndmax=number of nodes in "ndtop" in each stage
c    splen=array for specific length (m**2-K/W) for each node
c    arnod=array for interface surface area (m**2)
c    htcap=heat capacity(J/K) for each nodal element
c    excfcs=thermal expansion coefficient of casing material(K**-1)
c    nexpr=no.of nodes considered for thermal expansion of rotor in
c    each stage
c    excfr=thermal expansion coefficient for rotor nodes material (K**-1)

```

```

c -----
c
  write(*,*) ' This subroutine helps for use in nodal temperature'
  $, ' and clearance package '
  write(*,*) ' 1. to generate data, and'
  write(*,*) ' 2. to retrieve data for calculation.'
  write(*,*) ' --- choice: '
  read(*,*) nchoic
  if(nchoic.eq.1) write(*,*) ' generated data to be stored in file: '
  if(nchoic.eq.2) write(*,*) ' data retrieval from file: '
1  format(a)
  read(*,1) filout
  open(17,file=filout)
  goto(601,602),nchoic
  write(*,*) 'err STOP in sub htdgen'
  Stop
601 continue
  write(*,1602)
  read(*,*) nrotcs
  nelst=7
  if(nrotcs.eq.3) nelst=8
  write(*,*) 'number of stages='
  read(*,*) imax
  write(*,*) 'number of fan stages= '
  read(*,*) ifan
  write(*,*) 'max.number of elements per stage (' ,nelst,')='
  read(*,*) jmax
  write(*,*) 'max.number of adj. nodes for each centroid node (4)='
  read(*,*) kmax
  if(imax.le.20.and.jmax.le.nelst.and.(kmax+2).le.6) goto 5
  write(*,*) 'err stop in sub htdgen since array specified too ',
  $ 'small'
  close(17)
  stop
5  continue
500 format(5(1x,i2))
1602 format(1x,'rotor internal cooling: ',1x,'1. none;',1x,
  $ '2. cooled by air(with or without water) flow; and',
  $ ',1x,'3. cooled by intermittently stagnant air-water mix.'
  $ ',2x,' --- choice: ')
  write(17,500) imax,ifan,jmax,kmax,nrotcs
c  preparing nodal topology matrix
  ic=0
  do 200 i=1,imax
  if(ic.ne.ifan) goto 10
  write(*,*) 'nodal information for igv: 4 nodes'
  jp=4
  ndmax(ic+1)=jp
  do 4 j=1,jp
  write(*,*) 'igv,for elem. ' ,j, ' type no.(1-15):'
  read(*,*) ntyp

```

```

nnd=4
if(ntyp.eq.1.or.ntyp.eq.4.or.ntyp.eq.5.or.ntyp.eq.7)nnd=3
if(ntyp.eq.6.or.ntyp.eq.15)nnd=2
if(ntyp.eq.8)nnd=1
ndtop(ic+1,j,1)=ntyp
ndtop(ic+1,j,2)=nnd
write(*,*)'heat capacity [J/K] for igv elem. 'j,':
read(*,*)htcap(ic+1,j)
write(*,*)'node numbers for igv elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
write(*,*)'Sij[m2] for igv elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(*,*)'ls[m2K/W] for igv elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(17,501)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
write(17,502)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
write(17,503)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(17,503)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
501 format(2(1x,i3),10(1x,1pe11.4))
502 format(10(i3,1x))
503 format(10(1x,1pe11.4))
4 continue
ic=ic+1
10 continue
jp=nelst
write(*,*)'nodal information for stage 'i,' rotor',
$' followed by stator'
ndmax(ic+1)=jp
write(17,500)jp
do14j=1,jp
write(*,*)'for elem. 'j,'type no.(1-16):'
read(*,*)ntyp
nnd=4
if(ntyp.eq.1.or.ntyp.eq.4.or.ntyp.eq.5.or.ntyp.eq.7.or.
$ntyp.eq.16)nnd=3
if(ntyp.eq.8)nnd=1
if(ntyp.eq.6.or.ntyp.eq.15)nnd=2
ndtop(ic+1,j,1)=ntyp
ndtop(ic+1,j,2)=nnd
write(*,*)'heat capacity [J/K] for elem. 'j,':
read(*,*)htcap(ic+1,j)
write(*,*)'node numbers for elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
write(*,*)'Sij[m2] for elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(*,*)'ls[m2K/W] for elem. 'j,',nnd,' adj.nodes:'
read(*,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(17,501)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
write(17,502)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
write(17,503)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
write(17,503)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)

```



```

14  continue
    ic=ic+1
200  continue
    write(*,*)'nodal information for 1 post node with 4 adj.nodes:'
    nnd=4
    ntyp=12
    ndmax(ic+1)=1
    ndtop(ic+1,1,1)=12
    ndtop(ic+1,1,2)=4
    write(*,*)'heat capacity [J/K] for post node:'
    read(*,*)htcap(ic+1,1)
    write(*,*)'node numbers for ',nnd,' adj.nodes of post node:'
    read(*,*)(ndtop(ic+1,1,k+2),k=1,nnd)
    write(*,*)'Sij[m2] for ',nnd,' adj.nodes of post node:'
    read(*,*)(arnod(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
    write(*,*)'ls[m2K/W] for ',nnd,' adj.nodes of post node:'
    read(*,*)(splen(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
    write(17,501)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,1)
    write(17,502)(ndtop(ic+1,1,k+2),k=1,nnd)
    write(17,503)(arnod(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
    write(17,503)(splen(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
    nnd=(imax*nelst)+5
    write(*,*)'no.of elements = ',nnd
    write(*,*)' axial coord.[in] for all elem.(put 0.,if irrelevant)'
    do201i=1,nnd
    write(*,*)'For elem. ',i,' case[in](upstr.),case(dnstr.):'
    read(*,*)xlcs(1,i),xlcs(2,i)
    write(17,202)xlcs(1,i),xlcs(2,i)
    write(*,*)'For elem. ',i,' rotor[in](upstr.),rotor(dnstr.):'
    read(*,*)xlro(1,i),xlro(2,i)
    write(17,202)xlro(1,i),xlro(2,i)
201  continue
202  format(2(1pe11.4,1x))
c
    write(*,*)'thermal expansion data'
    write(*,*)'coeff.of thermal exp.for casing(1/K):'
    read(*,*)excfcs
    write(17,*)excfcs
    do20i=1,imax
    write(*,*)'rotor stage no.=',i
    write(*,*)
    '$casing thermal node no.,casing radius,rotor disk intern.radius'
    $,'[in]='
    read(*,*)nexcas(i),casrad(i),rotdis(i)
    write(*,*)'no.of thermal expansion nodes in rotor stage ',i
    read(*,*)ntex
    nexpr(i)=ntex
    if(ntex.le.4)goto 11
    write(*,*)'err stop since size array excfr(,) insuff.'
    stop
11  continue

```

```

write(*,*)'thermal expansion nodes ('ntex,') in stage',i
read(*,*)(nexnod(itex,i),itex=1,ntex)
write(*,*)'coeff.of thermal expansion of ',ntex,' nodes in'
$, ' stage ',i,':'
read(*,*)(excfr(i,k),k=1,ntex)
write(*,*)'thermal expansion node length of ',ntex,' nodes in'
$, ' stage ',i,':'
read(*,*)(radex(i,k),k=1,ntex)
write(17,*)ntex,nexcas(i),casrad(i),rotdis(i)
write(17,504)(nexnod(itex,i),itex=1,ntex)
write(17,503)(excfr(i,k),k=1,ntex)
write(17,503)(radex(i,k),k=1,ntex)
20 continue
if(nrotcs.gt.1) then
write(*,*)'
write(*,*)' rotor disk is cooled by fluid flowing in channel'
write(*,*)' Data required for each cooled rotor disk are: '
write(*,*)' cooling channel min. and max. radius[in],'
write(*,*)' total volume of the cooling channel fluid[m**3],'
write(*,*)' cooling channel water content,temp.and pressure'
write(*,*)'
do21i=1,imax
write(*,*)
$, 'for stage ',i,':Ri[in],Ro[in],vol[m**3],xw,T[K],p[bar]'
read(*,*)trchi(i),trcho(i),tvoll(i),txw0(i),ttawm(i),tpawm(i)
write(17,22)trchi(i),trcho(i),tvoll(i),txw0(i),ttawm(i),tpawm(i)
21 continue
write(*,*)'water film thick. in rotor bore if water present[m]:'
read(*,*)dwat
write(17,*)dwat
22 format(1p6e12.5)
endif
if(nrotcs.eq.3) then
write(*,*)
$, 'cooling channel pressure incr. in percent of max.incr.possible'
read(*,*)permax
write(17,*)permax
endif
504 format(20(i2,1x))
close(17)
goto 603
602 continue
read(17,*)imax,ifan,jmax,kmax,nrotcs
nelst=7
if(nrotcs.eq.3)nelst=8
ic=0
do250i=1,imax
if(ic.ne.ifan)goto240
ndmax(ic+1)=4
do235j=1,4
read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)

```

```

ndtop(ic+1,j,1)=ntyp
ndtop(ic+1,j,2)=nnd
read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
235 continue
ic=ic+1
240 continue
read(17,*)jp
ndmax(ic+1)=jp
do245j=1,jp
read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
ndtop(ic+1,j,1)=ntyp
ndtop(ic+1,j,2)=nnd
read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
245 continue
ic=ic+1
250 continue
ndmax(ic+1)=1
read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,1)
ndtop(ic+1,1,1)=ntyp
ndtop(ic+1,1,2)=nnd
read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,1,k+2),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(arnod(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,1,k),k=1,nnd)
nnd=(imax*nelst)+5
do252i=1,nnd
read(17,*)xlcso(1,i),xlcso(2,i)
read(17,*)xlro(1,i),xlro(2,i)
252 continue
read(17,*)excfcs
do260i=1,imax
read(17,*)ntex,nexcas(i),casrad(i),rotdis(i)
nexpr(i)=ntex
read(17,*)(nexnod(itex,i),itex=1,ntex)
read(17,*)(excfr(i,k),k=1,ntex)
read(17,*)(radex(i,k),k=1,ntex)
260 continue
if(nrotcs.gt.1) then
do421i=1,imax
read(17,*)trchi(i),trcho(i),tvoll(i),txw0(i),ttawm(i),tpawm(i)
421 continue
read(17,*)dwat
endif
if(nrotcs.eq.3)read(17,*)permax
close(17)
603 continue
write(*,*)'Nodal temp.and clearance output file: '
read(*,1)fildat

```

```

        open(21,file=fildat)
604  format(1x,'Type in the following data: ',1x,'casing air '
    $,'density(kg/m**3); ',1x,'casing air temp.(K); ',1x
    $,'air speed outside casing(m/s); ',1x,'stagn.temp. of air '
    $,'outside casing(K); ',1x,'airflow temp.inside rotor(K); ',
    $,1x,'airflow density inside rotor(K); ',1x,'airflow speed'
    $,' inside rotor(m/s); ',1x,'delta_temp.(K) needed to '
    $,'compute Grashof number in rotor disk(20.); and ',1x,
    $,'water film surface temp.relax.factor(0. to 1.)',/)
    write(*,604)
    read(*,*)rocas,tcas,ucas,t0cas,trotor,rorot,urot,delttem
    $,wfstrf
    twcas=0.
    write(*,*)'water film outside casing? '
    read(*,1)rkey
    if(rkey.eq.'Y'.or.rkey.eq.'y') then
    write(*,*)'temp.of water film outside casing(K): '
    read(*,*)twcas
    endif
c  write(*,*)'Output file for nodal temp. and clearance: '
c  read(*,1)filout
c  open(21,file=filout)
    nemax=600
    return
end
subroutine htexin
c  reading of heat transfer data without asking
character*20 filin
common /htd1/filin,ndtop(20,8,6),ndmax(20),splen(20,8,4),
$arod(20,8,4),htcap(20,8),casrad(20),excfcs,nexpr(20),excfr
$(20,4),radex(20,4),tradd(145),xlco(2,170),xlro(2,170),rotdis(20)
$,dtimcl,rrv(145),cwork(300),rrvp(145),nexnod(4,20),
$nexcas(20),t0cas,tcas,rocas,ucas,trotor,rpm,rorot,urot,delttem
$,nboht,twcas,nemax,wfstrf,nrotcs,trchi(20),trcho(20),txw0(20),
$ttawm(20),tpawm(20),tvol(20),permax,txwc(20),ttawc(20),tpawc(20)
$,tmasa(20),dwat
    open(17,file=filin)
    read(17,*)imax,ifan,jmax,kmax,nrotcs
    nelst=7
    if(nrotcs.eq.3)nelst=8
    ic=0
    do250i=1,imax
    if(ic.ne.ifan)goto240
    ndmax(ic+1)=4
    do235j=1,4
    read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
    read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
    read(17,*)(arod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
    read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
235 continue
    ic=ic+1

```

```

240 continue
    read(17,*)jp
    ndmax(ic+1)=jp
    do245j=1,jp
        read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
        read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
        read(17,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
        read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
245 continue
    ic=ic+1
250 continue
    ndmax(ic+1)=1
    read(17,*)ntyp,nnd,htcap(ic+1,j)
    read(17,*)(ndtop(ic+1,j,k+2),k=1,nnd)
    read(17,*)(arnod(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
    read(17,*)(splen(ic+1,j,k),k=1,nnd)
    nnd=(imax*nelst)+5
    do252i=1,nnd
        read(17,*)xlcs(1,i),xlcs(2,i)
        read(17,*)xlro(1,i),xlro(2,i)
252 continue
    read(17,*)excfcs
    do260i=1,imax
        read(17,*)ntex,nexcas(i),casrad(i),rotdis(i)
        nexpr(i)=ntex
        read(17,*)(nexnod(itex,i),itex=1,ntex)
        read(17,*)(excfr(i,k),k=1,ntex)
        read(17,*)(radex(i,k),k=1,ntex)
260 continue
    if(nrotcs.gt.1) then
        do21i=1,imax
            read(17,*)trchi(i),trcho(i),tv(1,i),txw0(i),ttawm(i),tpawm(i)
21 continue
        read(17,*)dwat
    endif
    if(nrotcs.eq.3)read(17,*)permax
    close(17)
    return
end
function therex(istage)
c calculation of rotor-casing clearance due to clearance gap
c -----
common /htd1/ndum(5),ndtop(20,8,6),ndmax(20),splen(20,8,4),
$arnod(20,8,4),htcap(20,8),casrad(20),excfcs,nexpr(20),excfr
$(20,4),radex(20,4),tradd(145),xlcs(2,170),xlro(2,170),rotdis(20)
$,dtimcl,rrv(145),cwork(300),rrvp(145),nexnod(4,20),
$nexcas(20),t0cas,tcas,rocas,ucas,trotor,rpm,rorot,urot,deltm
$,nboht,twcas,nemax,wfstrf,nrotcs,trchi(20),trcho(20),txw0(20),
$ttawm(20),tpawm(20),tv(20),permax,txwc(20),ttawc(20),tpawc(20)
$,tmasa(20),dwat
c meaning of variables in common block /htd1/:

```

```

c  casrad=corresponding casing internal radius(not read in this
c    subroutine)
c  excfcs=thermal expansion coefficient of casing material(K**-1)
c  nexpr=no.of nodes considered for thermal expansion of rotor in
c    each stage
c  ndexp=nodal array for thermal expansion of rotor
c  excfr=thermal expansion coefficient for rotor nodes material (K**-1)
c  radex=corresponding original radial length(not read in this subroutine)
c  tradd(145)=temp.diff.(from orig.temp)(K) at all thermal nodes (input)
c  -----
c
c  ndcas=nexcas(istage)
c  tdiff=tradd(ndcas)
c  casr=casrad(istage)*(1.+(excfcs*tdiff))
c  ndd=nexpr(istage)
c  rotl=0.
c  do 10 i=1,ndd
c    nod=nexnod(i,istage)
c    rotl=rotl+(radex(istage,i)*(1.+(excfr(istage,i)*tradd(nod))))
10  continue
c  therex=casr-rotl
100 format(a)
c  return
c  end
c  subroutine spear(nemax,i,j,n,lcur,lmax,inl,x,vl,iflag,ier)
c  -----
c  subroutine to extract/add/remove/replace in a sparse matrix(vers 8/93)
c  nemax=max.length of 1-D array of inl(nemax),vl(nemax)
c  i,j,n = (row,col.,order) of matrix
c  index value manipulated in inl = ((i-1)*n)+j and correspond.value in vl.
c  lcur,lmax = current,maximum location of pointer (initiate with lcur=0)
c  x = external value for manipulation in the subroutine
c  iflag = 1 to 4 for extract/add/remove/replace
c  ier = error code on exit from the subroutine
c    = 0 (no error)
c    = 1 iflag,i,j,n not compatible
c    = 2 value to extract/remove not available
c    = 3 no space available to add
c    = 4 miscellaneous error
c  -----
c  dimension inl(nemax),vl(nemax)
c  ier=0
c  k=j+((i-1)*n)
c  if(iflag.eq.2.and.lcur.eq.0)goto26
c  if(iflag.ne.2.and.lcur.eq.0)ier=4
c  if(ier.eq.4)goto 100
c  if(lcur.gt.lmax)lcur=lmax
c  ier=0
c  if(iflag.gt.0.and.iflag.lt.5.and.i.gt.0.and.i.le.n.and.j.gt.0
c    $.and.j.le.n.and.lcur.ge.0.and.lcur.le.lmax)goto 2
c  ier=1

```

```

      goto 100
2   continue
c   examine movement forward or backward
    kd=k-inl(lcur)
    nd=0
    if(kd.ne.0)nd=kd/iabs(kd)
    ni=0
    lc=lcur
    if(nd.eq.0)ni=-1
    if(ni.lt.0)goto 11
    if(nd.gt.0.and.lcur.eq.lmax.and.iflag.eq.2)goto 26
c   ni=0,-1,+1 for out of range,exact,intermediate
    li=lcur
    lf=lmax
    lc=lcur
    if(nd.gt.0)goto 3
    li=1
    lf=lcur
3   continue
    do 10 lin=li,lf
    if(((k-inl(lc))*nd).eq.0)ni=-1
    if(((k-inl(lc))*nd).lt.0)ni=1
    if(ni.ne.0)goto 11
10  lc=lc+nd
11  continue
    if(ni.ge.0.and.iflag.ne.2)ier=2
    if(ier.ne.0)goto 100
    lcur=lc
    if(ni.eq.0.and.nd.gt.0.and.iflag.eq.2)goto 28
    if(ni.eq.0.and.nd.lt.0.and.iflag.eq.2)goto 27
    if(ni.lt.0.and.iflag.eq.4)then
    vl(lc)=x
    return
    endif
    if(iflag.eq.2.and.ni.ge.0.and.(lmax+1).gt.nemax)ier=3
    if(ier.ne.0)goto 100
    if(iflag.eq.2.and.ni.lt.0)vl(lc)=vl(lc)+x
    if(iflag.eq.1.and.ni.lt.0)x=vl(lc)
    if(iflag.ne.3.and.ni.lt.0)return
    if(iflag.eq.2)goto 15
    lmax=lmax-1
    if(lmax.le.0)ier=4
    if(ier.ne.0)goto 100
    ntk=0
    if(lcur.gt.lmax)ntk=1
    if(ntk.eq.0)goto 13
    x=vl(lcur)
    lcur=lmax
    return
13  x=vl(lc)
    do 12 ia=lcur,lmax

```

```

    inl(ia)=inl(ia+1)
12  vl(ia)=vl(ia+1)
    return
15  lmax=lmax+1
    if(ni.eq.1.and.nd.lt.0)lc=lc+1
    ka=k
    xa=x
    do20ia=lc,lmax
    xb=vl(ia)
    vl(ia)=xa
    kb=inl(ia)
    inl(ia)=ka
    ka=kb
20  xa=xb
25  lcur=lmax
    return
27  lc=1
    goto 15
28  lcur=lmax
26  lcur=lcur+1
    lmax=lcur
    if(lmax.gt.nemax)ier=3
    if(ier.eq.3)goto100
    inl(lcur)=k
    vl(lcur)=x
    return
100 write(*,*)'err return from sub spear'
    return
end

c -----
c subroutine spcrp(i,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l1,l2,ld,ni)
c subroutine to find pointers on inl(nemax) for initial data l1,
c final data l2, and diagonal element ld for a given row no., i
c on exit,ni=no.of data in the row
c if ld=0: no diagonal element, ni=0:no data for the row
c i=row no.sought,n=order of matrix,lmax=pointer for furthest
c pointer for data in inl(nemax)
c dimension inl(nemax)
    l1=0
    l2=0
    ld=0
    ni=0
    k1=((i-1)*n)+1
    k2=k1+i-1
    k3=k1+n-1
    if(inl(1).gt.k3.or.inl(lmax).lt.k1)return
    do50l=1,lmax
    k=inl(l)
    if(k1.le.k.and.k.le.k3)goto 10
    goto 20
10  if(ni.eq.0)l1=1

```



```

ni=ni+1
if(k.eq.k2)ld=1
l2=1
goto 50
20 if(k.lt.k3)goto50
goto 60
50 continue
60 return
end
c -----
c subroutine spmsol(n,lmax,nemax,inl,vl,rv,c)
c subroutine for general sparse matrix solution
c n=order of matrix, lmax=max.value of pointer, nemax=size
c of two vectors inl(nemax) and vl(nemax), rv(n)=right
c hand side vector,c=working place
c
dimension vl(nemax),inl(nemax),rv(n),c(2,n),r(2)
ier=0
lcur=1
np=n-1
do1j=1,n
do1i=1,2
c(i,j)=0.
1 continue
do10i1=1,np
i=i1
call spcrp(i,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l11,l21,ld1,ni1)
if(ni1.eq.0)goto10
do2j=i1,n
2 c(1,j)=0.
do3i=l11,l21
k=inl(i)
j=k-((i1-1)*n)
if(j.lt.i1)goto 3
c(1,j)=vl(i)
3 continue
r(1)=rv(i1)
c addition of rows, if diagonal = 0
if(c(1,i1).ne.0.)goto36
l22=l21+1
do31i2=l22,lmax
k=inl(i2)
i=((k-1)/n)+1
j=k-((i-1)*n)
if(j.eq.i1.and.vl(i2).ne.0.)goto32
31 continue
lab=31
goto 20
32 call spcrp(i,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l12,l22,ld2,ni2)
lab=32
do33i2=l12,l22

```

```

k=inl(i2)
j=k-((i-1)*n)
if(j.lt.i1)goto 33
x=vl(i2)
k=i1
call spear(nemax,k,j,n,lcur,lmax,inl,x,vl,2,ier)
if(ier.ne.0) GOTO 20
33 continue
rv(i1)=rv(i1)+rv(i)
call spcrp(k,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l11,l21,ld1,ni1)
do34j=1,n
34 c(1,j)=0.
do35i=l11,l21
k=inl(i)
j=k-((i1-1)*n)
if(j.lt.i1)goto35
c(1,j)=vl(i)
35 continue
r(1)=rv(i1)
36 na=i1+1
do8i2=na,n
i=i2
call spcrp(i,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l12,l22,ld2,ni2)
if(ni2.eq.0)goto 8
do4j=i1,n
4 c(2,j)=0.
do5i=l12,l22
k=inl(i)
j=k-((i2-1)*n)
if(j.lt.i1)goto 5
c(2,j)=vl(i)
5 continue
r(2)=rv(i2)
xa=c(2,i1)/c(1,i1)
rv(i2)=r(2)-(r(1)*xa)
i=i2
lab=6
do6j1=i1,n
j=j1
x=0.
if(j.ne.i1)x=c(2,j)-(c(1,j)*xa)
nsp=0
if(c(2,j).eq.0..and.x.ne.0.)nsp=2
if(c(2,j).ne.0..and.x.eq.0.)nsp=3
if(c(2,j).ne.0..and.x.ne.0.)nsp=4
if(nsp.ne.0)call spear(nemax,i,j,n,lcur,lmax,inl,x,vl,nsp,ier)
if(ier.ne.0) goto 20
6 continue
8 continue
10 continue
k1=inl(1)

```

```

k2=inl(lmax)
i1=((k1-1)/n)+1
i2=((k2-1)/n)+1
if((((i1-1)*n)+i1).ne.k1.or((((i2-1)*n)+i2).ne.k2)goto20
imin=n-i2+2
imax=n-i1+1
rv(i2)=rv(i2)/vl(lmax)
lab=15
do15is=imin,imax
i1=n-is+1
i=i1
call spcrp(i,n,lmax,nemax,inl,l11,l21,ld1,ni1)
if(ni1.eq.0)rv(i1)=0.
if(ni1.eq.0)goto15
if(ld1.eq.0)goto20
if(ld1.ne.0) then
if(vl(ld1).eq.0.)goto20
endif
l12=ld1+1
if(i1.eq.n)goto14
do12j=l12,l21
k1=inl(j)
j1=k1-((i1-1)*n)
12 rv(i1)=rv(i1)-(vl(j)*rv(j1))
14 rv(i1)=rv(i1)/vl(ld1)
15 continue
return
20 write(*,*)'err stop in sub spmsol at label= ',lab
stop
end
subroutine stcoef
c character rkey
c computing coefficients for steady solution of heat conduction
c -----
c ns=number of stages, nsf=number of fan stages
c
common /htd1/ndum(5),ndtop(20,8,6),ndmax(20),splen(20,8,4),
$arnod(20,8,4),htcap(20,8),casrad(20),excfcs,nexpr(20),excf
$(20,4),radex(20,4),tradd(145),xlco(2,170),xlro(2,170),rotdis(20)
$,dtimcl,rrv(145),cwork(300),rrvp(145),nexnod(4,20),
$nexcas(20),t0cas,tcas,rocas,ucas,trotor,rpm,rorot,urot,ditem
$,nboht,twcas,nemax,wfstrf,nrotcs,trchi(20),trcho(20),txw0(20),
$ttawm(20),tpawm(20),tvol(20),permax,txwc(20),ttawc(20),tpawc(20)
$,tmasa(20),dwat
c xlco=(begin,end) coordinates [in] in axial direction
c outside/inside casing for specified nodes
c xlro=(begin,end) coordinates [in] in axial direction
c at outer/inner rotor radius for specified nodes
c t0cas[K],tcas[K],rocas[kg/m3],ucas[m/s] are gas-states outside
c casing
c

```

```

common /hdat/tt1c(20),tt2c(20),tt3c(20),tro1c(20),tro2c(20),
$tro3c(20),tcm1c(20),tcm2c(20),tcm3c(20),tw1c(20),tw2c(20),tc1c
$(20),tc2c(20),tc3c(20),inl(600),vl(600),twcasr(20),twbr(20),
$twbs(20),trpmc(20)
c
common /cdat3/jperfm,rhog(3),rerup,rerlow,resup,reslow
&,preb,rrtip(20),srtip(20),aaa1,aaa2,aaa3,sarea(20),sareas(20)
&,p(3),tg(3),xa,xv(3),xch4,xw(3),xww(3),xwt(3),tw(3),tww(3)
&,omegs(20),omegr(20),gapr(20),gaps(20),tsg(3),psg(3)
&,rrhub(20),rc(20),rblade(20),stager(20)
&,srhub(20),sc(20),sblade(20),stages(20)
&,sigumr(20),bet1sr(20),bet2sr(20),aincsr(20),adevsr(20)
&,sigums(20),bet1ss(20),bet2ss(20),aincss(20),adevss(20)
&,utipg(20),utip(20),utipd(20),uou(20),umean(20),uhub(20),u(20),fai
&,area(20),areas(20),uu2(20),utip2(20),umean2(20),uhub2(20),iprint
&,icent,iicent,fmr1(20),fma2(20),idesin,faid
&,ns,nsf,nsipc,bypass,ns1,rt(20),rm(20),rh(20),st(20),sm(20),sh(20)
&,dsmass,aarea(20),aareas(20),pr12d(20),pr13d(20),etard(20)
&,dr(20),ds(20),deqr(20),deqs(20),block(20),blocks(20)
&,bet1mr(20),bet2mr(20),bet1ms(20),bet2ms(20),radi1(20),radi2(20)
&,fairin(20),faiout(20),etasg(20),psid(20),taud(20),sitadr(20)
&,sitads(20),wwd(20),vvd(20)
c
c dummy arrays
dimension nnv(4),vtmp(4)
real nu
ns1=ns+1
nele=(ns*7)+5
if(nrotcs.eq.3)nele=(ns*8)+5
c
c pi=atan(1.)*4.
c
c clear space in inl,vl,rrv
c
do1i=1,nemax
inl(i)=0
1 vl(i)=0.
do2i=1,nele
2 rrv(i)=0.
3 format(a)
c
c calculate coefficient matrix, ipst=pointer on stages
c ipel = pointer on element = pointer on row
jpc = pointer on column
c
ipst=1
ipel=1
lcur=0
lmax=0
do1000ist=1,ns
if((ipst-1).ne.nsf)goto100

```

c for IGV: nerow= no.of elements in IGV,nadj=no.of adjacent nodes

```
nerow=ndmax(ipst)
tblad=(tt2c(ns1)+tt3c(ns1))*0.5
ub=(tc2c(ns1)+tc3c(ns1))*0.5
rhob=(tro2c(ns1)+tro3c(ns1))*0.5
do80i1=1,nerow
nadj=ndtop(ipst,i1,2)
do10i2=1,nadj
vtmp(i2)=0.
n3=ndtop(ipst,i1,i2+2)
nnv(i2)=n3
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
$/splen(ipst,i1,i2)
if(n3.eq.-72) then
if(i1.eq.1.or.i1.eq.2) then
if(i1.eq.1) then
x1=xlro(1,i1)
x2=xlro(2,i1)
endif
if(i1.eq.2) then
x1=xlco(1,i1)
x2=xlco(2,i1)
endif
x1=x1*0.0254
x2=x2*0.0254
tc=tt2c(ns1)
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tc/300.0)**0.6
ro=tro2c(ns1)
uz=tc2c(ns1)
re1=ro*uz*x1/xmu
re2=ro*uz*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
xk=xmu*1415.493
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(i1.eq.4) then
xl=sc(ns1)*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tblad/300.0)**0.6
re=rhob*ub*x1/xmu
nu=0.02063*re**0.8
xk=xmu*1415.493
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
endif
if(n3.eq.-73) then
x1=xlco(1,i1)*0.0254
x2=xlco(2,i1)*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.0)**0.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
```

```

re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1
$,i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-76) then
x1=xlro(1,i1)*.0254
x2=xlro(2,i1)*.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(trotor/300.）**.6
re1=rrotot*urot*x1/xmu
re2=rrotot*urot*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
xk=xmu*1415.493
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
c  write(*,*)'10:i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2):',i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2)
10  continue
sum=0.
do12i2=1,nadj
12  sum=sum+vtmp(i2)
do13i2=1,nadj
13  vtmp(i2)=vtmp(i2)/sum
call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,-1.,vl,2,ier)
ichk=14
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
do20i2=1,nadj
n3=nnv(i2)
if(n3.eq.-75)vtmp(i2)=0.
if(n3.lt.0.and.n3.ne.-75) then
if((i1.eq.2.or.i1.eq.3).and.(n3.eq.-73.or.n3.eq.-74)) then
tc=t0cas
rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
vtmp(i2)=0.
endif
if(i1.eq.1) then
if(n3.eq.-74.or.n3.eq.-76)tc=trotor
if(n3.eq.-72)tc=(tt2c(ns1)+tt2c(ns1))*0.5
rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
vtmp(i2)=0.
endif
if(i1.eq.2.and.n3.eq.-72) then
tc=tt2c(ns1)
rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
vtmp(i2)=0.
endif
if(i1.eq.4.and.n3.eq.-72)then
tc=(tt2c(ns1)+tt2c(ns1))*0.5
rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
vtmp(i2)=0.
endif
endif

```

```

endif
if(n3.gt.0.and.vtmp(i2).ne.0.) then
  jpc=n3
  val=vtmp(i2)
  call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)
  ichk=20
  if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
endif
20 continue
c write(*,*)'20:ipel,ipst,nele,lmax:',ipel,ipst,nele,lmax
c read(*,3)rkey
ipel=ipel+1
80 continue
ipst=ipst+1
100 continue
c for stage nerow= no.of elements,nadj=no.of adjacent nodes
nerow=ndmax(ipst)
tbladr=(tt1c(ist)+tt2c(ist))*0.5
ubr=(tw1c(ist)+tw2c(ist))*0.5
ubmr=(tcm1c(ist)+tcm2c(ist))*0.5
xmur=1.8366e-5*(tbladr/300.0)**0.6
xkr=xmur*1415.493
rhobr=(tro1c(ist)+tro2c(ist))*0.5
tblads=(tt3c(ist)+tt2c(ist))*0.5
ubs=(tc3c(ist)+tc2c(ist))*0.5
ubms=(tcm3c(ist)+tcm2c(ist))*0.5
xmus=1.8366e-5*(tblads/300.0)**0.6
xks=xmus*1415.493
rhobs=(tro2c(ist)+tro3c(ist))*0.5
do180i1=1,nerow
nadj=ndtop(ipst,i1,2)
do110i2=1,nadj
vtmp(i2)=0.
n3=ndtop(ipst,i1,i2+2)
nnv(i2)=n3
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
$/splen(ipst,i1,i2)
if(n3.eq.-71) then
  if(i1.eq.1)xl=rc(ist)*0.0254
  if(i1.eq.5)xl=abs(xlcso(2,ipel)-xlcso(1,ipel))*0.0254
  re=rhobr*ubr*xl/xmur
  nu=0.02063*re**0.8
  vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-72) then
  if(i1.eq.7)xl=sc(ist)*0.0254
  if(i1.eq.4)xl=abs(xlro(2,ipel)-xlro(1,ipel))*0.0254
  re=rhobs*ubs*xl/xmur
  nu=0.02063*re**0.8
  vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif

```

```

if(n3.eq.-73.and.i2.eq.3) then
x1=xlco(1,ipel)*0.0254
x2=xlco(2,ipel)*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.)*0.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,
$i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-76) then
if(i1.eq.4) then
x1=xlro(1,ipel)*.0254
x2=xlro(2,ipel)*.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(trotor/300.)**.6
re1=rrot*urot*x1/xmu
re2=rrot*urot*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
xk=xmu*1415.493
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(i1.eq.3) then
rrot=rotdis(ist)*.0254
omega=pi*rpm/30.
betdt=deltem/trotor
xmu=1.8366e-5*(trotor/300.)**.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
nu=0.0054*(rrot**2.*urot*rrot/xmu)**0.3*((rrot*omega/xmu)**2*
$betdt)**0.25
vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((1/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
endif
if(n3.eq.-77) then
if(nrotcs.eq.2.or.(nrotcs.eq.3.and.i1.eq.3)) then
xwc=txw0(ist)
tc=ttawm(ist)
trotin=tc
xvc=0.
pb=tpawm(ist)
rmc=(trchi(ist)+trcho(ist))*0.0127
xl=abs(trcho(ist)-trchi(ist))*0.0254
call mixprp(tc,pb,xvc,xwc,cpm,rhom,xmum,xkm,xkwat)
omega=pi*rpm/30.
gr=rmc*(omega*rhom/xmum)**2*deltem*xl**3/tc
pran=xmum*cpm/xkm
if(gr.le.1.e9)nu=0.508*(pran*gr/(pran+0.952))**0.25
if(gr.gt.1.e9)nu=0.024*(pran**1.17*gr/(1.+(pran**.666667*.494)
$))**0.4

```

c if water present water thickness taken as 5 micron


```

dw=0.
if(xwc.gt.0.)dw=dwat
vtmp(i2)=
$arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((x1/(xkm*nu))+(dw/xkwat)+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
vtmps=vtmp(i2)
endif
if(nrotcs.eq.3)vtmp(i2)=vtmps
endif
c write(*,*)'110:i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2):',i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2)
110 continue
sum=0.
do112i2=1,nadj
112 sum=sum+vtmp(i2)
do113i2=1,nadj
113 vtmp(i2)=vtmp(i2)/sum
call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,-1.,vl,2,ier)
ichk=114
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
do120i2=1,nadj
n3=nnv(i2)
if(n3.eq.-75)vtmp(i2)=0.
if((n3.lt.0.and.n3.ne.-75.and.n3.ne.-77).or.(n3.eq.-77.and.
$nrotcs.eq.2)) then
if(n3.eq.-71)tc=(tt1c(ist)+tt2c(ist))*0.5
if(n3.eq.-72)tc=(tt2c(ist)+tt3c(ist))*0.5
if(i2.eq.3.and.(n3.eq.-73.or.n3.eq.-74))tc=t0cas
if(i2.eq.4.and.n3.eq.-74)tc=trotor
if(n3.eq.-76)tc=trotor
if(n3.eq.-77.and.nrotcs.eq.2)tc=trocin
rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
vtmp(i2)=0.
endif
if((n3.gt.0.or.(n3.eq.-77.and.nrotcs.eq.3)).and.vtmp(i2).ne.0.)
$then
val=vtmp(i2)
jpc=n3
if(n3.eq.-77) then
if(i1.eq.3) jpc=((ist-1)*8)+12
if(i1.eq.8) jpc=((ist-1)*8)+7
endif
call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)
ichk=120
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
endif
120 continue
c write(*,*)'120:ipel,ipst,nele,lmax:',ipel,ipst,nele,lmax
c read(*,3)rkey
ipel=ipel+1
180 continue
ipst=ipst+1
1000 continue

```

```

c
c  post-stage
c
  nadj=ndtop(ipst,1,2)
  do210i2=1,nadj
    vtmp(i2)=0.
    n3=ndtop(ipst,1,i2+2)
    nnv(i2)=n3
    if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,1,i2)
    $/splen(ipst,1,i2)
    if(n3.eq.-72) then
      xl=abs(xlcso(2,ipel)-xlcso(1,ipel))*0.0254
      tc=tt3c(ns)
      xmu=1.8366e-5*(tc/300.)**.6
      xk=xmu*1415.493
      re=tro3c(ns)*tcm3c(ns)*xl/xmu
      nu=0.02063*re**0.8
      vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,1,i2))
    endif
    if(n3.eq.-73) then
      x1=xlcso(1,ipel)*0.0254
      x2=xlcso(2,ipel)*0.0254
      xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.)**0.6
      xk=xmu*1415.493
      re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
      re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
      nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
      vtmp(i2)=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,
      $i2))
    endif
c  write(*,*)'110:i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2):',i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2)
210  continue
    sum=0.
    do212i2=1,nadj
212  sum=sum+vtmp(i2)
    do213i2=1,nadj
213  vtmp(i2)=vtmp(i2)/sum
    call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,-1.,vl,2,ier)
    ichk=214
    if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
    do220i2=1,nadj
      n3=nnv(i2)
      if(n3.eq.-75)vtmp(i2)=0.
      if(n3.lt.0.and.n3.ne.-75) then
        if(n3.eq.-72)tc=(tt2c(ist)+tt3c(ist))*0.5
        if(i2.eq.3.and.(n3.eq.-73.or.n3.eq.-74))tc=t0cas
        rrv(ipel)=rrv(ipel)-(vtmp(i2)*tc)
        vtmp(i2)=0.
      endif
      val=vtmp(i2)
      if(n3.gt.0.and.val.ne.0.) then

```

```

jpc=n3
call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)
ichk=220
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
endif
220 continue
c  write(*,*)'220:ipel,ipst,nele,lmax:',ipel,ipst,nele,lmax
c  read(*,3)rkey
  if(lmax.ge.nemax) then
    write(*,*)'insufficient space in arrays inl(),vl().'
    write(*,*)'increase value of nemax, and array size of ',
    '$inl(),vl() to more than',lmax
    write(*,*)'recompile and run after correction'
    stop
  endif
c  solution of equations
  call spmsol(nele,lmax,nemax,inl,vl,rrv,cwork)
  if(nrotcs.gt.1) then
    rair=8314.3/28.964
    do230i1=1,ns
      txwc(i1)=txw0(i1)
      ttawc(i1)=ttawm(i1)
      tpawc(i1)=tpawm(i1)
      tmasa(i1)=tpawm(i1)*1.e5*tvol(i1)/(rair*ttawm(i1))
      if(nrotcs.eq.3)rrv(((i1-1)*8)+12)=ttawc(i1)
230 continue
    endif
    return
1005 write(*,*)
    $'err stop in sub stcoef, ichk,ier,lcur,lmax,nemax= ',
    $'ichk,ier,lcur,lmax,nemax
    stop
  end
  subroutine tdcoef
c  character rkey
c  computing coefficients for steady solution of heat conduction
c  -----
c  ns=number of stages, nsf=number of fan stages
c  nopt=1/2 for steady-state/time-dependent solution
c
  common /htd1/ndum(5),ndtop(20,8,6),ndmax(20),splen(20,8,4),
  $arnod(20,8,4),htcap(20,8),casrad(20),excfcs,nexpr(20),excfr
  $(20,4),radex(20,4),tradd(145),xlcs0(2,170),xlro(2,170),rotdis(20)
  $,dtimcl,rrv(145),cwork(300),rrvp(145),nexnod(4,20),
  $nexcas(20),t0cas,tcas,rocas,ucas,trotor,rpm,rorot,urot,deltm
  $,nboht,twcas,nemax,wfstrf,nrotcs,trchi(20),trcho(20),txw0(20),
  $ttawm(20),tpawm(20),tvol(20),permax,txwc(20),ttawc(20),tpawc(20)
  $,tmasa(20),dwat
c  xlcs0=(begin,end) coordinates [in] in axial direction
c  xlro=(begin,end) coordinates [in] in axial direction

```

```

c      at outer/inner rotor radius for specified nodes
c      t0cas[K],tcas[K],rocas[kg/m3],ucas[m/s] are gas-states outside
c      casing
c
c      common /hdat/tt1c(20),tt2c(20),tt3c(20),tro1c(20),tro2c(20),
$tro3c(20),tcm1c(20),tcm2c(20),tcm3c(20),tw1c(20),tw2c(20),tc1c
$(20),tc2c(20),tc3c(20),inl(600),vl(600),twcasr(20),twbr(20),
$twbs(20),trpmc(20)
c
c      common /cdat3/jperfm,rhog(3),rerup,rerlow,resup,reslow
&,preb,rrtip(20),srtp(20),aaa1,aaa2,aaa3,sarea(20),sareas(20)
&,p(3),tg(3),xa,xv(3),xch4,xw(3),xww(3),xwt(3),tw(3),tww(3)
&,omegs(20),omegr(20),gapr(20),gaps(20),tsg(3),psg(3)
&,rrhub(20),rc(20),rblade(20),stager(20)
&,srhub(20),sc(20),sblade(20),stages(20)
&,sigumr(20),bet1sr(20),bet2sr(20),aincsr(20),adevsr(20)
&,sigums(20),bet1ss(20),bet2ss(20),aincss(20),adevss(20)
&,utipg(20),utip(20),utipd(20),uou(20),umean(20),uhub(20),u(20),fai
&,area(20),areas(20),uu2(20),utip2(20),umean2(20),uhub2(20),iprint
&,icent,iicent,fmr1(20),fma2(20),idesin,faid
&,ns,nsf,nsipc,bypass,ns1,rt(20),rm(20),rh(20),st(20),sm(20),sh(20)
&,dsmass,aarea(20),aareas(20),pr12d(20),pr13d(20),etard(20)
&,dr(20),ds(20),deqr(20),deqs(20),block(20),blocks(20)
&,bet1mr(20),bet2mr(20),bet1ms(20),bet2ms(20),radi1(20),radi2(20)
&,fairin(20),faiout(20),etasg(20),psid(20),taud(20),sitadr(20)
&,sitads(20),wwd(20),vvd(20)
c
c      dimension nnv(4),vtmp(4)
c      real nu
c
c      pi=atan(1.)*4.
c      ns1=ns+1
c      if(nrotcs.eq.3), compute heat capacity for 8th node in each stage.
c      if(nrotcs.eq.3) then
c      do401 i=1,ns
c      xwc=txwc(i)
c      xvc=txw0(i)-txwc(i)
c      tc=ttawc(i)
c      pb=tpawc(i)
c      call mixprp(tc,pb,xvc,xwc,cpm,rhom,xmum,xkm,xkwat)
c      htcap(i+1,8)=rhom*tvol(i)*cpm
c      write(*,*)'tdc:i,rho,vol,cpm,Mc=',i,rhom,tvol(i),cpm,htcap(i+1,8)
401 continue
c      read(*,3)rkey
c      endif
c3 format(a)
c
c      clear space in inl,vl; store away old data to rrvp
c
c      nele=(ns*7)+5
c      if(nrotcs.eq.3)nele=(ns*8)+5

```

```

do1i=1,nemax
inl(i)=0
1  vl(i)=0.
do2i=1,nele
rrvp(i)=rrv(i)
2  rrv(i)=0.
c
c calculate coefficient matrix, ipst=pointer on stages
c ipel = pointer on element = pointer on row
c ipc = pointer on column
c
ipst=1
ipel=1
lcur=0
lmax=0
do1000ist=1,ns
if((ipst-1).ne.nsf)goto100
c for IGV: nerow= no.of elements in IGV,nadj=no.of adjacent nodes
dtime=dtimcl
nerow=ndmax(ipst)
tblad=((tt2c(ns1)+tt3c(ns1))*0.5
ub=(tc2c(ns1)+tc3c(ns1))*0.5
rhob=(tro2c(ns1)+tro3c(ns1))*0.5
do80i1=1,nerow
nadj=ndtop(ipst,i1,2)
htc=htcap(ipst,i1)
con=dtime*0.5/htc
ajtj=0.
aktk=0.
aos=0.
do10i2=1,nadj
heff=0.
n3=ndtop(ipst,i1,i2+2)
nnv(i2)=n3
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
$/splen(ipst,i1,i2)
if(n3.eq.-72) then
if(i1.eq.1.or.i1.eq.2) then
if(i1.eq.1) then
x1=xlro(1,i1)
x2=xlro(2,i1)
tc=tblad
endif
if(i1.eq.2) then
x1=xlco(1,i1)
x2=xlco(2,i1)
tc=tt2c(ns1)
endif
x1=x1*0.0254
x2=x2*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tc/300.)**.6

```

```

ro=tro2c(ns1)
uz=tcm2c(ns1)
re1=ro*uz*x1/xmu
re2=ro*uz*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
endif
if(i1.eq.4) then
xl=sc(ns1)*.0254
tc=tblad
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tblad/300.）**0.6
re=rhob*ub*xl/xmu
nu=0.02063*re**0.8
endif
xk=xmu*1415.493
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-73) then
tc=t0cas
x1=xlcs(1,i1)*.0254
x2=xlcs(2,i1)*.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.）**0.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,
$i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-76) then
tc=trotor
x1=xlro(1,i1)*.0254
x2=xlro(2,i1)*.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(trotor/300.）**.6
re1=rrot*urot*x1/xmu
re2=rrot*urot*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
xk=xmu*1415.493
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(twcas.ne.0.) then
if(i2.eq.3.and.(i1.eq.2.or.i1.eq.3)) then
tout=t0cas
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurf=((tout-tnode)*heff*spln(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurf*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twcas)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(spln(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+spln(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
endif

```

```

twc=twbs(ns1)
if(twc.gt.0.and.i1.eq.4.and.i2.eq.2) then
tout=tblad
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twc)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
vtmp(i2)=heff*con
c write(*,*)'10:i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2):',i1,i2,nadj,n3,vtmp(i2)
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.3)tc=t0cas
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.4)tc=trotor
if(n3.gt.0)ajtj=ajtj+(vtmp(i2)*rrvp(n3))
aos=aos+vtmp(i2)
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-75)goto 10
aktk=aktk+(tc*vtmp(i2))
vtmp(i2)=0.
10 continue
c aktk=sum(ak'*Tk); ajtj=sum(aj'*Tj), j.ne.(k.or.l)
do14i2=1,nadj
n3=nnv(i2)
13 if(n3.lt.0)goto 14
val=-vtmp(i2)
jpc=n3
call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)
ichk=13
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
14 continue
rrv(ipel)=(rrvp(ipel)*(1.-aos))+ajtj+(aktk*2.)
vc=1.+aos
call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,vc,vl,2,ier)
ichk=14
if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
c write(*,*)'80:ipel,ipst,nele,lmax:',ipel,ipst,nele,lmax
c read(*,3)rkey
ipel=ipel+1
80 continue
ipst=ipst+1
100 continue
c for stage nerow= no.of elements,nadj=no.of adjacent nodes
nerow=ndmax(ipst)
dtime=dtimcl
tbladr=(tt1c(ist)+tt2c(ist))*0.5
ubr=(tw1c(ist)+tw2c(ist))*0.5
ubmr=(tcm1c(ist)+tcm2c(ist))*0.5
xmur=1.8366e-5*(tbladr/300.)**0.6
xkr=xmur*1415.493
rhobr=(tro1c(ist)+tro2c(ist))*0.5
tblads=(tt3c(ist)+tt2c(ist))*0.5
ubs=(tc3c(ist)+tc2c(ist))*0.5

```

```

ubms=(tcm3c(ist)+tcm2c(ist))*0.5
xmus=1.8366e-5*(tblads/300.)**.6
xks=xmus*1415.493
rhobs=(tro2c(ist)+tro3c(ist))*0.5
do180i1=1,nerow
if(i1.gt.4)dtime=dtimcl
nadj=ndtop(ipst,i1,2)
htc=htcap(ipst,i1)
con=dtime*.5/htc
aktk=0.
ajtj=0.
aos=0.
do110i2=1,nadj
heff=0.
n3=ndtop(ipst,i1,i2+2)
nnv(i2)=n3
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
$/splen(ipst,i1,i2)
if(n3.eq.-71) then
if(i1.eq.1)xl=rc(ist)*0.0254
if(i1.eq.5)xl=abs(xlcso(2,ipel)-xlcso(1,ipel))*0.0254
re=rhobr*ubr*xl/xmur
nu=0.02063*re**.8
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
tc=tbladr
endif
if(n3.eq.-72) then
if(i1.eq.7)xl=sc(ist)*0.0254
if(i1.eq.4)xl=abs(xlro(2,ipel)-xlro(1,ipel))*0.0254
re=rhobs*ubs*xl/xmur
nu=0.02063*re**.8
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
tc=tblads
endif
if(n3.eq.-73.and.i2.eq.3) then
x1=xlcso(1,ipel)*0.0254
x2=xlcso(2,ipel)*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.)*0.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**.8-re1**.8)/0.8
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,
$i1,i2))
tc=t0cas
endif
if(n3.eq.-76) then
tc=trotor
xmu=1.8366e-5*(trotor/300.)**.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
if(i1.eq.4) then

```



```

x1=xlro(1,ipel)*.0254
x2=xlro(2,ipel)*.0254
re1=rerot*urot*x1/xmu
re2=rerot*urot*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
xl=abs(x2-x1)
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
if(i1.eq.3) then
rroti=rotdis(ist)*.0254
omega=pi*trpmc(ist)/30.
delt=deltem
do105il=1,10
betdt=abs(delt)/trotor
nu=0.0054*(rorot*2.*urot*rroti/xmu)**0.3*((rorot*omega/xmu)**2
$*betdt)**0.25
arn=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
heff=arn/((1./(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
deltn=abs((rrvp(ipel)-trotor)*(1.-(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*heff/arn)))
dell=deltn-delt
delt=deltn
if(abs(dell).lt.(abs(delt)*1.e-5))goto106
105 continue
106 continue
endif
endif
if(n3.eq.-77) then
if(nrotcs.eq.2.or.(nrotcs.eq.3.and.i1.eq.3)) then
xwc=txwc(ist)
tc=ttawc(ist)
trotin=tc
xvc=txw0(ist)-xwc
pb=tpawc(ist)
rmc=(trchi(ist)+trcho(ist))*0.0127
xl=abs(trcho(ist)-trchi(ist))*0.0254
call mixprp(tc,pb,xvc,xwc,cpm,rhom,xmum,xkm,xkwat)
omega=pi*trpmc(ist)/30.
pran=xmum*cpm/xkm
if(nrotcs.eq.3)tmet=rrvp(((ist-1)*8)+7)
if(nrotcs.eq.2)tmet=rrvp(((ist-1)*7)+7)
xls=splen(ipst,i1,i2)
arn=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)
c if water present water thickness taken as given
dw=0.
if(xwc.gt.0.)dw=dwat
delt=deltem
do107il=1,10
gr=rmc*(omega*rhom/xmum)**2*abs(delt)*xl**3/tc
if(gr.le.1.e9)nu=0.508*(pran*gr/(pran+0.952))**0.25
if(gr.gt.1.e9)nu=0.024*(pran**1.17*gr/(1.+(pran**.666667*.494)
$))**.4

```

```

heff=abs(arn/((xl/(xkm*nu)))+(dw/xkwat)+xls))
deltn=abs(tc-tmet)*(1.-(heff*xls/arn))
dell=deltn-delt
delt=abs(deltn)
if(abs(dell).lt.(abs(delt*1.e-5)))goto108
107 continue
108 continue
heffs=heff
endif
if(nrotcs.eq.3)heff=heffs
endif
if(twc.as.ne.0) then
if(i2.eq.3.and.(i1.eq.5.or.i1.eq.6))then
tout=tocas
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twcas)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
endif
twc=twbr(ist)
if(twc.gt.0..and.(i1.eq.1.or.i1.eq.5)) then
if((i1.eq.1.and.i2.eq.2).or.(i1.eq.5.and.i2.eq.4)) then
tout=tbladr
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twc)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
endif
twc=twbs(ist)
if(twc.gt.0..and.i1.eq.7.and.i2.eq.2) then
tout=tblads
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twc)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
vtmp(i2)=heff*con
aos=aos+vtmp(i2)
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.3)tc=tocas
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.4)tc=trotor
if(n3.gt.0)ajtj=ajtj+(vtmp(i2)*rrvp(n3))
if(n3.eq.-77.and.nrotcs.eq.3) then
if(i1.eq.3)jpc=((ist-1)*8)+12
if(i1.eq.8)jpc=((ist-1)*9)+7
ajtj=ajtj+(vtmp(i2)*rrvp(jpc))
endif

```

```

c   write(*,*)'110:i1,i2,nadj,n3,heff,con:',i1,i2,nadj,n3,heff,con
   if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-75.or.(n3.eq.-77.and.nrotcs.eq.3))goto 110
   aktk=aktk+(tc*vtmp(i2))
   vtmp(i2)=0.
110  continue
     do114i2=1,nadj
       n3=nnv(i2)
113  if((n3.lt.-70.and.n3.gt.-77).or.(n3.eq.-77.and.nrotcs.eq.2))
     $goto 114
     val=-vtmp(i2)
     jpc=n3
     if(n3.eq.-77) then
       if(i1.eq.3)jpc=((ist-1)*8)+12
       if(i1.eq.8)jpc=((ist-1)*9)+7
     endif
     call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)
     ichk=113
     if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
114  continue
     rrv(ipel)=(rrvp(ipel)*(1.-aos))+ajtj+(aktk*2.)
     vc=1.+aos
     call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,vc,vl,2,ier)
     ichk=114
     if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
c   write(*,*)'120:ipel,ipst,nele,lmax:',ipel,ipst,nele,lmax
c   read(*,3)rkey
   ipel=ipel+1
180  continue
   ipst=ipst+1
1000 continue
c
c   post-stage
c
   dtime=dtimcl
   nadj=ndtop(ipst,1,2)
   htc=htcap(ipst,1)
   con=dtime*.5/htc
   aktk=0.
   ajtj=0.
   aos=0.
   i1=1
   do210i2=1,nadj
     heff=0.
     n3=ndtop(ipst,1,i2+2)
     nnv(i2)=n3
     if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-74)heff=arnod(ipst,1,i2)
   $/splen(ipst,1,i2)
     if(n3.eq.-72) then
       xl=abs(xlcso(2,ipel)-xlcso(1,ipel))*0.0254
       tc=tt3c(ns)
       xmu=1.8366e-5*(tc/300.)**.6

```

```

xk=xmu*1415.493
re=tro3c(ns)*tcm3c(ns)*xl/xmu
nu=0.02063*re**0.8
heff=arnod(ipst,1,i2)/((xl/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,1,i2))
endif
if(n3.eq.-73) then
x1=xlco(1,ipel)*0.0254
x2=xlco(2,ipel)*0.0254
xmu=1.8366e-5*(tcas/300.)**0.6
xk=xmu*1415.493
re1=rocas*ucas*x1/xmu
re2=rocas*ucas*x2/xmu
nu=0.02063*abs(re2**0.8-re1**0.8)/0.8
heff=arnod(ipst,i1,i2)/((abs(x2-x1)/(nu*xk))+splen(ipst,
$il,i2))
tc=tocas
endif
if(twc.as.ne.0.and.i2.eq.3) then
tout=tocas
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twcas)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
twc=twbs(ns)
if(twc.gt.0.and.i2.eq.4) then
tout=tt3c(ns)
tnode=rrvp(ipel)
tsurfo=((tout-tnode)*heff*splen(ipst,i1,i2))+tnode
tsurf=(tsurfo*(1.-wfstrf))+(wfstrf*twc)
hcor=(tsurf-tnode)/(splen(ipst,i1,i2)*(tout-tsurf))
heff=1./((1./abs(hcor))+splen(ipst,i1,i2))
endif
vtmp(i2)=heff*con
c  write(*,*)'210:i1,i2,nadj,n3,heff,con:',i1,i2,nadj,n3,heff,con
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.3)tc=tocas
if(n3.eq.-74.and.i2.eq.4)tc=trotor
aos=aos+vtmp(i2)
if(n3.gt.0)ajtj=ajtj+(vtmp(i2)*rrvp(n3))
if(n3.gt.0.or.n3.eq.-75)goto 210
aktk=aktk+(tc*vtmp(i2))
vtmp(i2)=0.
210 continue
c  read(*,3)rkey
do214i2=1,nadj
n3=nnv(i2)
213 if(n3.lt.0)goto 214
val=-vtmp(i2)
jpc=n3
call spear(nemax,ipel,jpc,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,val,vl,2,ier)

```

```

      ichk=213
      if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
214  continue
      rrv(ipel)=(rrvp(ipel)*(1.-aos))+ajtj+(aktk*2.)
      vc=1.+aos
      call spear(nemax,ipel,ipel,nele,lcur,lmax,inl,vc,vl,2,ier)
      ichk=214
      if(ier.ne.0)goto1005
220  continue
c    solution of equations
      call spmsol(nele,lmax,nemax,inl,vl,rrv,cwork)
c    for (nrotcs=3), check evaporation and renewal of fluid
      if(nrotcs.eq.3) then
        rair=8314.3/28.964
        do 408i=1,ns
          xwmin=txw0(i)*(1.-(pemax*.01))
          xwc=txwc(i)
          xvc=txw0(i)-txwc(i)
          ind=((i-1)*8)+12
          tcp=rrvp(ind)
          tcnew=rrv(ind)
          pb=tpawc(i)
          call mixprp(tcp,pb,xvc,xwc,cpm,rhom,xmum,xkm,xkwat)
c    boiling temperature
          tc=tcnew
          tb=tcnew
          do402j=1,2
          if(tb.le.373.16) then
            aa=5.96659
            ab=2224.4
          endif
          if(tb.gt.373.16.and.tb.lt.473.16) then
            aa=5.63729
            ab=2101.1
          endif
          if(tb.ge.473.16) then
            aa=5.44021
            ab=2010.8
          endif
          tb=ab/(aa-alog10(pb))
402  continue
          if(tc.lt.tb) then
            ttawc(i)=tc
            goto 408
          endif
          if(tc.gt.645.155) then
            txwc(i)=0.
            goto403
          endif
          if(tc.gt.tb) then
c    Latent heat of vaporization (J/kg)

```

```

    if(tb.lt.373.16)alv=(3169.151-(2.444599*tb))*1000.
    if(tb.ge.373.16.and.tb.lt.473.16)alv=(3439.074-(3.16802*tb))
    $*1000.
    if(tb.ge.473.16.and.tb.lt.573.16)alv=(4473.395-(5.3541*tb))
    $*1000.
    if(tb.ge.573.16.and.tb.lt.645.155)alv=(12586.86-(19.5984*tb))
    $*1000.
    delxw=(1.+txw0(i))*cpm*(tc-tb)/alv
    xwc=xwc+delxw
    txwc(i)=xwc
    tc=tb
    rrv(ind)=tb
endif
pair=tmasa(i)*rair*tc/(tvol(i)*1.e-5)
tpawc(i)=pair*(1.+(1.609*(txw0(i)-txwc(i))))
ttawc(i)=tc
403 if(txwc(i).le.xwmin) then
c renewal of fluid, if water content goes less than a minimum value
txwc(i)=ttawm(i)
tpawc(i)=tpawm(i)
ttawc(i)=ttawm(i)
rrv(ind)=ttawc(i)
endif
408 continue
endif
return
1005 write(*,*)'err stop in sub tdcoef, ichk,ier,lcur,lmax= ',
    $ichk,ier,lcur,lmax
stop
end
subroutine mixprp(tkin,pbar,xv,xw,cpm,rhom,xmum,xkm,xkw)
c mixture properties of air+water+vapor (homogeneous fluid model)
c input: tkin(oK)=temp.in degrees Kelvin,pbar=pressure in bar;
c xv=kg_vapor/kg_air,xw=kg_water/kg_air
c output:cpm(J/kg-K)=spec.heat,rhom(kg/m**3)=density;
c xmum(kg/m-s)=dyn.viscosity,xkm(W/m-K)=heat conductivity.
tk=tkin
if(tk.lt.273.16.and.xw.gt.0.) tk=273.16
c water can not remain liquid at temp.<= 0C, property calculation
c is done at 0C.
if(tk.ge.645.16)then
xv=xv+xw
xw=0.
endif
c water and vapor content converted into mass fraction
xm=1.+xv+xw
xxa=1./xm
xxv=xv/xm
xxw=xw/xm
c specific heat (J/kg-K)
ra=8314.3/28.964

```

```

cpa=(3.65359-(1.33736e-3*tk)+(3.29421e-6*tk**2)-(1.91142e-9*tk**3)
$+(0.275462e-12*tk**4))*ra
cpv=1795.419
if(tk.ge.273.16.and.tk.le.473.16)cpv=563.8315+(4.508666*tk)
if(tk.gt.473.16)cpv=-12840.96+(32.83839*tk)
cpw=4183.
if(tk.lt.290.16)cpw=4852.528-(2.305889*tk)
if(tk.gt.373.16.and.tk.le.583.16)cpw=2058.532+(5.641311*tk)
if(tk.ge.583.16)cpw=-77253.31+(142.6763*tk)
cpm=(xxa*cpa)+(xxv*cpv)+(xxw*cpw)
c density(kg/m**3)
rhom=pbar*1.e5/(tk*ra)*xm
c viscosity coefficients (kg/m-K)
if(tk.le.573.16)xmuv=(-0.3970778+(0.03456057*tk))*1.e-6
if(tk.gt.573.16.and.tk.le.645.16)xmuv=(-169.9568+(0.3303916*tk))
$*1.e-6
if(tk.gt.645.16)xmuv=4.3199e-5*(tk/645.16)**0.6
if(tk.lt.293.16)xmuw=(12571.45-(39.56894*tk))*1.e-6
if(tk.ge.293.16.and.tk.lt.373.16)xmuw=(3547.392-(8.786854*tk))
$*1.e-6
if(tk.ge.373.16)xmuw=(1210.4-(3.51718*tk)+(2.661133e-3*tk**2))
$*1.e-6
xmua=1.872e-5*(tk/300.)**.6
xmum=(xxv*xmuv)+(xxa*xmua)+(xxw*xmuw)
c heat conductivity coefficient (W/m-K)
xka=xmua*cpa/0.71
if(tk.lt.473.16)xkv=(-15.04779+(0.1140167*tk))*0.001
if(tk.ge.473.16.and.tk.lt.573.16)xkv=(-105.84+(0.3059*tk))*0.001
if(tk.ge.573.16.and.tk.le.645.16)xkv=(-10673.88+(18.74326*tk))
$*0.001
if(tk.gt.645.16)xkv=1.419*(tk/645.16)**0.6
if(tk.lt.573.16)xkw=(596.9995+(0.02097965*tk))*0.001
if(tk.ge.573.16)xkw=(-5838.816+(11.24961*tk))*0.001
xkm=(xxv*xkv)+(xxa*xka)+(xxw*xkw)
return
end

```

APPENDIX D

File 1: A1: case1.inp (for dry air)

Input Data - Dry Case

0.450

01

01

01

00

02 00 02 00

06.95 07.64

2.520 2.453

2.170 2.436

1.909 2.383

36.00 26.00

49.20 51.40

37.20 38.10

18.10 18.50

07.35 08.10 08.73

2.142 1.844 1.617

1.880 1.665 1.484

1.563 1.451 1.326

36.00 40.00 46.00

37.00 37.80 37.90

28.70 30.90 31.80

20.80 23.90 25.40

1.000 0.715

1.106 0.891

1.541 1.260

0.857 0.834 0.853

0.958 0.929 0.940

1.198 1.125 1.099

32.03 33.20 32.39

23.91 25.81 26.12

12.54 14.46 16.02

1.00

0.000 1 0.000 1 0

0602.00 0597.00 1944.00

0020.0 0600.0

08879.0 0602.00 1944.00 08879.0 08879.0

0.000 0000.00000

028.970 18.000 16.00

050.0 00300.0

0.57700 0.72800

0.79000 0.86000

14.469 14.237

14.366 14.116 13.913

2

14.47 14.24

11.28 11.30

6.947 7.639

14.47 14.24

14.37 14.12

11.21 11.36
 07.35 08.10
 14.37 14.12
 0.985 0.950
 0.945 0.955 0.965
 1 1 2
 51.00 56.15
 42.70 45.60
 37.90 31.85
 47.40 46.65
 31.70 30.60
 -1.70 5.150
 54.22 54.00 55.65
 40.40 43.95 46.25
 37.00 41.75 45.00
 26.22 26.80 25.05
 17.00 17.85 17.35
 04.60 06.05 05.80
 011.300000 000.0000000
 1.288 1.232
 1.254 1.233
 1.277 1.201
 1.277 1.222
 1.248 1.227
 1.262 1.184
 0.886 0.943
 0.912 0.962
 0.911 0.927
 00.3758249 00.3220294
 00.3386056 00.2975193
 00.3498541 00.2657488
 00.3650267 00.3138522 00.2768841
 00.3095849 00.2832251 00.2416014
 00.2780559 00.2453565 00.2246608
 080.00
 0.0010 0.0010
 04.503 04.534
 2
 02116.2 00518.7
 2.3000 1.4600
 0.0900 0.0900
 1.0000 1.5000
 588.5 576.6 558.3
 653.9 634.6 625.3
 613.4 725.9 684.6
 526.5 511.4 502.8
 632.0 606.5 591.6
 722.3 729.5 680.0
 560.5 543.5
 623.2 610.3
 718.2 676.2

0.3759 0.3219
0.3692 0.3241
0.3290 0.2545
done

APPENDIX D

File 2: A2:case2.inp (for air with 4 percent water)

Input Data - Wet Case 1

0.450

01

01

02

04

02 00 02 00

06.95 07.64

2.520 2.453

2.170 2.436

1.909 2.383

36.00 26.00

49.20 51.40

37.20 38.10

18.10 18.50

07.35 08.10 08.73

2.142 1.844 1.617

1.880 1.665 1.484

1.563 1.451 1.326

36.00 40.00 46.00

37.00 37.80 37.90

28.70 30.90 31.80

20.80 23.90 25.40

1.000 0.715

1.106 0.891

1.541 1.260

0.857 0.834 0.853

0.958 0.929 0.940

1.198 1.125 1.099

32.03 33.20 32.39

23.91 25.81 26.12

12.54 14.46 16.02

1.00

0.000 1 1.000 1 0

0602.00 0597.00 1944.00

0020.0 0600.0

08879.0 0602.00 1944.00 08879.0 08879.0

0.000 0000.00000

028.970 18.000 16.00

050.0 00300.0

0.57700 0.72800

0.79000 0.86000

14.469 14.237

14.366 14.116 13.913

2

14.47 14.24

11.28 11.30

6.947 7.639

14.47 14.24

14.37 14.12

11.21 11.36
 07.35 08.10
 14.37 14.12
 0.985 0.950
 0.945 0.955 0.965
 1 1 2
 51.00 56.15
 42.70 45.60
 37.90 31.85
 47.40 46.65
 31.70 30.60
 -1.70 5.15
 54.22 54.00 55.65
 40.40 43.95 46.25
 37.00 41.75 45.00
 26.22 26.80 25.05
 17.00 17.85 17.35
 04.60 06.05 05.80
 011.300000 000.0000000
 1.288 1.232
 1.254 1.233
 1.277 1.201
 1.277 1.222
 1.248 1.227
 1.262 1.184
 0.886 0.943
 0.912 0.962
 0.911 0.927
 00.3758249 00.3220294
 00.3386056 00.2975193
 00.3498541 00.2657488
 00.3650267 00.3138522 00.2768841
 00.3095849 00.2832251 00.2416014
 00.2780559 00.2453565 00.2246608
 080.00
 0.0010 0.0010
 04.503 04.534
 2
 02116.2 00518.7
 2.3000 1.4600
 0.0900 0.0900
 1.0000 1.5000
 588.5 576.6 558.3
 653.9 634.6 625.3
 613.4 725.9 684.6
 526.5 511.4 502.8
 632.0 606.5 591.6
 722.3 729.5 680.0
 560.5 543.5
 623.2 610.3
 718.2 676.2

0.375 90.3219
0.369 20.3241
0.329 00.2545
done

APPENDIX D

File 3: B1: blheat1.inp (for solid rotor disk)

2 0 7 4 1
 2 4 2.4145E+02
 -75 6 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 2.7860E-03 2.4660E-03
 4.7800E-04 7.6910E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 1.6219E+02
 -75 3 -73 -72
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.4020E-03 1.2260E-03
 1.2460E-04 2.8170E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.0453E+02
 2 9 -73 4
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.7680E-03 1.5460E-03
 2.8170E-04 5.4300E-04 2.4930E-04 3.5380E-03
 6 2 1.3700E+01
 3 -72
 1.5460E-03 1.0350E-02
 3.5380E-03 5.6540E-04
 7
 6 2 3.4170E+01
 6 -71
 1.3520E-03 2.1190E-02
 5.0520E-03 6.8900E-05
 11 4 1.1540E+02
 1 8 5 7
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 1.3520E-03 1.1580E-03
 7.6910E-04 8.2630E-04 5.0520E-03 2.7710E-04
 15 2 1.1943E+02
 6 -76
 1.1580E-03 3.1290E-03
 5.0530E-04 1.9404E-04
 2 4 2.8021E+02
 6 13 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 1.1820E-03 3.0470E-03 2.6320E-03
 8.2630E-04 9.0380E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 5.8508E+02
 3 10 -73 -71
 2.6280E-03 3.4610E-03 4.9390E-03 4.3270E-03
 5.4300E-04 5.7260E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 3.5465E+02
 9 16 -73 11
 5.3460E-03 5.3460E-03 3.0600E-03 2.6860E-02
 5.9260E-04 6.1760E-04 2.4930E-04 4.7070E-03
 6 2 2.9360E+01
 10 -72
 2.6860E-03 1.7510E-02
 4.7070E-03 7.1630E-05
 7
 6 2 3.7990E+01
 13 -71

2.6070E-03 2.0980E-02
 4.4680E-03 7.7340E-05
 11 4 2.2407E+02
 8 15 12 14
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 2.6070E-03 2.2660E-03
 9.0380E-04 9.2270E-04 4.4680E-03 2.7710E-04
 15 2 2.4196E+02
 13 -76
 2.2660E-03 5.1180E-03
 5.0530E-04 2.4580E-04
 2 4 3.5765E+02
 12 -75 -72 -76
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 4.1450E-02 3.6320E-03
 9.2270E-04 5.5410E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 7.5884E+02
 10 17 -73 -71
 3.4610E-03 3.0640E-03 6.5450E-03 5.7390E-03
 6.1760E-04 6.4890E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.7030E+02
 16 19 -73 18
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 2.3340E-03 2.0450E-03
 6.4890E-04 3.0260E-04 2.4930E-04 4.0720E-03
 6 2 1.9880E+01
 17 -72
 2.0450E-03 1.3390E-02
 4.0720E-03 6.3440E-05
 12 4 1.8915E+02
 17 -75 -73 -72
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 1.6340E-03 1.4310E-03
 3.0260E-04 1.2460E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 2.8380E+00
 0.0000E+00 1.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0000E+00 2.2610E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 2.8380E+00 4.6660E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 4.6660E+00 7.8440E+00
 2.2610E+00 5.3560E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.3560E+00 7.0160E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 7.8440E+00 1.0033E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0033E+01 1.3322E+01
 7.0160E+00 1.0793E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0793E+01 1.2222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.2222E+01 1.3222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.88000E-06
 2 9 14.477 2.950
 5 6
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 7.5200E+00 6.9500E+00
 2 16 14.247 3.640
 12 13
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 6.6000E+00 7.6400E+00

APPENDIX D

File 4: B2:blheat2.inp (for rotor disk internally cooled with dry air)

2 0 7 4 2
 2 4 2.4145E+02
 -75 6 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 2.7860E-03 2.4660E-03
 4.7800E-04 7.6910E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 1.6219E+02
 -75 3 -73 -72
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.4020E-03 1.2260E-03
 1.2460E-04 2.8170E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.0453E+02
 2 9 -73 4
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.7680E-03 1.5460E-03
 2.8170E-04 5.4300E-04 2.4930E-04 3.5380E-03
 6 2 1.3700E+01
 3 -72
 1.5460E-03 1.0350E-02
 3.5380E-03 5.6540E-04
 7
 6 2 3.4170E+01
 6 -71
 1.3520E-03 2.1190E-02
 5.0520E-03 6.8900E-05
 11 4 1.1540E+02
 1 8 5 7
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 1.3520E-03 1.1580E-03
 7.6910E-04 8.2630E-04 5.0520E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 6.5591E+02
 6 -76 -77
 6.9460E-03 1.8770E-02 1.3400E-03
 5.0530E-04 1.9404E-04 6.5410E-05
 2 4 2.8021E+02
 6 13 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 1.1820E-03 3.0470E-03 2.6320E-03
 8.2630E-04 9.0380E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 5.8508E+02
 3 10 -73 -71
 2.6280E-03 3.4610E-03 4.9390E-03 4.3270E-03
 5.4300E-04 5.7260E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 3.5465E+02
 9 16 -73 11
 5.3460E-03 5.3460E-03 3.0600E-03 2.6860E-02
 5.9260E-04 6.1760E-04 2.4930E-04 4.7070E-03
 6 2 2.9360E+01
 10 -72
 2.6860E-03 1.7510E-02
 4.7070E-03 7.1630E-05
 7
 6 2 3.7990E+01
 13 -71
 2.6070E-03 2.0980E-02

4.4680E-03 7.7340E-05
 11 4 2.2407E+02
 8 15 12 14
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 2.6070E-03 2.2660E-03
 9.0380E-04 9.2270E-04 4.4680E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 1.1970E+03
 13 -76 -77
 1.1800E-03 2.6610E-02 1.3400E-03
 5.0530E-04 2.4580E-04 7.5550E-05
 2 4 3.5765E+02
 12 -75 -72 -76
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 4.1450E-02 3.6320E-03
 9.2270E-04 5.5410E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 7.5884E+02
 10 17 -73 -71
 3.4610E-03 3.0640E-03 6.5450E-03 5.7390E-03
 6.1760E-04 6.4890E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.7030E+02
 16 19 -73 18
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 2.3340E-03 2.0450E-03
 6.4890E-04 3.0260E-04 2.4930E-04 4.0720E-03
 6 2 1.9880E+01
 17 -72
 2.0450E-03 1.3390E-02
 4.0720E-03 6.3440E-05
 12 4 1.8915E+02
 17 -75 -73 -72
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 1.6340E-03 1.4310E-03
 3.0260E-04 1.2460E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 2.8380E+00
 0.0000E+00 1.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0000E+00 2.2610E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 2.8380E+00 4.6660E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 4.6660E+00 7.8440E+00
 2.2610E+00 5.3560E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.3560E+00 7.0160E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 7.8440E+00 1.0033E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0033E+01 1.3322E+01
 7.0160E+00 1.0793E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0793E+01 1.2222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.2222E+01 1.3222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.88000E-06
 2 9 14.477 2.950
 5 6
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 7.5200E+00 6.9500E+00
 2 16 14.247 3.640
 12 13
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 6.6000E+00 7.6400E+00
 3.05 5.85 1.676e-3 0. 288. 1.1
 3.44 6.54 1.676e-3 0. 288. 1.1
 5.e-6

APPENDIX D

File 5: B3:blheat3.inp
(for rotor disk internally cooled with air-water mixture)

2 0 7 4 2
 2 4 2.4145E+02
 -75 6 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 2.7860E-03 2.4660E-03
 4.7800E-04 7.6910E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 1.6219E+02
 -75 3 -73 -72
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.4020E-03 1.2260E-03
 1.2460E-04 2.8170E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.0453E+02
 2 9 -73 4
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.7680E-03 1.5460E-03
 2.8170E-04 5.4300E-04 2.4930E-04 3.5380E-03
 6 2 1.3700E+01
 3 -72
 1.5460E-03 1.0350E-02
 3.5380E-03 5.6540E-04
 7
 6 2 3.4170E+01
 6 -71
 1.3520E-03 2.1190E-02
 5.0520E-03 6.8900E-05
 11 4 1.1540E+02
 1 8 5 7
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 1.3520E-03 1.1580E-03
 7.6910E-04 8.2630E-04 5.0520E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 6.5591E+02
 6 -76 -77
 6.9460E-03 1.8770E-02 1.3400E-03
 5.0530E-04 1.9404E-04 6.5410E-05
 2 4 2.8021E+02
 6 13 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 1.1820E-03 3.0470E-03 2.6320E-03
 8.2630E-04 9.0380E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 5.8508E+02
 3 10 -73 -71
 2.6280E-03 3.4610E-03 4.9390E-03 4.3270E-03
 5.4300E-04 5.7260E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 3.5465E+02
 9 16 -73 11
 5.3460E-03 5.3460E-03 3.0600E-03 2.6860E-02
 5.9260E-04 6.1760E-04 2.4930E-04 4.7070E-03
 6 2 2.9360E+01
 10 -72
 2.6860E-03 1.7510E-02
 4.7070E-03 7.1630E-05
 7
 6 2 3.7990E+01
 13 -71
 2.6070E-03 2.0980E-02

4.4680E-03 7.7340E-05
 11 4 2.2407E+02
 8 15 12 14
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 2.6070E-03 2.2660E-03
 9.0380E-04 9.2270E-04 4.4680E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 1.1970E+03
 13 -76 -77
 1.1800E-03 2.6610E-02 1.3400E-03
 5.0530E-04 2.4580E-04 7.5550E-05
 2 4 3.5765E+02
 12 -75 -72 -76
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 4.1450E-02 3.6320E-03
 9.2270E-04 5.5410E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 7.5884E+02
 10 17 -73 -71
 3.4610E-03 3.0640E-03 6.5450E-03 5.7390E-03
 6.1760E-04 6.4890E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.7030E+02
 16 19 -73 18
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 2.3340E-03 2.0450E-03
 6.4890E-04 3.0260E-04 2.4930E-04 4.0720E-03
 6 2 1.9880E+01
 17 -72
 2.0450E-03 1.3390E-02
 4.0720E-03 6.3440E-05
 12 4 1.8915E+02
 17 -75 -73 -72
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 1.6340E-03 1.4310E-03
 3.0260E-04 1.2460E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 2.8380E+00
 0.0000E+00 1.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0000E+00 2.2610E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 2.8380E+00 4.6660E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 4.6660E+00 7.8440E+00
 2.2610E+00 5.3560E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.3560E+00 7.0160E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 7.8440E+00 1.0033E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0033E+01 1.3322E+01
 7.0160E+00 1.0793E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0793E+01 1.2222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.2222E+01 1.3222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.88000E-06
 2 9 14.477 2.950
 5 6
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 7.5200E+00 6.9500E+00
 2 16 14.247 3.640
 12 13
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 6.6000E+00 7.6400E+00
 3.05 5.85 1.676e-3 .08 288. 1.1
 3.44 6.54 1.676e-3 .08 288. 1.1
 5.0000E-6

APPENDIX D

File 6: B4: blheat4.inp
(for rotor disk internally cooled with stagnant air-water mixture renewed
periodically)

2 0 7 4 3
 2 4 2.4145E+02
 -75 6 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 2.7860E-03 2.4660E-03
 4.7800E-04 7.6910E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 1.6219E+02
 -75 3 -73 -72
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.4020E-03 1.2260E-03
 1.2460E-04 2.8170E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.0453E+02
 2 9 -73 4
 2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.7680E-03 1.5460E-03
 2.8170E-04 5.4300E-04 2.4930E-04 3.5380E-03
 6 2 1.3700E+01
 3 -72
 1.5460E-03 1.0350E-02
 3.5380E-03 5.6540E-04
 8
 6 2 3.4170E+01
 6 -71
 1.3520E-03 2.1190E-02
 5.0520E-03 6.8900E-05
 11 4 1.1540E+02
 1 8 5 7
 9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 1.3520E-03 1.1580E-03
 7.6910E-04 8.2630E-04 5.0520E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 6.5591e+02
 6 -76 -77
 6.9460e-03 1.8770e-02 1.3400e-03
 5.0530E-04 1.9404E-04 6.5410e-05
 2 4 2.8021E+02
 6 14 -72 -76
 9.2520E-04 1.1820E-03 3.0470E-03 2.6320E-03
 8.2630E-04 9.0380E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 5.8508E+02
 3 10 -73 -71
 2.6280E-03 3.4610E-03 4.9390E-03 4.3270E-03
 5.4300E-04 5.7260E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 3.5465E+02
 9 17 -73 11
 5.3460E-03 5.3460E-03 3.0600E-03 2.6860E-02
 5.9260E-04 6.1760E-04 2.4930E-04 4.7070E-03
 6 2 2.9360E+01
 10 -72
 2.6860E-03 1.7510E-02
 4.7070E-03 7.1630E-05
 8 1 0.0000E+00
 -77
 1.3400e-3
 6.5410e-5

8
 6 2 3.7990E+01
 14 -71
 2.6070E-03 2.0980E-02
 4.4680E-03 7.7340E-05
 11 4 2.2407E+02
 8 16 13 15
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 2.6070E-03 2.2660E-03
 9.0380E-04 9.2270E-04 4.4680E-03 2.7710E-04
 16 3 1.1970E+03
 14 -76 -77
 1.1800E-03 2.6610E-02 1.3400E-03
 5.0530E-04 2.4580E-04 7.5550E-05
 2 4 3.5765E+02
 14 -75 -72 -76
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 4.1450E-02 3.6320E-03
 9.2270E-04 5.5410E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 12 4 7.5884E+02
 10 18 -73 -71
 3.4610E-03 3.0640E-03 6.5450E-03 5.7390E-03
 6.1760E-04 6.4890E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 14 4 2.7030E+02
 17 21 -73 19
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 2.3340E-03 2.0450E-03
 6.4890E-04 3.0260E-04 2.4930E-04 4.0720E-03
 6 2 1.9880E+01
 18 -72
 2.0450E-03 1.3390E-02
 4.0720E-03 6.3440E-05
 8 1 0.0000E+00
 -77
 1.3400E-03
 7.5550E-05
 12 4 1.8915E+02
 18 -75 -73 -72
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 1.6340E-03 1.4310E-03
 3.0260E-04 1.2460E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 2.8380E+00
 0.0000E+00 1.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0000E+00 2.2610E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 2.8380E+00 4.6660E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 4.6660E+00 7.8440E+00
 2.2610E+00 5.3560E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.3560E+00 7.0160E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 7.8440E+00 1.0033E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0033E+01 1.3322E+01
 7.0160E+00 1.0793E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.0793E+01 1.2222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 1.2222E+01 1.3222E+01
 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
 5.88000E-06
 2 9 14.477 2.950
 5 6
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 7.5200E+00 6.9500E+00
 2 17 14.247 3.640
 13 14
 1.1760E-05 1.1760E-05
 6.6000E+00 7.6400E+00
 3.05 5.85 1.676e-3 .08 288. 1.1
 3.44 6.54 1.676e-3 .08 288. 1.1
 5.0000E-06
 50.

APPENDIX E
File 1: case1.out

Input Data - Dry Case
Compressor flow adiabatic
icase= 0

phi design = 0.7773584

inlet phi = 0.4500000
Opsi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
jsweep= 100

MEAN

fraction of design speed = 1.00000

>>>>>>>>> loop number 2 <<<<<<<<<<

igv area= 0.241601

nhg number of streamlines = 10.22089

1 ***** input data

heat transfer after rotor and stator version

0 number of stages= 2 (fan 0, lpc 2, hpc 0)

performance at mean

0 vapor is centrifuged

0 large droplets in rotor free stream are not centrifuged

stage	1	2	3
rrhub(i)	6.95	7.64	
rc(i)	2.170	2.436	
rblade(i)	36.00	26.00	
stager(i)	37.20	38.10	
stages(i)	28.70	30.90	31.80
srhub(i)	7.35	8.10	8.73
sc(i)	1.880	1.665	1.484
sblade(i)	36.00	40.00	46.00
sigumr(i)	1.106	0.891	
sigums(i)	0.958	0.929	0.940
bet2ss(i)	23.91	25.81	26.12
gapr(i)	0.577	0.728	
gaps(i)	0.790	0.860	
rrtip(i)	14.47	14.24	
srtip(i)	14.37	14.12	13.91
rt(i)	14.47	14.24	
rm(i)	11.28	11.30	
rh(i)	6.95	7.64	
st(i)	14.37	14.12	
sm(i)	11.21	11.36	
sh(i)	7.35	8.10	
block(i)	0.985	0.950	
blocks(i)	0.945	0.955	0.965
bet1mr(i)	42.70	45.60	
bet2mr(i)	31.70	30.60	

```

bet1ms(i) 40.40 43.95 46.25
bet2ms(i) 17.00 17.85 17.35
pr12d(i) 1.254 1.233
pr13d(i) 1.248 1.227
etard(i) 0.912 0.962
dvz1(i) 653.9 634.6 625.3
dvz2(i) 632.0 606.5 591.6
dvz3(i) 623.2 610.3
ak1(i) 2.300 1.460
ak2(i) 0.090 0.090
ak3(i) 1.000 1.500
1 ***** input data *****
0 fnf(fraction of design corrected speed)=1.000
0 xdin(initial water content of small droplet)=0.000
  xddin(initial water content of large droplet)=0.000
  rhumid(initial relative humidity)= 0.00 per cent
  xch4(initial methane content)=0.000
0 t0g(compressor inlet total temprature of gas)= 602.00
  t0w(compressor inlet temprature of droplret)= 597.00
  p0(compressor inlet total pressure)=1944.00
0 din(initial droplet diameter of small droplet)= 20.0
  ddin(initial droplet diameter of large droplet)= 600.0
0 fnd(design rotational speed)= 8879.0
0 dsmass(design stream mass flow rate)= 11.3000
0 bypass ratio = 0.0000
0 compressor inlet total temprature(gas phase) 602.00 r
0 compressor inlet total pressure=1944.00 lb/ft**2
0 preb(percent of water that rebound after impingement)= 50.0 percent
0 rotor speed= 9565.4 rpm
0 corrected rotor speed= 8879.0 rpm( 100.0per cent of design corrected speed)
0 molecular weight of air= 28.9700
0 maximum diameter of small droplets= 300.0 microns
0 rotor corrected speed at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of lpc at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of hpc at the design point= 8879.0
  design flow coefficient at inlet = 0.777358

1 ***** design point information *****
0 ***** compressor inlet *****
0 total temprature at compressor inlet(R)= 602.00000
  total pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1944.00
  static temprature at compressor inlet(R)= 556.98975
  static pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1480.37
  static density at compressor inlet(lbm/ft**3)= 0.04982
0 acoustic speed at compressor inlet(ft/s)=1156.55713
  axial velocity at compressor inlet(ft/s)= 625.29999
  mach number at compressor inlet= -0.63642
  streamtube area at compressor inlet(ft**2)= 0.24160
  flow coefficient at compressor inlet= 0.77736
1 ***** design point information *****
0 ***** stage= 1 *****

```

```

0      total      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet 602.000 1944.000 554.852 1460.540 0.049
  rotor outlet 646.018 2437.776 582.467 1694.070 0.055
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet 653.90002 728.27600 901.76440 320.62540 620.96191
  rotor outlet 632.00000 875.68225 762.34113 606.13159 329.61261
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet 941.587 0.653 0.781 622.410 2185.063
  rotor outlet 935.744 0.741 0.645 630.648 5747.708
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet 26.12000 43.52000 0.33861 11.28000 0.54140
  rotor outlet 43.80309 25.61799 0.30958 11.21000 0.52327
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.24800
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.89109
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.25400
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.91200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.07312
1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** stage= 2 *****
0      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet 646.018 2426.112 606.280 1941.056 0.060
  rotor outlet 687.268 2991.396 632.514 2232.765 0.066
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet 634.59998 694.17151 916.97321 281.34848 661.90845
  rotor outlet 606.50000 813.80762 725.84167 542.62378 405.64148
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet 943.257 0.574 0.760 675.988 2845.161
  rotor outlet 948.265 0.661 0.589 676.086 6382.674
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet 23.91000 46.20665 0.29752 11.30000 0.53399
  rotor outlet 41.81838 33.97677 0.28323 11.36000 0.51034
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.22700
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.93777
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.23300
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.96200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.06385
1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** overall performance at design point *****
0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00
0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00
0 corrected mass flow rate= 135.446
0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.5313
0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1416

```

```

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.9102
0 overall temperature rise= 85.268
0      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
bet1sr(i) 43.52 46.21
bet2sr(i) 25.62 33.98
aincsr(i) 0.82 0.61
adevsr(i) -6.08 3.38
bet1ss(i) 43.80 41.82
bet2ss(i) 23.91 25.81 26.12
aincss(i) 3.40 -2.13
adevss(i) 6.91 7.96
td(i) 602. 646.
omegr(i) 0.063 0.026
omegs(i) 0.016 0.019
sitadr(i) .0399 .0174
sitads(i) .0120 .0136
deqr(i) 1.601 1.587
deqs(i) 1.660 1.523
1 fai=0.4500000
xddin = 0.
nhg main ws(1) tg(1) p(1) rhumid = 0.00000 602.00000 1944.00000 0.00001
nhg main xv(1) xwt(1) xch4 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 vz at igv inlet = 543.50366 mach number = 0.46153
i xwt watrgn
1 0. 0.
2 0. 0.
3 0. 0.
4 0. 0.
5 0. 0.
6 0. 0.
7 0. 0.
8 0. 0.
9 0. 0.
10 0. 0.
xv(1) = 1.18659E-09
watrgt = 0.
0 istage=0 (igv)
0 0.45000 543.50366 1.00000
clear( 1)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 1
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 514.381
d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 0. 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 3 0. 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
filmas( 1) = 0.
ui = 0.

```

```

hhc = 0.
htotl = 0.
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 1 ) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
0 stage flow coefficient=0.305
  axial velocity= 368.37
  rotor speed=1207.79

0          *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure      1944.0000    2636.5400    2629.2144
static pressure     1805.3267    2192.1331    2450.7463
total temperature(gas) 602.0000    667.3978    667.3978
static temperature(gas) 589.4261    633.1794    654.1548
static density(gas)  0.0574      0.0649      0.0702
static density(mixture) 0.0574      0.0649      0.0702
0 axial velocity     368.3687    336.4398    339.1703
absolute velocity    389.0349    641.8840    399.3185
relative velocity     895.7287    514.3813
blade speed          941.5873    935.7442    943.2569
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 125.1105    546.6473
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 816.4768    389.0969
acoustic speed        1189.7568    1253.3921    1253.3827
absolute mach number  0.3270      0.5205      0.3186
relative mach number  0.7529      0.4171
0 flow coefficient    0.3050      0.2786      0.2854
flow area             0.3386      0.3280      0.3007
0 absolute flow angle 18.7592      58.3893      31.8565
relative flow angle   65.7166      49.1511
incidence             23.0166      17.9893
deviation              17.4511      14.8565
diffusion ratio        3.6653      2.6688
momentum thickness     0.1314      0.0192
omega (gas)            0.17564      0.01648
omega (total)          0.17564      0.01648
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 399.318
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 4 0. 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl arming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl arming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 1 )
*****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
stage 1 total ETA 0.82645del T 65.39777

```

0psi= 5.4154E-01 psi1= 4.4755E-01 loss= 9.3985E-02
 0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**

	(before inter- stage adjust- ment)	(after inter- stage adjust- ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wtmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.06054	0.06333	0.07015
rhom=	0.05453	0.06332	0.07013
rhog=	0.05741	0.06332	0.07013
tg=	602.00000	667.39777	667.39777
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat =	1.10863	1.00000	
p=	1944.00000	2636.54004	2629.21436
tb=	667.26837	0.00000	682.17615
tdew=	272.00754	274.47519	274.47519

writing to external plot files

clear(2)= 1.00000E-03

nhg main start calculations for stage 2

d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 581.754

d2 dwakem,rde1v1= 0. 10.00000

d3 dwakem,rde1v2= 0. 0.

ddave(n-2)(n)= 5 0. 0.

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

filmas(2)= 0.

ui = 0.

hhc = 0.

htotl = 0.

1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 2) *****

0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858

```

stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
0 stage flow coefficient=0.289
axial velocity= 343.18
rotor speed=1188.42

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure 2629.2144 3143.2791 3125.0420
static pressure 2446.6165 2724.6399 2926.7351
total temperature(gas) 667.3978 708.7260 708.7260
static temperature(gas) 653.8803 680.5155 695.6440
static density(gas) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
static density(mixture) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
0 axial velocity 343.1790 338.8469 322.4617
absolute velocity 404.0381 583.7838 397.5432
relative velocity 806.6497 581.7538
blade speed 943.2569 948.2653 0.0000
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 213.2487 475.3802
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 730.0082 472.8851
acoustic speed 1252.2930 1291.6169 1291.6661
absolute mach number 0.3226 0.4570 0.3078
relative mach number 0.6441 0.4554
0 flow coefficient 0.2888 0.2851 0.2713
flow area 0.2975 0.2816 0.2816
0 absolute flow angle 31.8565 54.5191 35.7936
relative flow angle 64.8217 54.3764
incidence 19.2217 10.5691
deviation 23.7764 17.9436
diffusion ratio 3.9221 3.4434
momentum thickness 0.0816 0.0371
omega (gas) 0.13314 0.04356
omega (total) 0.13314 0.04356
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 397.543
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 6 0. 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 2 )
*****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858
stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
stage 2 total ETA 0.81378del T 41.32819
Ops= 8.8609E-01 psi1= 7.2108E-01 loss= 1.6501E-01
0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**
(before inter- (after inter-
stage adjust- stage adjust-

```

	ment)	ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wtrmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.07385	0.07516	0.07892
rhom=	0.05453	0.07515	0.07890
rhog=	0.07013	0.07515	0.07890
tg=	667.39777	708.72595	708.72595
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.06192 1.00000			
p=	2629.21436	3143.27905	3125.04199
tb=	682.17615	0.00000	692.03601
tdew=	274.47519	268.01367	268.01367

writing to external plot files

1***** overall performance *****

0 initial flow coefficient=0.450

0 corrected speed= 8879.0 1.000 fraction of design corrected speed

0 initial water content(small droplet)=0.000

initial water content(large droplet)=0.000

initial water content(total)=0.000

initial relative humidity= 0.0 per cent

initial methane content=0.000

0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00

0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00

0 corrected mass flow rate of mixture= 120.29

0 corrected mass flow rate of gas phase 120.29

0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.6075

0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1773

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.8152

0***** performance of fan,lpc,hpc *****

	gas phase	stagnation	stagnation	adiabatic
	corrected	pressure	temperature	efficiency
	mass flow	ratio	ratio	
0 fan	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0 lpc	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

0 hpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
0psi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
i= 55
Number of loops = 100
total mass = 1.00000E-08
0psi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
i= 55
gemach = 0.273104

APPENDIX E
File 2: blheat1.out

Compressor flow adiabatic

initial clearance at ref.temp. (R)= 518.700

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 7.00092E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 6.99997E-03

initial steady thermal node and blade clearance

node no. Node temp.(K):

1 3.0957E+02 2 3.1387E+02 3 3.1467E+02 4 3.0996E+02 5 3.1591E+02 6
3.1536E+02 7 3.1469E+02 8 3.2398E+02

9 3.1757E+02 10 3.2224E+02 11 3.2962E+02 12 3.4331E+02 13 3.3565E+02 14
3.3425E+02 15 3.5303E+02 16 3.2337E+02

17 3.2321E+02 18 3.5220E+02 19 3.2239E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.82655E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 1.40285E-03

jsweep= 1

i,T(K):

1 3.0973E+02 2 3.1399E+02 3 3.1470E+02 4 3.1573E+02 5 3.2717E+02 6
3.1540E+02 7 3.1469E+02 8 3.2418E+02

9 3.1767E+02 10 3.2240E+02 11 3.3681E+02 12 3.5115E+02 13 3.3570E+02 14
3.3424E+02 15 3.5519E+02 16 3.2348E+02

17 3.2325E+02 18 3.5983E+02 19 3.2280E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.83663E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 7.99179E-04

jsweep= 10

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.88718E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 8.18253E-04

jsweep= 20

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.93486E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 8.36372E-04

jsweep= 30

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.98064E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 8.53539E-04

jsweep= 40

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.02260E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 8.70705E-04

jsweep= 50

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.06456E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 8.86917E-04

jsweep= 60
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.10271E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= 9.04083E-04

jsweep= 70
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.13990E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= 9.18388E-04

jsweep= 80
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.17519E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= 9.32693E-04

jsweep= 90
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.20761E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= 9.47952E-04

jsweep= 100

i,T(K):

1 3.0977E+02 2 3.1402E+02 3 3.1473E+02 4 3.1477E+02 5 3.2591E+02 6
3.1546E+02 7 3.1470E+02 8 3.2424E+02

9 3.1770E+02 10 3.2262E+02 11 3.3682E+02 12 3.5125E+02 13 3.3577E+02 14
3.3424E+02 15 3.5568E+02 16 3.2351E+02

17 3.2333E+02 18 3.5944E+02 19 3.2312E+02
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.94630E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= 7.85828E-04

APPENDIX E

File 3: Case2.out

Input Data - Wet Case 1
Compressor flow adiabatic
icase= 4

phi design = 0.7773584

inlet phi =0.4500000
Ops= 9.1772E-01 psi= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
jsweep= 100

MEAN

fraction of design speed = 1.00000

>>>>>>>>> loop number 2 <<<<<<<<<<<

igv area= 0.241601

nhg number of streamlines = 10.22089

1 ***** input data

heat transfer after rotor and stator version

0 number of stages= 2 (fan 0, lpc 2, hpc 0)

performance at mean

0 vapor is centrifuged

0 large droplets in rotor free stream are not centrifuged

stage	1	2	3
rrhub(i)	6.95	7.64	
rc(i)	2.170	2.436	
rblade(i)	36.00	26.00	
stager(i)	37.20	38.10	
stages(i)	28.70	30.90	31.80
srhub(i)	7.35	8.10	8.73
sc(i)	1.880	1.665	1.484
sblade(i)	36.00	40.00	46.00
sigumr(i)	1.106	0.891	
sigums(i)	0.958	0.929	0.940
bet2ss(i)	23.91	25.81	26.12
gapr(i)	0.577	0.728	
gaps(i)	0.790	0.860	
rrtip(i)	14.47	14.24	
srtp(i)	14.37	14.12	13.91
rt(i)	14.47	14.24	
rm(i)	11.28	11.30	
rh(i)	6.95	7.64	
st(i)	14.37	14.12	
sm(i)	11.21	11.36	
sh(i)	7.35	8.10	
block(i)	0.985	0.950	
blocks(i)	0.945	0.955	0.965
bet1mr(i)	42.70	45.60	
bet2mr(i)	31.70	30.60	

```

bet1ms(i) 40.40 43.95 46.25
bet2ms(i) 17.00 17.85 17.35
pr12d(i) 1.254 1.233
pr13d(i) 1.248 1.227
etard(i) 0.912 0.962
dvz1(i) 653.9 634.6 625.3
dvz2(i) 632.0 606.5 591.6
dvz3(i) 623.2 610.3
ak1(i) 2.300 1.460
ak2(i) 0.090 0.090
ak3(i) 1.000 1.500
1 ***** input data *****
0 fnf(fraction of design corrected speed)=1.000
0 xdin(initial water content of small droplet)=0.000
  xddin(initial water content of large droplet)=1.000
  rhumid(initial relative humidity)= 0.00 per cent
  xch4(initial methane content)=0.000
0 t0g(compressor inlet total temprature of gas)= 602.00
  t0w(compressor inlet temperature of droplret)= 597.00
  p0(compressor inlet total pressure)=1944.00
0 din(initial droplet diameter of small droplet)= 20.0
  ddin(initial droplet diameter of large droplet)= 600.0
0 fnd(design rotational speed)= 8879.0
0 dsmass(design stream mass flow rate)= 11.3000
0 bypass ratio = 0.0000
0 compressor inlet total temperature(gas phase) 602.00 r
0 compressor inlet total pressure=1944.00 lb/ft**2
0 preb(percent of water that rebound after impingement)= 50.0 percent
0 rotor speed= 9565.4 rpm
0 corrected rotor speed= 8879.0 rpm( 100.0per cent of design corrected speed)
0 molecular weight of air= 28.9700
0 maximum diameter of small droplets= 300.0 microns
0 rotor corrected speed at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of lpc at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of hpc at the design point= 8879.0
  design flow coefficient at inlet = 0.777358

1 ***** design point information *****
0 ***** compressor inlet *****
0 total temperature at compressor inlet(R)= 602.00000
  total pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1944.00
  static temperature at compressor inlet(R)= 556.98975
  static pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1480.37
  static density at compressor inlet(lbm/ft**3)= 0.04982
0 acoustic speed at compressor inlet(ft/s)=1156.55713
  axial velocity at compressor inlet(ft/s)= 625.29999
  mach number at compressor inlet= -0.63642
  streamtube area at compressor inlet(ft**2)= 0.24160
  flow coefficient at compressor inlet= 0.77736
1 ***** design point information *****
0 ***** stage= 1 *****

```

```

0      total      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet 602.000 1944.000 554.852 1460.540 0.049
  rotor outlet 646.018 2437.776 582.467 1694.070 0.055
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet 653.90002 728.27600 901.76440 320.62540 620.96191
  rotor outlet 632.00000 875.68225 762.34113 606.13159 329.61261
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet 941.587 0.653 0.781 622.410 2185.063
  rotor outlet 935.744 0.741 0.645 630.648 5747.708
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet 26.12000 43.52000 0.33861 11.28000 0.54140
  rotor outlet 43.80309 25.61799 0.30958 11.21000 0.52327
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.24800
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.89109
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.25400
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.91200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.07312
1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** stage= 2 *****
0      total      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet 646.018 2426.112 606.280 1941.056 0.060
  rotor outlet 687.268 2991.396 632.514 2232.765 0.066
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet 634.59998 694.17151 916.97321 281.34848 661.90845
  rotor outlet 606.50000 813.80762 725.84167 542.62378 405.64148
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet 943.257 0.574 0.760 675.988 2845.161
  rotor outlet 948.265 0.661 0.589 676.086 6382.674
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet 23.91000 46.20665 0.29752 11.30000 0.53399
  rotor outlet 41.81838 33.97677 0.28323 11.36000 0.51034
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.22700
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.93777
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.23300
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.96200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.06385
1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** overall performance at design point *****
0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00
0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00
0 corrected mass flow rate= 135.446
0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.5313
0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1416

```



```

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.9102
0 overall temperature rise= 85.268
0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10     11     12     13     14     15     16
bet1sr(i) 43.52 46.21
bet2sr(i) 25.62 33.98
aincsr(i) 0.82 0.61
adevsr(i) -6.08 3.38
bet1ss(i) 43.80 41.82
bet2ss(i) 23.91 25.81 26.12
aincss(i) 3.40 -2.13
adevss(i) 6.91 7.96
td(i) 602. 646.
omegr(i) 0.063 0.026
omegs(i) 0.016 0.019
sitadr(i) .0399 .0174
sitads(i) .0120 .0136
deqr(i) 1.601 1.587
deqs(i) 1.660 1.523
1 fai=0.4500000
xddin = 0.
nhg main ws(1) tg(1) p(1) rhumid = 0.00000 602.00000 1944.00000 0.00001
nhg main xv(1) xwt(1) xch4 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 vz at igv inlet = 543.50366 mach number = 0.46153
i      xwt      watrgn
1 0. 0.
2 0. 0.
3 0. 0.
4 0. 0.
5 0. 0.
6 0. 0.
7 0. 0.
8 0. 0.
9 0. 0.
10 0. 0.
xv(1) = 1.18659E-09
watrgt = 0.
0 istage=0 (igv)
0      0.45000      543.50366      1.00000
clear( 1)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 1
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 514.381
d2 dwakem,rdelev1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,rdelev2= 0. 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 3 0. 472.146
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 472.14648 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 472.14648 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
filmas( 1)= 5.55582E-02
ui = 23.5166

```

```

hhc = 0.750000
htotl = 7.50000E-04
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 1 ) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
0 stage flow coefficient=0.305
  axial velocity= 368.37
  rotor speed=1207.79

0      *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure      1944.0000    2636.5400    2629.2144
static pressure     1805.3267    2192.1331    2450.7463
total temperature(gas) 602.0000    667.3978    667.3978
static temperature(gas) 589.4261    633.1794    654.1548
static density(gas)  0.0574     0.0649     0.0702
static density(mixture) 0.0574     0.0649     0.0702
0 axial velocity     368.3688    336.4398    339.1703
absolute velocity    389.0350    641.8840    399.3185
relative velocity    895.7287    514.3813
blade speed          941.5873    935.7442    943.2569
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 125.1105    546.6473
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 816.4768    389.0969
acoustic speed       1189.7568    1253.3921    1253.3827
absolute mach number  0.3270     0.5205     0.3186
relative mach number  0.7529     0.4171
0 flow coefficient    0.3050     0.2786     0.2854
flow area            0.3386     0.3280     0.3007
0 absolute flow angle 18.7592     58.3893     31.8565
relative flow angle  65.7166     49.1511
incidence            23.0166     17.9893
deviation             17.4511     14.8565
diffusion ratio       3.6653     2.6688
momentum thickness    0.1314     0.0192
omega (gas)           0.17564    0.01648
omega (total)         0.17564    0.01648
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 399.318
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 4 0. 465.064
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 465.06369 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 465.06369 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 1 )
*****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
stage 1 total ETA 0.82645del T 65.39777

```

Ops= 5.4154E-01 psi= 4.4755E-01 loss= 9.3985E-02
 0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**

	(before inter- stage adjust- ment)	(after inter- stage adjust- ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00076
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmmass=	0.07102	0.07102	0.05556
wtmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.06054	0.06333	0.07015
rhom=	0.05453	0.06332	0.07013
rhog=	0.05741	0.06332	0.07013
tg=	602.00000	667.39777	667.39777
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat =	1.10863	1.00000	
p=	1944.00000	2636.54004	2629.21436
tb=	667.26837	0.00000	682.17615
tdew=	272.00754	274.47519	274.47519

writing to external plot files

clear(2)= 1.00000E-03

nhg main start calculations for stage 2

d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 581.754

d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 0. 10.00000

d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 0. 0.

ddave(n-2)(n)= 5 0. 410.474

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
 0.00000 410.47403 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 410.47403 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

filmas(2)= 5.71048E-02

ui = 272.208

hhc = 7.78868E-03

htotl = 7.78868E-06

1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 2) *****

0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858

```

stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
0 stage flow coefficient=0.289
axial velocity= 343.18
rotor speed=1188.42

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure 2629.2144 3143.2776 3125.0408
static pressure 2446.6165 2724.6399 2926.7351
total temperature(gas) 667.3978 708.7259 708.7259
static temperature(gas) 653.8803 680.5155 695.6439
static density(gas) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
static density(mixture) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
0 axial velocity 343.1790 338.8469 322.4617
absolute velocity 404.0382 583.7836 397.5429
relative velocity 806.6497 581.7543
blade speed 943.2569 948.2653 0.0000
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 213.2488 475.3798
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 730.0081 472.8856
acoustic speed 1252.2930 1291.6169 1291.6661
absolute mach number 0.3226 0.4570 0.3078
relative mach number 0.6441 0.4554
0 flow coefficient 0.2888 0.2851 0.2713
flow area 0.2975 0.2816 0.2816
0 absolute flow angle 31.8565 54.5190 35.7935
relative flow angle 64.8216 54.3764
incidence 19.2216 10.5690
deviation 23.7764 17.9435
diffusion ratio 3.9221 3.4434
momentum thickness 0.0816 0.0371
omega (gas) 0.13314 0.04356
omega (total) 0.13314 0.04356
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 397.543
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 6 0. 420.337
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 420.33719 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 420.33719 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 2)
*****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858
stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
stage 2 total ETA 0.81378del T 41.32812
Opsi= 8.8609E-01 psi1= 7.2108E-01 loss= 1.6501E-01
0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**
(before inter- (after inter-
stage adjust- stage adjust-

```

	ment)	ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00076	0.00076	0.00078
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmmass=	0.05556	0.05556	0.05710
wtmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.07385	0.07516	0.07892
rhom=	0.05453	0.07515	0.07890
rhog=	0.07013	0.07515	0.07890
tg=	667.39777	708.72589	708.72589
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.06192 1.00000			
p=	2629.21436	3143.27759	3125.04077
tb=	682.17615	0.00000	692.03601
tdew=	274.47519	268.01367	268.01367

writing to external plot files

1***** overall performance *****

0 initial flow coefficient=0.450

0 corrected speed= 8879.0 1.000 fraction of design corrected speed

0 initial water content(small droplet)=0.000

initial water content(large droplet)=0.000

initial water content(total)=0.000

initial relative humidity= 0.0 per cent

initial methane content=0.000

0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00

0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00

0 corrected mass flow rate of mixture= 120.29

0 corrected mass flow rate of gas phase 120.29

0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.6075

0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1773

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.8152

0***** performance of fan,lpc,hpc *****

0 gas phase stagnation stagnation adiabatic

0 corrected pressure temperature efficiency

0 mass flow ratio ratio

0 fan 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

0 lpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

```

0 hpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
0psi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
i= 55
1 fai=0.4500000
xddin = 4.00000E-02
nhg main ws(1) tg(1) p(1) rhumid = 0.01187 602.000001944.00000 100.00000
nhg main xv(1) xwt(1) xch4 = 0.01126 0.04000 0.00000
0 vz at igv inlet = 543.50366 mach number = 0.46995
i xwt watrgn
1 4.00000E-02 0.301641
2 4.00000E-02 0.301641
3 4.00000E-02 0.301641
4 4.00000E-02 0.301641
5 4.00000E-02 0.301641
6 4.00000E-02 0.301641
7 4.00000E-02 0.301641
8 4.00000E-02 0.301641
9 4.00000E-02 0.301641
10 4.00000E-02 0.301641
xv(1) = 1.12577E-02
watrgt = 3.01641
d0 dwakem,w2= 600.000 543.504
0 istage=0 (igv)
0 0.45000 543.50366 0.94874
clear( 1)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 1
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 515.749
d2 dwakem,rdev1= 600.000 18.9275
d3 dwakem,rdev2= 433.842 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 3 600.000 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14756 0.00000 0.03402
0.11354 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 600.00000 433.84219
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 472.14655 0.00000 0.14756 0.14756
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14756 0.00000
0.03402 0.11354 0.00000 472.14655 0.00000 600.00000 433.84219
filmas( 1)= 0.169656
ui = 23.5166
hhc = 0.750000
htotl = 7.50000E-04
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 3 600.000 472.147
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 3 600.000 472.147
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 1 ) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.33462
stage total temperature ratio= 1.10833
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.78831
0 stage flow coefficient=0.304
axial velocity= 367.58
rotor speed=1207.79

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure 1944.0000 2608.4819 2594.5100

```

static pressure	1801.3136	2148.7932	2409.4758
total temperature(gas)	602.0000	667.2146	667.2146
static temperature(gas)	589.0900	632.7929	653.9154
static density(gas)	0.0569	0.0632	0.0686
static density(mixture)	0.0593	0.0658	0.0714
0 axial velocity	367.5780	341.7137	343.5442
absolute velocity	388.1998	647.0368	402.8692
relative velocity	895.6487	515.7485	
blade speed	941.5873	935.7442	943.2569
tang. comp. of abs. vel.	124.8420	549.4436	
tang. comp. of rel. vel.	816.7454	386.3006	
acoustic speed	1168.8855	1211.4681	1230.6973
absolute mach number	0.3321	0.5341	0.3274
relative mach number	0.7662	0.4257	
0 flow coefficient	0.3043	0.2829	0.2891
flow area	0.3386	0.3280	0.3007
0 absolute flow angle	18.7592	58.1214	31.4886
relative flow angle	65.7698	48.5047	
incidence	23.0698	17.7214	
deviation		16.8047	14.4886
diffusion ratio		3.6611	2.6438
momentum thickness		0.1380	0.0191
omega (gas)		0.17676	0.01646
omega (total)		0.20246	0.03734
d1 dwakem,v3=	600.000	402.869	
d2 dwakem,sdelv1=	600.000	18.9275	
d3 dwakem,sdelv2=	400.076	0.	
n,ddave(n-2)(n)=	4	600.000	0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 =	0.08616	0.12958	0.06140 0.00584
0.01213 0.00000 0.00000 20.00000 600.00000 400.07565			
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll=	0.00000	0.00000	465.06369 4.43073 0.01798 0.27715
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 =	0.08616	0.12958	0.06140
0.00584 0.01213 4.43073 465.06369 20.00000 600.00000 400.07565			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)=	4	472.147	465.064
n,ddave(n-1)(n)=	4	472.147	465.064
xnp,tg(3),p(3)=	3.20075E+10	667.135	2594.51
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 1)			

0 stage total pressure ratio=	1.33462		
stage total temperature ratio=	1.10820		
stage adiabatic efficiency=	0.78907		
stage 1 total ETA	0.78907del T	65.13525	
Opsl=	5.4574E-01	psl= 4.3063E-01	loss= 1.1511E-01
0 **stage inlet**		**stage outlet**	**stage outlet**
	(before inter-	(after inter-	
	stage adjust-	stage adjust-	
	ment)	ment)	
xv=	0.01126	0.01126	0.01308
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.04000	0.04000	0.03818
xf=	0.00007	0.00007	0.00225

```

xwt=      0.04000      0.04000      0.03818
xair=      0.94874      0.94874      0.94874
xmetan=     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
xgas=      0.96000      0.96000      0.96182
wmass=     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
wwmass=    0.29512      0.29512      0.28170
fmass=     0.05556      0.05556      0.16966
wtmass=    0.29512      0.29512      0.28170
amass=     6.99987      6.99987      6.99987
chmass=    0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
vmass=     0.08306      0.08306      0.09648
gmass=     7.08293      7.08293      7.09635
tmass=     7.37806      7.37806      7.37806
ws=        0.01187      0.01187      0.01378
rhoa=      0.06054      0.06216      0.06484
rhom=      0.05619      0.06428      0.07118
rhog=      0.05691      0.06171      0.06847
tg=        602.00000     667.21460     667.13525
tw=        597.00000     597.00000     597.00000
tww=       597.00000     597.00000     597.44580
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.10820 1.00075
p=         1944.00000     2608.48193     2594.51001
tb=        667.26837      0.00000      681.50610
tdew=      518.09930     526.80371     531.09418
writing to external plot files
clear( 2)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 2
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 585.055
d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 600.000 18.8394
d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 363.792 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 5 472.147 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14085 0.00000 0.02855
0.11230 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 600.00000 363.79233
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 411.66669 0.00000 0.14085 0.14085
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14085 0.00000
0.02855 0.11230 0.00000 411.66669 0.00000 600.00000 363.79233
filmas( 2)= 0.476775
ui = 30.7086
hhc = 0.718209
htotl = 7.18209E-04
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 5 465.064 411.667
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 5 465.064 411.667
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 2) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.17666
stage total temperature ratio= 1.06177
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.76247
0 stage flow coefficient=0.293
axial velocity= 348.37
rotor speed=1188.42

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*

```


total pressure	2594.5100	3081.0574	3052.8523
static pressure	2404.7615	2649.0469	2846.5596
total temperature(gas)	667.1353	708.3432	708.3432
static temperature(gas)	652.9359	679.7630	695.0020
static density(gas)	0.0685	0.0724	0.0761
static density(mixture)	0.0712	0.0753	0.0792
0 axial velocity	348.3744	347.8579	330.9785
absolute velocity	408.5336	591.0604	404.3733
relative velocity	808.7470	585.0549	
blade speed	943.2569	948.2653	0.0000
tang. comp. of abs. vel.	213.3892	477.8569	
tang. comp. of rel. vel.	729.8677	470.4084	
acoustic speed	1231.5189	1256.5637	1269.8992
absolute mach number	0.3317	0.4704	0.3184
relative mach number	0.6567	0.4656	
0 flow coefficient	0.2931	0.2927	0.2785
flow area	0.2975	0.2816	0.2816
0 absolute flow angle	31.4886	53.9471	35.0653
relative flow angle	64.4843	53.5178	
incidence	18.8843	9.9971	
deviation		22.9178	17.2153
diffusion ratio		3.8691	3.3655
momentum thickness		0.0829	0.0355
omega (gas)		0.13046	0.04166
omega (total)		0.15583	0.06932
d1 dwakem,v3=	600.000	404.373	
d2 dwakem,sdelv1=	600.000	18.8394	
d3 dwakem,sdelv2=	342.674	0.	
n,ddave(n-2)(n)=	6	465.064	0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.09618 0.12391 0.04467 0.00517			
0.01177 0.00000 0.00000 20.00000 600.00000 342.67392			
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 421.20795 3.37468 0.01694 0.26476			
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.09618 0.12391 0.04467			
0.00517 0.01177 3.37468 421.20795 20.00000 600.00000 342.67392			
n,dave(n-1)(n)= 6 0. 3.37468			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 6 411.667 421.208			
n,dave(n-1)(n)= 6 0. 3.37468			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 6 411.667 421.208			
xnp,tg(3),p(3)= 3.20075E+10 708.218 3052.85			
xnp,tg(3),p(3)= 3.05521E+10 708.218 3052.85			
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 2)			

0 stage total pressure ratio=	1.17666		
stage total temperature ratio=	1.06158		
stage adiabatic efficiency=	0.76428		
stage 2 total ETA	0.77133del T	41.08319	
0psi=	8.9614E-01 psi1=	6.9122E-01 loss=	2.0492E-01
0	**stage inlet**	**stage outlet**	**stage outlet**
	(before inter-	(after inter-	
	stage adjust-	stage adjust-	
	ment)	ment)	

xv=	0.01308	0.01308	0.01789
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.03818	0.03818	0.03337
xf=	0.00225	0.00225	0.00632
xwt=	0.03818	0.03818	0.03337
xair=	0.94874	0.94874	0.94874
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	0.96182	0.96182	0.96663
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.28170	0.28170	0.24623
fmmass=	0.16966	0.16966	0.47678
wtmass=	0.28170	0.28170	0.24623
amass=	6.99987	6.99987	6.99987
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.09648	0.09648	0.13196
gmass=	7.09635	7.09635	7.13183
tmass=	7.37806	7.37806	7.37806
ws=	0.01378	0.01378	0.01885
rhoa=	0.07291	0.07330	0.07230
rhom=	0.05619	0.07557	0.07862
rhog=	0.06847	0.07269	0.07600
tg=	667.13525	708.34320	708.21844
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.44580	597.44580	598.18591
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.06158 1.00124			
p=	2594.51001	3081.05737	3052.85229
tb=	681.50610	0.00000	690.75311
tdew=	531.09418	530.05609	539.78143

writing to external plot files

1***** overall performance *****

0 initial flow coefficient=0.450

0 corrected speed= 8879.0 1.000 fraction of design corrected speed

0 initial water content(small droplet)=0.000

initial water content(large droplet)=0.040

initial water content(total)=0.040

initial relative humidity=100.0 per cent

initial methane content=0.000

0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00

0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00

0 corrected mass flow rate of mixture= 123.94

0 corrected mass flow rate of gas phase 118.99

0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.5704

0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1764

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.7729

0***** performance of fan,lpc,hpc *****

	gas phase	stagnation	stagnation	adiabatic
	corrected	pressure	temperature	efficiency
	mass flow	ratio	ratio	
0 fan	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0 lpc	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0 hpc	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

Opsi= 9.1336E-01 psi1= 7.0596E-01 loss= 2.0739E-01
i= 55
Number of loops = 100
total mass = 0.378182
Opsi= 9.1336E-01 psi1= 7.0596E-01 loss= 2.0739E-01
i= 55
gemach = 0.273104

APPENDIX E
File 4: blheat2.out

Compressor flow adiabatic

initial clearance at ref.temp. (R)= 518.700

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 7.00092E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 6.99997E-03

initial steady thermal node and blade clearance

node no. Node temp.(K):

1 3.0957E+02 2 3.1387E+02 3 3.1467E+02 4 3.0996E+02 5 3.1591E+02 6
3.1536E+02 7 3.1469E+02 8 3.2398E+02

9 3.1757E+02 10 3.2224E+02 11 3.2962E+02 12 3.4331E+02 13 3.3565E+02 14
3.3425E+02 15 3.5303E+02 16 3.2337E+02

17 3.2321E+02 18 3.5220E+02 19 3.2239E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.82655E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 1.40285E-03

jsweep= 1

i,T(K):

1 3.0992E+02 2 3.1436E+02 3 3.1634E+02 4 3.1852E+02 5 3.3901E+02 6
3.1566E+02 7 3.1471E+02 8 3.2444E+02

9 3.3160E+02 10 3.2711E+02 11 3.5678E+02 12 3.6971E+02 13 3.3610E+02 14
3.3426E+02 15 3.5800E+02 16 3.3190E+02

17 3.3556E+02 18 3.7663E+02 19 3.8593E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.95489E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 2.67029E-05

jsweep= 10

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89576E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.91006E-05

jsweep= 20

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.93009E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -6.67572E-06

jsweep= 30

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89862E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 40

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.92628E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -1.23978E-05

jsweep= 50

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89957E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 60

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.92246E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -1.62125E-05

jsweep= 70

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89957E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 80

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.91865E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -2.00272E-05

jsweep= 90

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.90053E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 100

i,T(K):

1 3.1010E+02 2 3.1475E+02 3 3.1708E+02 4 3.1948E+02 5 3.3932E+02 6
3.1580E+02 7 3.1473E+02 8 3.2468E+02

9 3.3161E+02 10 3.2908E+02 11 3.5725E+02 12 3.7011E+02 13 3.3636E+02 14
3.3428E+02 15 3.6021E+02 16 3.3192E+02

17 3.4101E+02 18 3.7951E+02 19 3.8587E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.91674E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -2.38419E-05

APPENDIX E

File 5: case3.out

Input Data - Wet Case 1
Compressor flow adiabatic
icase= 4

phi design = 0.7773584

inlet phi = 0.4500000
Opsi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
jsweep= 100

MEAN

fraction of design speed = 1.00000

>>>>>>>>> loop number 2 <<<<<<<<<<

igv area= 0.241601

nhg number of streamlines = 10.22089

1 ***** input data

heat transfer after rotor and stator version

0 number of stages= 2 (fan 0, lpc 2, hpc 0)

performance at mean

0 vapor is centrifuged

0 large droplets in rotor free stream are not centrifuged

stage	1	2	3
rrhub(i)	6.95	7.64	
rc(i)	2.170	2.436	
rblade(i)	36.00	26.00	
stager(i)	37.20	38.10	
stages(i)	28.70	30.90	31.80
srhub(i)	7.35	8.10	8.73
sc(i)	1.880	1.665	1.484
sblade(i)	36.00	40.00	46.00
sigumr(i)	1.106	0.891	
sigums(i)	0.958	0.929	0.940
bet2ss(i)	23.91	25.81	26.12
gapr(i)	0.577	0.728	
gaps(i)	0.790	0.860	
rrtip(i)	14.47	14.24	
srtp(i)	14.37	14.12	13.91
rt(i)	14.47	14.24	
rm(i)	11.28	11.30	
rh(i)	6.95	7.64	
st(i)	14.37	14.12	
sm(i)	11.21	11.36	
sh(i)	7.35	8.10	
block(i)	0.985	0.950	
blocks(i)	0.945	0.955	0.965
bet1mr(i)	42.70	45.60	
bet2mr(i)	31.70	30.60	


```

bet1ms(i) 40.40 43.95 46.25
bet2ms(i) 17.00 17.85 17.35
pr12d(i) 1.254 1.233
pr13d(i) 1.248 1.227
etard(i) 0.912 0.962
dvz1(i) 653.9 634.6 625.3
dvz2(i) 632.0 606.5 591.6
dvz3(i) 623.2 610.3
ak1(i) 2.300 1.460
ak2(i) 0.090 0.090
ak3(i) 1.000 1.500
1 ***** input data *****
0 fnf(fraction of design corrected speed)=1.000
0 xdin(initial water content of small droplet)=0.000
  xddin(initial water content of large droplet)=1.000
  rhumid(initial relative humidity)= 0.00 per cent
  xch4(initial methane content)=0.000
0 t0g(compressor inlet total temperature of gas)= 602.00
  t0w(compressor inlet temperature of droplet)= 597.00
  p0(compressor inlet total pressure)=1944.00
0 din(initial droplet diameter of small droplet)= 20.0
  ddin(initial droplet diameter of large droplet)= 600.0
0 fnd(design rotational speed)= 8879.0
0 dsmass(design stream mass flow rate)= 11.3000
0 bypass ratio = 0.0000
0 compressor inlet total temperature(gas phase) 602.00 r
0 compressor inlet total pressure=1944.00 lb/ft**2
0 preb(percent of water that rebound after impingement)= 50.0 percent
0 rotor speed= 9565.4 rpm
0 corrected rotor speed= 8879.0 rpm( 100.0per cent of design corrected speed)
0 molecular weight of air= 28.9700
0 maximum diameter of small droplets= 300.0 microns
0 rotor corrected speed at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of lpc at design point= 8879.0
  rotor corrected speed of hpc at the design point= 8879.0
  design flow coefficient at inlet = 0.777358

1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** compressor inlet *****
0 total temperature at compressor inlet(R)= 602.00000
  total pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1944.00
  static temperature at compressor inlet(R)= 556.98975
  static pressure at compressor inlet(lbf/ft**2)= 1480.37
  static density at compressor inlet(lbm/ft**3)= 0.04982
0 acoustic speed at compressor inlet(ft/s)=1156.55713
  axial velocity at compressor inlet(ft/s)= 625.29999
  mach number at compressor inlet= -0.63642
  streamtube area at compressor inlet(ft**2)= 0.24160
  flow coefficient at compressor inlet= 0.77736
1 ***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** stage= 1 *****

```

```

0      total      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet  602.000  1944.000  554.852  1460.540  0.049
  rotor outlet  646.018  2437.776  582.467  1694.070  0.055
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet  653.90002  728.27600  901.76440  320.62540  620.96191
  rotor outlet  632.00000  875.68225  762.34113  606.13159  329.61261
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet  941.587  0.653  0.781  622.410  2185.063
  rotor outlet  935.744  0.741  0.645  630.648  5747.708
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet  26.12000  43.52000  0.33861  11.28000  0.54140
  rotor outlet  43.80309  25.61799  0.30958  11.21000  0.52327
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.24800
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.89109
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.25400
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.91200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.07312
1***** design point information ***** ***
0 ***** stage= 2 *****
0      total      total      static      static      static
      temp      pressure      temp      pressure      density
0 rotor inlet  646.018  2426.112  606.280  1941.056  0.060
  rotor outlet  687.268  2991.396  632.514  2232.765  0.066
0      axial      absolute      relative      tan comp      tan comp
      velocity      velocity      velocity      of abs vel      of rel vel
0 rotor inlet  634.59998  694.17151  916.97321  281.34848  661.90845
  rotor outlet  606.50000  813.80762  725.84167  542.62378  405.64148
0      rotor      abs mach      rel mach      rel total      rel total
      speed      number      number      temp      pressure
0 rotor inlet  943.257  0.574  0.760  675.988  2845.161
  rotor outlet  948.265  0.661  0.589  676.086  6382.674
0      abs flow      rel flow      streamtube      flow
      angle      angle      area      radius      coefficient
0 rotor inlet  23.91000  46.20665  0.29752  11.30000  0.53399
  rotor outlet  41.81838  33.97677  0.28323  11.36000  0.51034
0 stage total pressure ratio at design point= 1.22700
  stage adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.93777
  rotor total pressure ratio at design point= 1.23300
  rotor adiabatic efficiency at design point= 0.96200
  rotor total temperature ratio at design point= 1.06385
1***** design point information ***** ***
0***** overall performance at design point *****
0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00
0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00
0 corrected mass flow rate= 135.446
0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.5313
0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1416

```

```

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.9102
0 overall temperature rise= 85.268
0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10     11     12     13     14     15     16
bet1sr(i) 43.52 46.21
bet2sr(i) 25.62 33.98
aincsr(i) 0.82 0.61
adevsr(i) -6.08 3.38
bet1ss(i) 43.80 41.82
bet2ss(i) 23.91 25.81 26.12
aincss(i) 3.40 -2.13
adevss(i) 6.91 7.96
td(i) 602. 646.
omegr(i) 0.063 0.026
omegs(i) 0.016 0.019
sitadr(i) .0399 .0174
sitads(i) .0120 .0136
deqr(i) 1.601 1.587
deqs(i) 1.660 1.523
1 fai=0.4500000
xddin = 0.
nhg main ws(1) tg(1) p(1) rhumid = 0.00000 602.00000 1944.00000 0.00001
nhg main xv(1) xwt(1) xch4 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0 vz at igv inlet = 543.50366 mach number = 0.46153
i      xwt      watrgn
1 0. 0.
2 0. 0.
3 0. 0.
4 0. 0.
5 0. 0.
6 0. 0.
7 0. 0.
8 0. 0.
9 0. 0.
10 0. 0.
xv(1) = 1.18659E-09
watrgt = 0.
0 istage=0 (igv)
0      0.45000      543.50366      1.00000
clear( 1)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 1
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 514.381
d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 0. 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 3 0. 472.146
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 472.14648 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 472.14648 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
filmas( 1) = 5.55582E-02
ui = 23.5166

```

```

hhc = 0.750000
htotl = 7.50000E-04
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 1 ) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
0 stage flow coefficient=0.305
  axial velocity= 368.37
  rotor speed=1207.79

0      *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure      1944.0000    2636.5400    2629.2144
static pressure     1805.3267    2192.1331    2450.7463
total temperature(gas) 602.0000    667.3978    667.3978
static temperature(gas) 589.4261    633.1794    654.1548
static density(gas)  0.0574     0.0649     0.0702
static density(mixture) 0.0574     0.0649     0.0702
0 axial velocity      368.3688    336.4398    339.1703
absolute velocity     389.0350    641.8840    399.3185
relative velocity      895.7287    514.3813
blade speed           941.5873    935.7442    943.2569
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 125.1105    546.6473
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 816.4768    389.0969
acoustic speed         1189.7568    1253.3921    1253.3827
absolute mach number    0.3270     0.5205     0.3186
relative mach number    0.7529     0.4171
0 flow coefficient     0.3050     0.2786     0.2854
flow area              0.3386     0.3280     0.3007
0 absolute flow angle  18.7592     58.3893     31.8565
relative flow angle     65.7166     49.1511
incidence              23.0166     17.9893
deviation               17.4511     14.8565
diffusion ratio         3.6653     2.6688
momentum thickness      0.1314     0.0192
omega (gas)             0.17564     0.01648
omega (total)           0.17564     0.01648
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 399.318
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 4 0. 465.064
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 465.06369 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 465.06369 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 1 )
*****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.35248
  stage total temperature ratio= 1.10863
  stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.82645
stage 1 total ETA 0.82645del T 65.39777

```

Ops= 5.4154E-01 psi1= 4.4755E-01 loss= 9.3985E-02
 0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**

	(before inter- stage adjust- ment)	(after inter- stage adjust- ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00076
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmmass=	0.07102	0.07102	0.05556
wtrmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.06054	0.06333	0.07015
rhom=	0.05453	0.06332	0.07013
rhog=	0.05741	0.06332	0.07013
tg=	602.00000	667.39777	667.39777
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.10863 1.00000			
p=	1944.00000	2636.54004	2629.21436
tb=	667.26837	0.00000	682.17615
tdew=	272.00754	274.47519	274.47519

writing to external plot files

clear(2)= 1.00000E-03

nhg main start calculations for stage 2

d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 581.754

d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 0. 10.00000

d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 0. 0.

ddave(n-2)(n)= 5 0. 410.474

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

0.00000 410.47403 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 410.47403 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000

filmas(2)= 5.71048E-02

ui = 272.208

hhc = 7.78868E-03

htotl = 7.78868E-06

1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 2) *****

0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858

```

stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
0 stage flow coefficient=0.289
axial velocity= 343.18
rotor speed=1188.42

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure 2629.2144 3143.2776 3125.0408
static pressure 2446.6165 2724.6399 2926.7351
total temperature(gas) 667.3978 708.7259 708.7259
static temperature(gas) 653.8803 680.5155 695.6439
static density(gas) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
static density(mixture) 0.0701 0.0750 0.0789
0 axial velocity 343.1790 338.8469 322.4617
absolute velocity 404.0382 583.7836 397.5429
relative velocity 806.6497 581.7543
blade speed 943.2569 948.2653 0.0000
tang. comp. of abs. vel. 213.2488 475.3798
tang. comp. of rel. vel. 730.0081 472.8856
acoustic speed 1252.2930 1291.6169 1291.6661
absolute mach number 0.3226 0.4570 0.3078
relative mach number 0.6441 0.4554
0 flow coefficient 0.2888 0.2851 0.2713
flow area 0.2975 0.2816 0.2816
0 absolute flow angle 31.8565 54.5190 35.7935
relative flow angle 64.8216 54.3764
incidence 19.2216 10.5690
deviation 23.7764 17.9435
diffusion ratio 3.9221 3.4434
momentum thickness 0.0816 0.0371
omega (gas) 0.13314 0.04356
omega (total) 0.13314 0.04356
d1 dwakem,v3= 0. 397.543
d2 dwakem,sdelv1= 0. 10.00000
d3 dwakem,sdelv2= 0. 0.
n,ddave(n-2)(n)= 6 0. 420.337
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl amlng1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 420.33719 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 420.33719 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl amlng1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 2 )
*****

0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.18858
stage total temperature ratio= 1.06192
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.81180
stage 2 total ETA 0.81378del T 41.32812
Opsl= 8.8609E-01 psil= 7.2108E-01 loss= 1.6501E-01
0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**
(before inter- (after inter-
stage adjust- stage adjust-

```

	ment)	ment)	
xv=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xf=	0.00076	0.00076	0.00078
xwt=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xair=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
fmmass=	0.05556	0.05556	0.05710
wtmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
amass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
gmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
tmass=	7.16060	7.16060	7.16060
ws=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
rhoa=	0.07385	0.07516	0.07892
rhom=	0.05453	0.07515	0.07890
rhog=	0.07013	0.07515	0.07890
tg=	667.39777	708.72589	708.72589
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.00000	0.00000	597.00000
nhg: tragas, trawat =	1.06192	1.00000	
p=	2629.21436	3143.27759	3125.04077
tb=	682.17615	0.00000	692.03601
tdew=	274.47519	268.01367	268.01367

writing to external plot files

1***** overall performance *****

0 initial flow coefficient=0.450

0 corrected speed= 8879.0 1.000 fraction of design corrected speed

0 initial water content(small droplet)=0.000

initial water content(large droplet)=0.000

initial water content(total)=0.000

initial relative humidity= 0.0 per cent

initial methane content=0.000

0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00

0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00

0 corrected mass flow rate of mixture= 120.29

0 corrected mass flow rate of gas phase 120.29

0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.6075

0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1773

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.8152

0***** performance of fan,lpc,hpc *****

0 gas phase stagnation stagnation adiabatic

0 corrected pressure temperature efficiency

0 mass flow ratio ratio

0 fan	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
0 lpc	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

```

0 hpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000
0psi= 9.1772E-01 psi1= 7.4815E-01 loss= 1.6957E-01
i= 55
1 fai=0.4500000
xddin = 4.00000E-02
nhg main ws(1) tg(1) p(1) rhumid = 0.01187 602.000001944.00000 100.00000
nhg main xv(1) xwt(1) xch4 = 0.01126 0.04000 0.00000
0 vz at igv inlet = 543.50366 mach number = 0.46995
i xwt watrgn
1 4.00000E-02 0.301641
2 4.00000E-02 0.301641
3 4.00000E-02 0.301641
4 4.00000E-02 0.301641
5 4.00000E-02 0.301641
6 4.00000E-02 0.301641
7 4.00000E-02 0.301641
8 4.00000E-02 0.301641
9 4.00000E-02 0.301641
10 4.00000E-02 0.301641
xv(1)= 1.12577E-02
watrgt = 3.01641
d0 dwakem,w2= 600.000 543.504
0 istage=0 (igv)
0 0.45000 543.50366 0.94874
clear( 1)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 1
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 515.749
d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 600.000 18.9275
d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 433.842 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 3 600.000 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14756 0.00000 0.03402
0.11354 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 600.00000 433.84219
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 472.14655 0.00000 0.14756 0.14756
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14756 0.00000
0.03402 0.11354 0.00000 472.14655 0.00000 600.00000 433.84219
filmas( 1) = 0.169656
ui = 23.5166
hhc = 0.750000
htotl = 7.50000E-04
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 3 600.000 472.147
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 3 600.000 472.147
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 1) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.33462
stage total temperature ratio= 1.10833
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.78831
0 stage flow coefficient=0.304
axial velocity= 367.58
rotor speed=1207.79

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*
total pressure 1944.0000 2608.4819 2594.5100

```


static pressure	1801.3136	2148.7932	2409.4758
total temperature(gas)	602.0000	667.2146	667.2146
static temperature(gas)	589.0900	632.7929	653.9154
static density(gas)	0.0569	0.0632	0.0686
static density(mixture)	0.0593	0.0658	0.0714
0 axial velocity	367.5780	341.7137	343.5442
absolute velocity	388.1998	647.0368	402.8692
relative velocity	895.6487	515.7485	
blade speed	941.5873	935.7442	943.2569
tang. comp. of abs. vel.	124.8420	549.4436	
tang. comp. of rel. vel.	816.7454	386.3006	
acoustic speed	1168.8855	1211.4681	1230.6973
absolute mach number	0.3321	0.5341	0.3274
relative mach number	0.7662	0.4257	
0 flow coefficient	0.3043	0.2829	0.2891
flow area	0.3386	0.3280	0.3007
0 absolute flow angle	18.7592	58.1214	31.4886
relative flow angle	65.7698	48.5047	
incidence	23.0698	17.7214	
deviation		16.8047	14.4886
diffusion ratio		3.6611	2.6438
momentum thickness		0.1380	0.0191
omega (gas)		0.17676	0.01646
omega (total)		0.20246	0.03734
d1 dwakem,v3=	600.000	402.869	
d2 dwakem,sdelv1=	600.000	18.9275	
d3 dwakem,sdelv2=	400.076	0.	
n,ddave(n-2)(n)=	4	600.000	0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 d1,ds,d1,d2,d3 =	0.08616	0.12958	0.06140 0.00584
0.01213 0.00000 0.00000 20.00000 600.00000 400.07565			
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll=	0.00000	0.00000	465.06369 4.43073 0.01798 0.27715
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 =	0.08616	0.12958	0.06140
0.00584 0.01213 4.43073 465.06369 20.00000 600.00000 400.07565			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)=	4	472.147	465.064
n,ddave(n-1)(n)=	4	472.147	465.064
xnp,tg(3),p(3)=	3.20075E+10	667.135	2594.51
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 1)			

0 stage total pressure ratio=	1.33462		
stage total temperature ratio=	1.10820		
stage adiabatic efficiency=	0.78907		
stage 1 total ETA	0.78907del T	65.13525	
Ops= 5.4574E-01 psi1= 4.3063E-01 loss= 1.1511E-01			
0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**			
(before inter-	(after inter-		
stage adjust-	stage adjust-		
ment)	ment)		
xv=	0.01126	0.01126	0.01308
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.04000	0.04000	0.03818
xf=	0.00007	0.00007	0.00225

```

xwt=      0.04000      0.04000      0.03818
xair=      0.94874      0.94874      0.94874
xmetan=     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
xgas=      0.96000      0.96000      0.96182
wmass=     0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
wwmass=    0.29512      0.29512      0.28170
fmass=     0.05556      0.05556      0.16966
wtmass=    0.29512      0.29512      0.28170
amass=     6.99987      6.99987      6.99987
chmass=    0.00000      0.00000      0.00000
vmass=     0.08306      0.08306      0.09648
gmass=     7.08293      7.08293      7.09635
tmass=     7.37806      7.37806      7.37806
ws=        0.01187      0.01187      0.01378
rhoa=      0.06054      0.06216      0.06484
rhom=      0.05619      0.06428      0.07118
rhog=      0.05691      0.06171      0.06847
tg=        602.00000     667.21460     667.13525
tw=        597.00000     597.00000     597.00000
tww=       597.00000     597.00000     597.44580
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.10820 1.00075
p=         1944.00000     2608.48193     2594.51001
tb=        667.26837      0.00000      681.50610
tdew=      518.09930     526.80371     531.09418
writing to external plot files
clear( 2)= 1.00000E-03
nhg main start calculations for stage 2
d1 dwakem,w2= 0. 585.055
d2 dwakem,rdelv1= 600.000 18.8394
d3 dwakem,rdelv2= 363.792 0.
ddave(n-2)(n)= 5 472.147 0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14085 0.00000 0.02855
0.11230 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 600.00000 363.79233
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll= 0.00000 0.00000 411.66669 0.00000 0.14085 0.14085
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.00000 0.14085 0.00000
0.02855 0.11230 0.00000 411.66669 0.00000 600.00000 363.79233
filmas( 2) = 0.476775
ui = 30.7086
hhc = 0.718209
htotl = 7.18209E-04
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 5 465.064 411.667
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 5 465.064 411.667
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (stage= 2) *****
0 stage total pressure ratio= 1.17666
stage total temperature ratio= 1.06177
stage adiabatic efficiency= 0.76247
0 stage flow coefficient=0.293
axial velocity= 348.37
rotor speed=1188.42

0 *rotor inlet* *rotor outlet* *stator outlet*

```

total pressure	2594.5100	3081.0574	3052.8523
static pressure	2404.7615	2649.0469	2846.5596
total temperature(gas)	667.1353	708.3432	708.3432
static temperature(gas)	652.9359	679.7630	695.0020
static density(gas)	0.0685	0.0724	0.0761
static density(mixture)	0.0712	0.0753	0.0792
0 axial velocity	348.3744	347.8579	330.9785
absolute velocity	408.5336	591.0604	404.3733
relative velocity	808.7470	585.0549	
blade speed	943.2569	948.2653	0.0000
tang. comp. of abs. vel.	213.3892	477.8569	
tang. comp. of rel. vel.	729.8677	470.4084	
acoustic speed	1231.5189	1256.5637	1269.8992
absolute mach number	0.3317	0.4704	0.3184
relative mach number	0.6567	0.4656	
0 flow coefficient	0.2931	0.2927	0.2785
flow area	0.2975	0.2816	0.2816
0 absolute flow angle	31.4886	53.9471	35.0653
relative flow angle	64.4843	53.5178	
incidence	18.8843	9.9971	
deviation		22.9178	17.2153
diffusion ratio		3.8691	3.3655
momentum thickness		0.0829	0.0355
omega (gas)		0.13046	0.04166
omega (total)		0.15583	0.06932
d1 dwakem,v3=	600.000	404.373	
d2 dwakem,sdelv1=	600.000	18.8394	
d3 dwakem,sdelv2=	342.674	0.	
n,ddave(n-2)(n)=	6	465.064	0.
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dl,ds,d1,d2,d3 = 0.09618 0.12391 0.04467 0.00517			
0.01177 0.00000 0.00000 20.00000 600.00000 342.67392			
nhg ds dl dlge dsll amlge amsll = 0.00000 0.00000 421.20795 3.37468 0.01694 0.26476			
nhg wicsiz wmasss wmassl aming1 2 3 dsll,dlge,d1,d2,d3 = 0.09618 0.12391 0.04467			
0.00517 0.01177 3.37468 421.20795 20.00000 600.00000 342.67392			
n,dave(n-1)(n)= 6 0. 3.37468			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 6 411.667 421.208			
n,dave(n-1)(n)= 6 0. 3.37468			
n,ddave(n-1)(n)= 6 411.667 421.208			
xnp,tg(3),p(3)= 3.20075E+10 708.218 3052.85			
xnp,tg(3),p(3)= 3.05521E+10 708.218 3052.85			
1 ***** initial flow coefficient= 0.450 (istage= 2)			

0 stage total pressure ratio=	1.17666		
stage total temperature ratio=	1.06158		
stage adiabatic efficiency=	0.76428		
stage 2 total ETA	0.77133del T	41.08319	
Opsl= 8.9614E-01 psil= 6.9122E-01 loss= 2.0492E-01			
0 **stage inlet** **stage outlet** **stage outlet**			
	(before inter-	(after inter-	
	stage adjust-	stage adjust-	
	ment)	ment)	

xv=	0.01308	0.01308	0.01789
xw=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xww=	0.03818	0.03818	0.03337
xf=	0.00225	0.00225	0.00632
xwt=	0.03818	0.03818	0.03337
xair=	0.94874	0.94874	0.94874
xmetan=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
xgas=	0.96182	0.96182	0.96663
wmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
wwmass=	0.28170	0.28170	0.24623
fmass=	0.16966	0.16966	0.47678
wtmass=	0.28170	0.28170	0.24623
amass=	6.99987	6.99987	6.99987
chmass=	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
vmass=	0.09648	0.09648	0.13196
gmass=	7.09635	7.09635	7.13183
tmass=	7.37806	7.37806	7.37806
ws=	0.01378	0.01378	0.01885
rhoa=	0.07291	0.07330	0.07230
rhom=	0.05619	0.07557	0.07862
rhog=	0.06847	0.07269	0.07600
tg=	667.13525	708.34320	708.21844
tw=	597.00000	597.00000	597.00000
tww=	597.44580	597.44580	598.18591
nhg: tragas, trawat = 1.06158 1.00124			
p=	2594.51001	3081.05737	3052.85229
tb=	681.50610	0.00000	690.75311
tdew=	531.09418	530.05609	539.78143

writing to external plot files

1***** overall performance *****

0 initial flow coefficient=0.450

0 corrected speed= 8879.0 1.000 fraction of design corrected speed

0 initial water content(small droplet)=0.000

initial water content(large droplet)=0.040

initial water content(total)=0.040

initial relative humidity=100.0 per cent

initial methane content=0.000

0 compressor inlet total temperature= 602.00

0 compressor inlet total pressure= 1944.00

0 corrected mass flow rate of mixture= 123.94

0 corrected mass flow rate of gas phase 118.99

0 overall total pressure ratio= 1.5704

0 overall total temperature ratio=1.1764

0 overall adiabatic efficiency=0.7729

0***** performance of fan,lpc,hpc *****

0 gas phase stagnation stagnation adiabatic

0 corrected pressure temperature efficiency

0 mass flow ratio ratio

0 fan 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

0 lpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

0 hpc 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

Opsl= 9.1336E-01 psil= 7.0596E-01 loss= 2.0739E-01
i= 55
Number of loops = 100
total mass = 0.378182
Opsl= 9.1336E-01 psil= 7.0596E-01 loss= 2.0739E-01
i= 55
gemach = 0.273104

APPENDIX E
File 6: blheat3.out

Compressor flow adiabatic

initial clearance at ref.temp. (R)= 518.700

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 7.00092E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 6.99997E-03

initial steady thermal node and blade clearance

node no. Node temp.(K):

1 3.0957E+02 2 3.1387E+02 3 3.1467E+02 4 3.0996E+02 5 3.1591E+02 6
3.1536E+02 7 3.1469E+02 8 3.2398E+02

9 3.1757E+02 10 3.2224E+02 11 3.2962E+02 12 3.4331E+02 13 3.3565E+02 14
3.3425E+02 15 3.5303E+02 16 3.2337E+02

17 3.2321E+02 18 3.5220E+02 19 3.2239E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 4.82655E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 1.40285E-03

jsweep= 1

i,T(K):

1 3.0992E+02 2 3.1436E+02 3 3.1634E+02 4 3.1852E+02 5 3.3901E+02 6
3.1566E+02 7 3.1471E+02 8 3.2444E+02

9 3.3160E+02 10 3.2711E+02 11 3.5678E+02 12 3.6971E+02 13 3.3610E+02 14
3.3426E+02 15 3.5800E+02 16 3.3190E+02

17 3.3556E+02 18 3.7663E+02 19 3.8593E+02

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.95489E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= 2.67029E-05

jsweep= 10

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89576E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.91006E-05

jsweep= 20

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.93009E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -6.67572E-06

jsweep= 30

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89862E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 40

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.92628E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -1.23978E-05

jsweep= 50

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89957E-03

stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 60

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.92246E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -1.62125E-05

jsweep= 70

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.89957E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 80

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.91865E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -2.00272E-05

jsweep= 90

stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.90053E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -3.71933E-05

jsweep= 100

i,T(K):

1 3.1010E+02 2 3.1475E+02 3 3.1708E+02 4 3.1948E+02 5 3.3932E+02 6
3.1580E+02 7 3.1473E+02 8 3.2468E+02

9 3.3161E+02 10 3.2908E+02 11 3.5725E+02 12 3.7011E+02 13 3.3636E+02 14
3.3428E+02 15 3.6021E+02 16 3.3192E+02

17 3.4101E+02 18 3.7951E+02 19 3.8587E+02
stage 1 : clearance[in]= 3.91674E-03
stage 2 : clearance[in]= -2.38419E-05

Appendix F: Sample Data for Thermal Load and Clearance Program

The following set of data are for the nodal temperature distribution and blade clearance program, to which texts have been added after semi-colon to explain properly (*in actual data file these explanations are not there*).

```

2 0 7 4 1          ; no.of stages, no.of fan stages, max.no.of nodes per stage,
                    ; max.no.of adjacent nodes, type of rotor intern.cooling
                    ; IGV has 4 centroid node
2 4 2.4145E+02      ; IGV 1: node type, no.of adj.nodes, heat capacity [J/K]
-75 6 -72 -76      ; node numbers
9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 2.7860E-03 2.4660E-03 ; Sij [m2]
4.7800E-04 7.6910E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04 ; ls [m2-K/W]
12 4 1.6219E+02     ; for IGV2, same as IGV1
-75 3 -73 -72
2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.4020E-03 1.2260E-03
1.2460E-04 2.8170E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
14 4 2.0453E+02     ; for IGV3, same as IGV1
2 9 -73 4
2.6280E-03 2.6280E-03 1.7680E-03 1.5460E-03
2.8170E-04 5.4300E-04 2.4930E-04 3.5380E-03
6 2 1.3700E+01      ; for IGV4, same as IGV1
3 -72
1.5460E-03 1.0350E-02
3.5380E-03 5.6540E-04
7                    ; no. of centroid nodes in stage 1
                    ; stage 1, centroid node 1:
6 2 3.4170E+01      ; node type, number of adjacent nodes, heat capacity
6 -71               ; node numbers
1.3520E-03 2.1190E-02 ; Sij [m2]
5.0520E-03 6.8900E-05 ; ls [m2-K/W]
                    ; stage 1, centroid node 2:
11 4 1.1540E+02
1 8 5 7
9.2520E-04 9.2520E-04 1.3520E-03 1.1580E-03
7.6910E-04 8.2630E-04 5.0520E-03 2.7710E-04
                    ; stage 1, centroid node 3:
15 2 1.1943E+02
6 -76
1.1580E-03 3.1290E-03
5.0530E-04 1.9404E-04
                    ; stage 1, centroid node 4:
2 4 2.8021E+02
6 13 -72 -76
9.2520E-04 1.1820E-03 3.0470E-03 2.6320E-03
8.2630E-04 9.0380E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
                    ; stage 1, centroid node 5:
12 4 5.8508E+02
3 10 -73 -71
2.6280E-03 3.4610E-03 4.9390E-03 4.3270E-03

```

5.4300E-04 5.7260E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 ; stage 1, centroid node 6:
 14 4 3.5465E+02
 9 16 -73 11
 5.3460E-03 5.3460E-03 3.0600E-03 2.6860E-02
 5.9260E-04 6.1760E-04 2.4930E-04 4.7070E-03
 ; stage 1, centroid node 7
 6 2 2.9360E+01
 10 -72
 2.6860E-03 1.7510E-02
 4.7070E-03 7.1630E-05
 7 ; no. of centroid node in stage 2
 ; stage 2, centroid node 1
 6 2 3.7990E+01
 13 -71
 2.6070E-03 2.0980E-02
 4.4680E-03 7.7340E-05
 ; stage 2, centroid node 2
 11 4 2.2407E+02
 8 15 12 14
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 2.6070E-03 2.2660E-03
 9.0380E-04 9.2270E-04 4.4680E-03 2.7710E-04
 ; stage 2, centroid node 3
 15 2 2.4196E+02
 13 -76
 2.2660E-03 5.118E-03
 5.0530E-04 2.4580E-04
 ; stage 2, centroid node 4
 2 4 3.5765E+02
 12 -75 -72 -76
 1.1820E-03 1.1820E-03 4.1450E-02 3.6320E-03
 9.2270E-04 5.5410E-04 2.7710E-04 2.7710E-04
 ; stage 2, centroid node 5
 12 4 7.5884E+02
 10 17 -73 -71
 3.4610E-03 3.0640E-03 6.5450E-03 5.7390E-03
 6.1760E-04 6.4890E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04
 ; stage 2, centroid node 6
 14 4 2.7030E+02
 16 19 -73 18
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 2.3340E-03 2.0450E-03
 6.4890E-04 3.0260E-04 2.4930E-04 4.0720E-03
 ; stage 2, centroid node 7
 6 2 1.9880E+01
 17 -72
 2.0450E-03 1.3390E-02
 4.0720E-03 6.3440E-05
 ; post node
 12 4 1.8915E+02
 17 -75 -73 -72
 3.0640E-03 3.0640E-03 1.6340E-03 1.4310E-03

3.0260E-04 1.2460E-04 2.4930E-04 2.4930E-04

; for Reynolds number and Nusselt number calculations upstream and downstream axial ; lengths are required. These are given (*in inches*) for all global nodes, so long they are rel- ; evant (otherwise put equal to zero), first for casing in one line, followed by rotor in ano-; ther line in the following:

0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 2.8380E+00
0.0000E+00 1.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
1.0000E+00 2.2610E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
2.8380E+00 4.6660E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
4.6660E+00 7.8440E+00
2.2610E+00 5.3560E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
5.3560E+00 7.0160E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
7.8440E+00 1.0033E+01
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
1.0033E+01 1.3322E+01
7.0160E+00 1.0793E+01
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
1.0793E+01 1.2222E+01
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
1.2222E+01 1.3222E+01
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

1.17600E-05 ; casing material thermal expansion coefficient (K⁻¹)
; for stage 1: how many thermal expansion nodes are there (excluding casing), global node ; number on casing, casing radius (*in inches*), rotor disk internal radius (*in inches*):

2 9 14.489 2.950

5 6 ; global node numbers being considered (excluding casing)

8.4100E-06 1.1760E-05 ; corresponding coeff. of thermal expansion (K⁻¹)

7.5200E+00 6.9500E+00 ; corresponding radial lengths (*in inches*)
; for stage 2 (similar to stage 1):
2 16 14.257 3.640
12 13
8.4100E-06 1.1760E-05
6.6000E+00 7.6400E+00